



NUH ÇİMENTO INTEGRATED ANNUAL REPORT 2021

ABOUT THE COMPANY

Trade Name

Nuh Çimento Sanayi A.Ş.

Körfez Trade Registry Office

5.097

Mersis (Central Registration System)

Number

0632-0009-7680-0012

Capital

TL 150,213,600

Tepecik Tax Office

6320009768

Address

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Borsa Istanbul Ticker

NUHCM

Website

www.nuhcimento.com.tr

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ABOUT OUR REPORT

With our fifth integrated annual report, in which we present the economic, environmental, and social performance of Nuh Çimento in 2021 together with the implementations thereof, we also have the opportunity to present the values we created for our stakeholders.

In this report, we aim to ensure that our stakeholders can easily understand our company and our processes, and to facilitate their evaluation of our measurement, monitoring and improvement efforts to manage the impacts of our activities. This report, which we prepare regularly every year, serves as an important communication tool where we share the steps we take to minimize the impact of our operations.

Scope of our Report

In the studies we conducted with our managers to identify strategic issues, we took clinker and cement production, the main business areas of Nuh Cimento. as a basis. Unless otherwise stated, the information contained in this report covers Nuh Çimento's operations at the Hereke plant between January 1, 2021 and December 31, 2021 without any restrictions. Our financial data contained in this report is consolidated information belonging to Nuh Çimento Group. Our financial data includes the data of Nuh Beton A.Ş. and Nuh Yapı Ürünleri A.Ş. Our report includes data on all key topics for the last three years in order to track data trends.

Principles Applied In Our Report and Compliance With International Standards

We have prepared our report in accordance with the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Standards 'Core' option. When identifying our strategic sustainability topics and creating the content of our report, we have taken into account the materiality, stakeholder engagement, sustainability scope and integrity principles of this standard.

www.globalreporting.org

Our performance indicators are aligned with the indicators in SASB (Sustainability Accounting Standards Board) Construction Materials Standard.

www.sasb.org

SASB Topics	SASB Construction Materials Standard Performance Indicators (Performance Results Against All Indicators are contained in the Section of Our Sustainability Goals.)	The section of the report covering the activities of Nuh Çimento
Occupational Health and Safety	Total recordable accident rate	Occupational Health and Safety
Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Scope 1 Emissions	Climate Change and Energy Management
Air Quality	Air pollutants such as NOx and SOx	Climate Change and Energy Management
Energy Management	Total energy consumed; electricity, alternative resources and renewable resources	Climate Change and Energy Management
Product Innovation	Products which save energy, water and materials during production and usage	Climate Change and Energy Management
Water Management	Total water withdrawal and water recycled and reused as a percentage of total water withdrawal	Water Management
Waste Management	Hazardous waste and recycled waste ratios in waste from operations	Waste Management, Material and Raw Material Management
Biodiversity Impacts	Environmental management policies related to active working areas; affected and restored areas	Preservation of Biodiversity

Our report includes the projects and practices we carried out within the framework of 12 of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. We are committed to always pursuing these global goals and prioritizing activities that support them.

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)	Explanation of Sustainable Development Goal	The section of the report covering the activities of Nuh Çimento
3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL SEINS	SDG 3: Ensure a healthy and quality life at all ages.	Occupational Health and Safety
4 QUALITY EDUCATION	SDG 4: Ensure an inclusive, equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all	Training and Development
8 ECONOMIC GROWTH	SDG 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all	Our People
12 CONSIMPTION AND PRODUCTION	SDG 12: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns	Material and Raw Material Management
7 AFFORMARIEANO CLEANENERDY	SDG 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all	Climate Change and Energy Management
9 MUSTRY MAYORITH AND INTERESTINATION	SDG 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation	Climate Change and Energy Management
11 SUSTAMBLECTIES AND COMMUNIES	SDG 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable	Climate Change and Energy Management
13 AUTON	SDG 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts	Climate Change and Energy Management
6 CLEAN WATER AND SANTATION	SDG 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all	Water Management
14 BEOWNATER	SDG 14: Sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development	Water Management
15 UFE ONLINO	SDG 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems; sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss	Waste Management Preservation of Biodiversity
17 PARTNERSHPS FOR THE GOLLS	SDG 17: Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development	Water Management Preservation of Biodiversity, Memberships

https://sdgs.un.org/goals

Our Next Report

Our sixth integrated report, in which we will present our activities and sustainability performance in 2022, is scheduled to publish in the first quarter of 2023.

OUR MESSAGE TO STAKEHOLDERS



Message from the Chairman of the Board

Esteemed Shareholders,

At Nuh Çimento, we continued to operate in line with the principles of responsible consumption and production and with the goal of creating value for all our stakeholders in 2021, a year in which we achieved financial success. The effects of the Covid-19 pandemic, which spread rapidly from the first quarter of 2020, continued in 2021 and caused the most difficult period of the century worldwide. In this difficult period, our first priority was to protect the health of all our business partners, particularly of our people. We ensured a rapid adaptation to the new normal with new arrangements and collaborations.

Our Strong Export Performance Continued to Support Economy

At Nuh Çimento, 2021 was a year in which we worked at full capacity and continued to deliver high sale and export figures thanks to our extensive experience and strong export infrastructure. We have continued to lead our sector and add strength to our country's economy. We maintained our success as one of the top three largest taxpayers in Kocaeli in 2021. At Nuh Çimento, we are proud to be the only cement factory in 'Top 1,000 Exporters of Türkiye in 2020' list of Turkish Exporters Assembly!

Through our Nuh Çimento Education and Health Foundation, we always support our community in the areas of health, education, culture and sports. Every academic year, we provide scholarships to an increasing number of university students.

We Continued Investments to Reduce Our Carbon Footprint

Global climate change and the extreme weather events caused by it, which manifested itself in our country last year with large-scale fires and floods, continue to threaten life worldwide.

At Nuh Çimento, we have succeeded in reducing our carbon footprint this year as we have done every year through clean energy use, efficient production processes and innovative products. In addition to EU Green Deal carbon border adjustment, following the publication of the law on the ratification of the Paris Agreement in the official gazette and its entry into force,

we anticipate the possible new regulations that our sector will be subject to and take actions to prepare our company for these situations.

In our fifth integrated annual report this year, you can find information about the values we create for our shareholders, retailers and customers, our people, society and country, as well as the efforts we made to ensure the sustainability of our business and the natural environment

At Nuh Çimento, we will continue our journey we started with the efforts of our respectable founders, whom we remember with gratitude and mercy, our esteemed shareholders, our successful business partners, our valuable people and our common values that keep us together, as an enterprise that produces, makes profit and always shares the values it creates. I would like to extend my gratitude to all our stakeholders, particularly our people, who have contributed to the gains achieved and shared by Nuh Çimento, for their valuable contributions, their trust and loyalty to our Company.

Best regards, **Tevfik BİLGİN**Chairman of the Board



Message from the CEO

Esteemed Shareholders, Dear Employees and Partners,

In 2021, the challenges caused by the Covid-19 pandemic, which started in 2020 and spread rapidly, continued to negatively affect the world economy and social life. On the other hand, the slowdown of economic activities and social life in the pandemic period had positive impacts on the environmental life. It has been a period in which the awareness of environmental issues, especially climate change, increased significantly in both society and in the business world. It has been a period in which international agreements were signed, regulations were planned, bold commitments were made, massive renewable energy investments were made in order to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and even the consumer preferences changed. In the upcoming years, companies will only be able to realize growth by focusing on climate, energy, innovativeness and social inclusion.

We Took Prudent Actions to Combat Climate Change

In the very near future, organizations operating in industries with high carbon emissions such as cement will be at the forefront not with their production capacity but with their carbon, water and environmental footprint. According to the Cement Sector Report of The Union of Chambers and Commodity Exchanges of Türkiye (TOBB), among the industrial cost items of Turkish Cement industry, fuels account for 38% and electricity 21%. 12% of the carbon emissions released into the atmosphere from Türkiye is produced by the cement industry. Using energy resources efficiently also presents an important opportunity.

At Nuh Çimento, we put into practice our sustainable consumption and production approach years ago through energy efficiency investments such as electricity generation from waste heat, hydroelectric power plant investment, and the use of clean energy resources. Through these investments, we prevented the release of 75 thousand tons of carbon equivalent greenhouse gases and saved approximately 71 million TL in 2021 alone.

We also contribute to circular economy with our products with low clinker content and by using waste as an alternative fuel. In 2021. we saved 290 thousand tons of clinker and reduced our carbon footprint by 245 thousand tons. In 2021, by converting diesel-operated construction equipment to electric vehicles, we both prevented the release of 679 tons of carbon emissions into the atmosphere and reintroduced the vehicles which have reached the end of their useful life into the economy. In 2021, we recycled 441.5 thousand tons of waste into the economy within the scope of energy recovery and saved approximately 7.95 million TL. In 2021, we set new targets and made our action plans related to post-2023 EU compliance and green deal.

We Prioritize Our Employees in Social Sustainability

The health and safety of our employees is always at the top of our priorities for the sustainability of our company. Although we operate in a sector where hazardous work is common, we have reduced our accident frequency rate this year. This year, we continued to contribute to development of our employees, mainly through online trainings. We successfully completed the Trust Index® Employee Survey and Culture Brief™ workplace culture processes carried out in our company by Great Place to Work® Institute. We would like to thank all our employees who have contributed to our operational performance and to creating a happy and safe working environment together, thus helping us to receive the Great Place to Work® Excellent Workplace Certificate.

Continuing Sustainable Growth with Export

As one of the industrial giants of our country, we delivered a sales volume of 5.5 million tons in 2021 and announced a profit of TL 642.4 million thanks to our multi-dimensional strategic vision, high customer satisfaction and operational excellence level we have achieved. Our total export sales of 4.4 million tons in 2021 represent 15% of the Turkish Cement Sector exports.

In our fifth integrated annual report, which we have prepared based on global standards such as GRI Standards, IIRC (International Integrated Reporting Council) Reporting Framework and this year SASB (Sustainability Accounting Standards Board) Standards, we share with our stakeholders our economic achievements as well as our successful efforts in environmental and social

The success of our company is the result of the efforts of all our employees and business partners, especially our shareholders, and I would like to express my gratitude to all of you. With the strength of our unity and solidarity, we will continue to move forward with determination, profit, have our stakeholders profit and share.

Best regards,

K. Gökhan BOZKURT

CEO



Our Founders Who Passed Away

We are taking firm steps forward in the footsteps of our founders by upholding the values they embraced. We hereby remember with respect the founders of Nuh Çimento.



Nuh Eskiyapan 1961



Mustafa Arıkan 1967



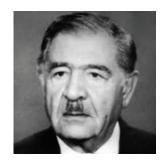
Ahmet Haskınacı 1970



H. Mehmet Küçükçalık 1973



Ahmet Özkan 1990



Kemal Yurtbilir 1991



Şaban Göbülük 1995



N. Mehmet Küçükçalık 2002



Mustafa Alikişoğlu 2012



Hacı Ahmet Paralı 2013



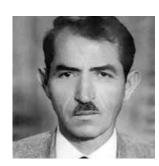
Alaeddin Küçükçalık 2016



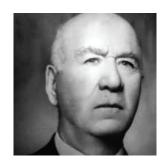
Levent Yurtbilir 2017



Ahmet Eskiyapan 1975



H. Mehmet Özkan 1979



Hilmi Haskınacı 1988



Şaban Diri 1988



Muhittin Özkan 2005



N. Mehmet Baldöktü 2006



Burhan Dinçbal 2008



Muharrem Eskiyapan 2009



Enver Paralı 2020

OUR CORPORATE PROFILE

At Nuh Çimento Group, we continue to offer many high quality products and services such as clinker, cement, ready-mixed concrete, lime, autoclaved aerated concrete, aluminium paste in the construction industry as a company that has been contributing to production, employment and the national economy since 1966.





HIGHEST PRODUCTION CAPACITY IN A SINGLE FACTORY IN TÜRKİYE AND EUROPE

THE COMPANY ACHIEVED THE HIGHEST EXPORT VOLUME OF ALL TIMES FROM A SINGLE POINT IN TURKISH CEMENT SECTOR

THE CEMENT FACTORY WITH **THE HIGHEST EXPORTS TO USA**

Our Company

At Nuh Çimento, which has the highest production capacity in a single location in Türkiye and in Europe, we have been continuing to contribute to our country's economy and our sustainable growth for 56 years, with our well-equipped employees, high quality standards and 100% customer satisfaction target. We have been listed on Borsa Istanbul in 2000, and we are continuing our operations with a free float rate of 16.18% as at the end of 2021.

Established in 1966 in Körfez town of Kocaeli Province in the east of the Marmara Region surrounding Istanbul, where Türkiye's highest cement consumption is realized, we offer clinker, cement and other building materials to domestic and foreign markets using our 57,000 m2 port located adjacent to the factory, which provides logistical competitive advantage in exports, our wide and strong retailer network, and the widespread ready-mixed concrete facilities of our subsidiary Nuh Beton.

We continue to work and produce with all our strength to maintain our competitive position in the sector with our strong corporate culture and competent human resources, as well as our production power supported by our expertise, experience and technology.

THE FIRST FACTORY OF TÜRKİYE

AWARDED ENVIRONMENT-FRIENDLY

PLANT AWARD

THE FIRST **ALUMINIUM PASTE** PRODUCTION IN TÜRKİYE

100% DOMESTIC AUTOCLAVED AERATED CONCRETE PRODUCTION

19 FULLY AUTOMATED READY-MIXED CONCRETE PLANTS

Our Products

Our products, which are used in a wide range of superstructure constructions from high-rise buildings to bridges, concrete pavements, port constructions and offshore structures, as well as used in infrastructure constructions such as underground reinforced concrete pipes, are preferred by our customers all over the world in the construction industry and all its sub-sectors.

In many countries and in different climates around the world, we have a wide range of cement and mineral admixtures used in the production of all constructional components from high-rise buildings to oil wells, tunnels, ports and offshore structures, screed and plaster concrete and underground water pipes. Thanks to our product range, we respond to the cement and mineral admixture demands of our domestic and foreign customers engaged in particularly ready-mixed concrete production and also precast concrete elements, construction products, screed and plaster construction, jet grout and pile applications, tile and glazed tile production and we also sell high quality clinker types for different technical needs of cement producers in different countries around the world. We carry out all our production activities in compliance with Turkish Standards and European Standards as well as the standards of many different countries around the world

Clinker, the main raw material of cement, is also available in portland, sulfate resistant, low alkali, low Cr(VI) content types in line with different standards and we also offer blast furnace slag cement as mineral admixture. All our products are regularly inspected and certified by accredited organizations to ensure that they are produced in accordance with the relevant standards.

CEM I 42,5 R Cement

CEM I 42,5 R SR5 Cement

CEM I 52,5 N Cement

CEM II/A-S 42,5 R Cement

CEM II/B-S 42,5 R Cement

CEM V/A (S-P) 32,5 N Cement

Oil Well Cement, Class G, HSR Cement Portland Clinker

Clinker

SDÇ Clinker
Clinker

Low Alkali Clinker
Clinker

Clinker With Low Cr(VI)
Content
Clinker

Ordinary, SDÇ, Low Alkali, Low Cr(VI) Clinker Clinker

Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag Mineral Admixture

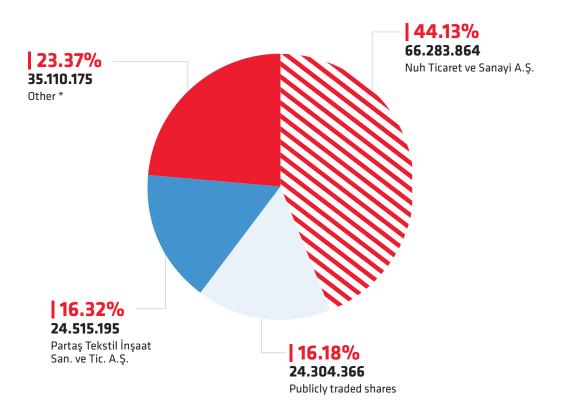
Nuh Çimento Group Companies

Our Group Companies	Area of Activity	Share (%)	Ownership Type
Nuh Beton A.Ş.	Ready-Mixed Concrete Production and Marketing	100	Subsidiary
Nuh Yapı Ürünleri A.Ş.	Lime and Autoclaved Aerated Concrete Production and Marketing	100	Subsidiary
Nuh Gayrimenkul İnşaat A.Ş.	Construction and Contracting Works	100	Subsidiary
Navig Holding Trade B.V.	Import and Export	100	Subsidiary
Çim-Nak Taşımacılık Ltd. Şti.	Extraction, Loading, Transportation, Ship Brokerage	99,90	Subsidiary
Nuh Agro Tarım A.Ş.	Growing Medical, Curative and Aromatic Products	85	Subsidiary
Çimpaş Çimento ve İnşaat Malzemeleri. Paz. A.Ş.	Cement Marketing	12,07	Affiliate
Cementos Esfera S.A.	Cement Production (Spain)	10	Affiliate
Oyak Çimento Fabrikaları A.Ş.	Cement Production	4,55	Long-Term Security

Changes during the Reporting Period:

Capital of Çim-Nak Taşımacılık Limited Şirketi was increased from TL 1,025,450 to TL 20,000,000.

Nuh Çimento Shareholding Structure



^{*}Non-public shareholders with a partnership interest below 5%. (31.12.2021)

Nuh Beton

Being one of the founding members of Turkish Ready-Mixed Concrete Association, Nuh Beton A.Ş. has been providing world-class services since 1997, with its fully automated widespread facilities, modern plants, large vehicle fleet, expert staff, and integrated computer network.

Locations



Equipment

Equipped With Satellite Tracking Systems

190

56

ıs

Trans Mixers Mobile Pumps

Fixed Pumps

Computer Controlled

and Fully Automated

Plants

Interconnected With Online Data Links

1Ω

-

Fully Equipped Plants

Concrete Plants

Nuh Beton in 2021

In 2021, the Company successfully exceeded its budgeted figures in terms of both production and financial results and continued to maintain the positive operational and financial momentum it has achieved in recent years.

- It increased its sales in 2021 by 13% compared to the previous year.
- 2021 turnover was 65% above 2020 and 18% above the 2021 budget.

Despite the high cost increases in 2021, it continued to invest in equipment in 2021, as in the previous year, in order to respond to customer needs even better. It further strengthened its position in the sector by investing more than TL 60 Million in concrete operations.

- It expanded its fleet with 30 trans mixers, 3 pumps and 2 loaders.
- In order to support its facilities in the supply of aggregate, it improved its service network by investing in 5 tow trucks and trailers.
- It continued to create jobs and to strengthen its staff in 2021 as well.

Number of personnel employed a various levels reached 331 with an increase of 8% compared to the previous year.

Nuh Yapı Ürünleri

Established in 1995, Nuh Yapı Ürünleri A.Ş. has ISO EN 9000 Quality Management System Certificate since 2000.

Location



Plants

Lime Factory - Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (AAC)
Factory - Autoclaved Aerated Concrete Glue Mortar
Plant - Aluminium and Plaster Plant

Nuh Yapı in 2021

- Nuh Yapı increased its net profit and turnover by 49% and its EBITDA by 102% compared to 2020.
- In 2021, it included Bulgaria, Romania and French Guyana into its AAC export portfolio.
- It regularly continued its export by using railway and seaway.
- It included Qatar into its formulated alpha gypsum export portfolio, and seek to expand its customer range by sending samples to different countries.
- It produced and sold to domestic market
 Magnesium Oxide (MgO) and milk of Magnesia.

NUH ÇİMENTO IN FIGURES

We continued to create value for our stakeholders with our record export figures, which we continued to renew in 2021. We announced profit of TL 642 million, which we achieved by both contributing to the development of the society we live in and respecting our ecological environment with an approach that is a requirement of sustainable success. According to the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021, Nuh Çimento's total assets amounted to TL 3,47 billion.



2021 57.000 m² 50+ countries Port Facility Area Number of Countries

4,6 million tons

Clinker Production Capacity

%100

Capacity Utilization

4,634,300 tons/year

Highest production quantity since the company founded)

5,7 million tons

Cement Production Capacity



%81

Capacity Utilization

4,628,400 tons/year

(Highest production quantity since the company founded)

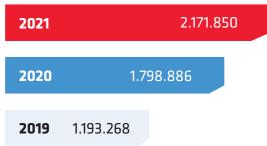
Financial Performance Summary



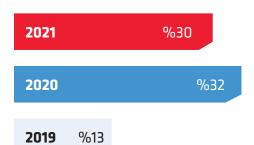
2.518.122 2020

2019 1.832.592

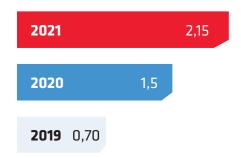
Shareholder's Equity (Million TL)



Net Profit Margin (%)



Dividend Per Share (Gross TL)



^{*} The payment amount will be made certain at the General Assembly meeting dated March 24, 2022.



Gross Dividend Paid (Million TL)

322.959

225.320

105.150

Net Profit (Million TL)

642.432

570.249

160.793

Our Capital Components and the Values We Created

	FINANCIAL CAPITAL		TL 3.5 Billion Assets TL 2.2 Billion Shareholder's Equity TL 1.5 Billion Export Revenues		 Our Strong Shareholding Structure Our Solid Shareholder's Equity Our Investments 	
OUR SHAREHOLDERS, PPLIERS.	MANUFACTURED CAPITAL		441 Thousand m ² Area of Our Integrated Production Facility 595 Meters Berth 57 Thousand m ² Area of Freight Port Serving to Ships		High Production Capacity Raw Material Supply Security Operational Excellence Developed Logistics Infrastructure	
CREATING SUSTAINABLE VALUE FOR OUR SHA S, RETAILERS / CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS.	HUMAN CAPITAL		Our Employees and Contractors 938 Persons Total Hours of General Trainings 26.719 Hours Total Hours of OHS Trainings 21.784 Hours	PROCESS	 Employee Satisfaction Approach Social Benefits We Provide Training and Development Programs Fair and Safe Workplace 	MODEL OUTPUTS
CREATING SUSTAINABLE VALUE FOR S, RETAILERS / CUSTOMERS AND SUI	SOCIAL CAPITAL	INPUTS	Total Number of Suppliers 1.909 Companies Rate of Procurement From Local Suppliers %73 We Export to 50+ Countries	VALUE CREATION PROCESS	 Prioritizing Purchasing From Local Suppliers Compliance With Laws Social Life Cycle Analysis Effective Participation and Contribution to Sectoral Development Programs Our Corporate Memberships Our Customer Satisfaction Understanding 	ÇİMENTO BUSINESS MODEL
WE ARE COMMITTED TO CF EMPLOYEES,	INTELLECTUAL CAPITAL		Number of Our Integrated Management Systems Certificates 6 'Resilient Software' Recognized Under Captain Software Project		Our Policies Performance Monitoring Systems R&D Activities and Collaborations Digital Transformation Activities and Investments	NOH
WE,	NATURAL CAPITAL		Renewable Energy Amount We Generate TL 19,4 Million Renewable Energy Amount We Generate 139.6 Million kWh Amount of Waste We Recovered (Alternative Raw Materials and Fuels) 441.5 Thousand Tons		 Our Risk Management Approach Verifications Our Projects For Transforming Heavy Equipment Into Electrical Heavy Equipment Our Renewable Energy Generation Investments Our Mine Site Rehabilitation Projects 	

	Our Products ement Production			TL 642 Million Net Profit for the Period (Consolidated) TL 2.5 Billion Payments to Suppliers TL 160 Million Taxes Paid to the State		30 Net Profitability							
C	4,628 Thousand Tons/year Linker Production 4,634 Thousand Tons/year Slug Production 196 Thousand Tons/year			TL 1.6 Billion Sales Revenues From Cement TL 263 Million Sales Revenues From Clinker 80 Thousand DWT Freight Port's Capacity		100 Port's Usage Capacity							
Sh	ur Services and Solutions nipping Operations lar Economy Solutions		CREATED	Employee Turnover Rate 7.64% Annual Average Training Hours 29 Hours for Women / 40 Hours for Men Improvement Achieved in Accident Frequency Rate %1	EMENTS OF 2021	1 Reduction in Accident Frequency Rate							
Produ Altei	olutions for Sustainable ucts With Low Carbon Footprint rnative Fuel and Raw Material Solutions	on W									Local Supplier Rate 96% Total Payments We Made to Local Suppliers TL 1.8 Billion International Customer Satisfaction Rate 100%	AINABILITY ACHIEVEMENTS	73 Rate of Procurement From Local Suppliers
W	aste Generation			Effective Quality, Environment, Energy, Occupational Health and Safety and Information Security Management Responsible Use of Resources Standardization of Product Quality, Effective Energy Efficiency and Emission Control	TOP SUST	36 Treatment Facility Discharge Water Reuse Rate							
	2,894 Tons al Waste Generation 4.2 Million CO₂e tal Greenhouse Gas Emission			Total Decrease in Greenhouse Gas Emissions 75,351 Tons CO ₂ e Electricity We Saved By Generating Electricity TL 71.2 Million Geri Kazandığımız Atıklar Sebebiyle Net Kazancımız 7,95 Milyon TL		90 Recycling Ratio in Waste Management							

STRATEGY AND MANAGEMENT

Our strategy is based on our understanding of creating a long-term value for all our stakeholders, particularly for our employees, customers, shareholders and suppliers. We carry out all our processes with this understanding, and contribute to both our sector and our society, with our managers and employees who put this approach into practice.



Our Corporate Values



Our Vision

- To be a company preferred by our customers, employees, suppliers and shareholders
- To be a company which leads sustainable growth in the sector with the innovations we make



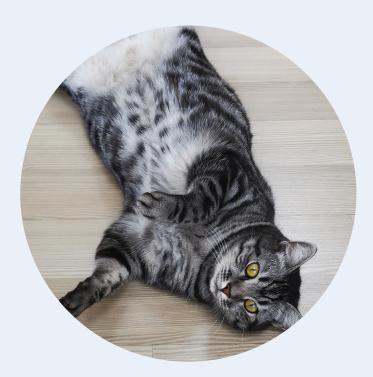
Our Mission

- To create value for our customers
- To provide our employees with the environment and opportunities to develop themselves
- To contribute to the economic and social development of our society with environmental awareness
- To satisfy our shareholders with continuous performance development, growth and financial strength



Değerlerimiz

- To provide our employees with a safe working environment where they can succeed
- To make continuous performance improvement a company culture
- To ensure the highest level of customer satisfaction without compromising the quality of our products





We share Pati and Yaman with you, representing the dozens of cats, dogs and birds we have adopted and nurtured.

Our environmental awareness and ethical values also include protecting the right to life of all living beings in the area where we operate.

We hug them with love and we are happy to have them in our lives.

Corporate Governance, Ethics and Compliance

The highest level management body of our company is our Board of Directors and its purpose is to determine the long-term strategic direction and goals of our company, taking into account its vision and values. Our Board of Directors manages the sustainable profitability goals of Nuh Çimento Group by seeking balance between growth and return.

Our Board of Directors consists of 14 members, five of whom are independent members. We have one woman on our board of directors. In addition to their skills, capacity and work experience, board members are also subject to performance evaluation in terms of ability to express themselves freely. At the ordinary general assembly meeting, all our investors, whether large or small, find the opportunity to share their ideas and expectations on every issue.

The board of directors is responsible for effective and efficient management of risks. In the Early Detection of Risk Committee, which was constituted for the early detection of issues that jeopardize the existence, development, and continuity of the Company, taking the necessary measures and managing risks through effective actions, board members monitor risks and opportunities related to sustainability on a daily basis. In addition to this committee, there are also the Corporate Governance Committee, the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee which report to the board of directors.

These committees, whose main objective is to ensure the uninterrupted continuity of the business and activities without sustain any loss, play an indirect role in the effective management of economic, social and environmental performance and the dissemination of the sustainability vision in the company.

Compliance With Laws

In Nuh Çimento, we carry out all our activities in accordance with the official legislation, regulations and communiqués. While the primary responsibility rests with the board of directors, all departments are responsible for monitoring the legislation related to their area of business and to take the necessary measures before any adverse impact arises.

Our company is subject to independent audit in accordance with the legislation of the Capital Markets Board (CMB). In addition, in order to avoid legal sanctions, loss of reputation and financial losses, we refer to consultants in cases where a new legislation enters into force or the existing legislation is amended significantly. In cases where there are legal changes, we take the necessary actions to ensure full compliance immediately if the change is mandatory, and if not, to ensure maximum compliance. In addition, our lawyers within our Legal Department provide consultancy to our departments in all matters deemed necessary. The Audit Committee, which reports to the Board of Directors, can also make inspections and investigations on certain legal issues deemed necessary by senior management.

Ethics Management

The vision, mission and our corporate values that support them, were published at the strategy meeting upon approval of the Board of Directors, and adopted by all our employees. Our Human Resources Personnel Regulation and Code of Business Ethics are the internal mechanisms that oversee the compliance of people's behaviors with our ethical values and laws. Nuh Çimento's Code of Business Ethics is a guideline which guides our employees and those who act on their behalf in their decisions and behaviors while performing their duties.

Our Ethical Committee is responsible for the implementation and reporting of our Code of Business Ethics. Our employees are informed about these mechanisms via e-mail, QDMS (Quality Document Management System) and Intranet. Employees and external stakeholders can send their notifications via e-mail to etik@nuhcimento.com.tr. The proposals, warnings and concerns received by the Ethical Company are handled confidentially and meticulously.







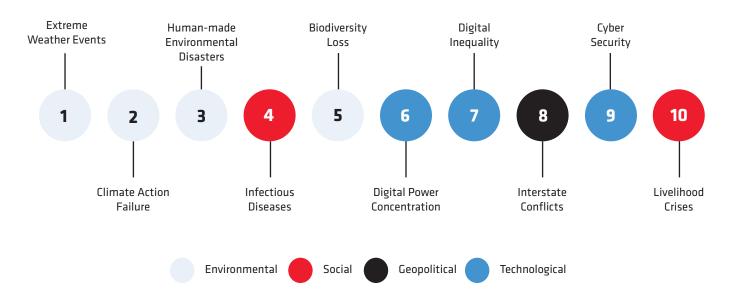
External Factors and Global Trends

At Nuh Çimento, while assessing our risks, we monitor not only the internal risks, but also the changes all around the world, and prepare our company for the future by taking into account the external factors such as global problems, sectoral trends and possible legislative changes.

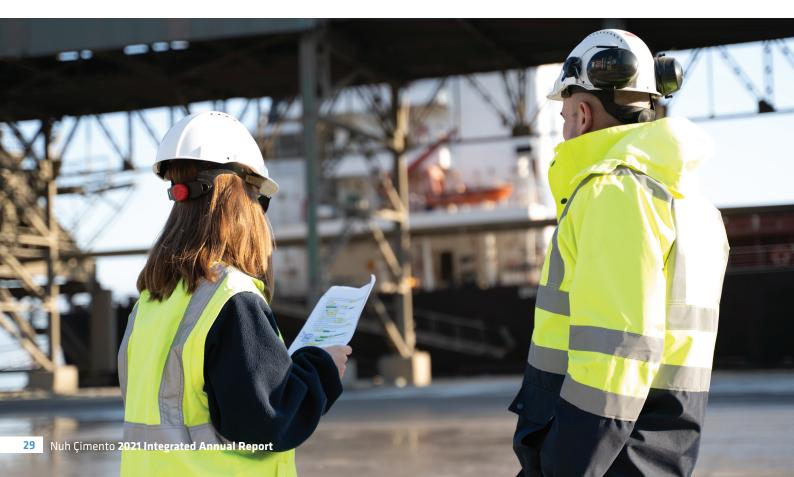
World Economic Forum (WEF) Risk Perception

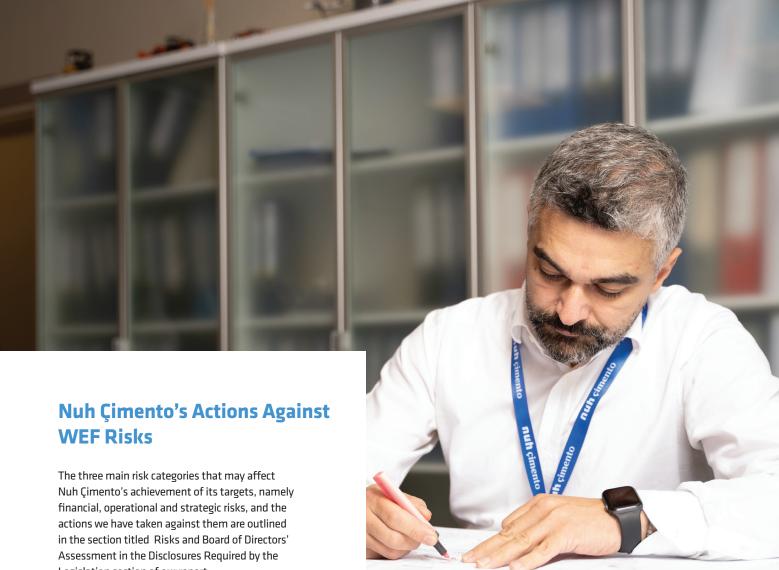
According to the World Economic Forum's (WEF) Global Risk Perceptions Survey 2021, three of the seven risks with the highest impact are the fight against climate change and environmental and social risks directly or indirectly caused by climate change. Five of these seven risks have a direct effect on our activities.

WEF Most Likely Global Risks



Reference: WEF (The World Economic Forum) Global Risk Report 2021





Legislation section of our report.

In addition, this report details the actions we have taken against global risks that are directly related to the strategic issues we identified after the assessments we made with our stakeholders in the preparation of our report. Explanations on this issue are given in the table below.

WEF 2021 Global Risks	The Risk Group Identified in Nuh Çimento	Strategic Topic in the Report in which we communicate our actions
1st Extreme Weather Events	Operational (OHS Risks)	Environmental Performance
2nd Climate Action Failure	Financial Risks	Climate Change and Energy Management
4. Infectious Diseases	Operational (Environmental Risks)	Covid-19 Pandemic and the Measures We Took (Not a prioritized strategic issue.)
5. Biodiversity Loss	Strategic Risks (Compliance etc.)	Preservation of Biodiversity
6. Digital Inequality	Financial Risks	Training and Development (HR Projects)

EU Green Deal Carbon Border Adjustment

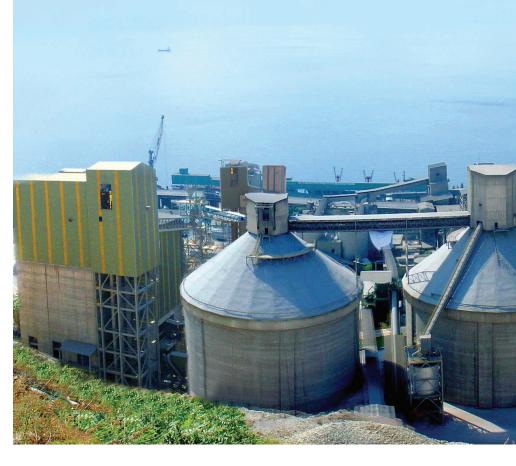
The fight against climate change and the transition to a low-carbon economy are among the most important challenges of the upcoming period, which also rank among the top issues in the World Economic Forum's Risk Perception Survey.

The Green Deal roadmap, which was announced in 2019 by the European Union, includes those actions to be taken to achieve zero carbon emissions by 2050. The most effective of these actions is that imported products will be charged in accordance with the carbon border adjustment (CBA). The Commission is planning phase out free allowances to carbon-intensive industries and instead imposing a carbon price on third country products in proportion to their carbon content (Carbon Border Adjustment Mechanism (CBAM)). The Commission published the official draft of the CBAM legislation in July 2021, and announced that carbon border adjustment will start in 2023 with reporting obligations only, and that importers will pay EU a carbon price starting from 2026.

Nuh Çimento's Actions Regarding Global Regulations

In February 2021, we prepared Nuh Çimento Carbon Road Map, under the leadership of our CEO and in coordination of our Directorate of Sustainability and Environment. Within the scope of the EU Green Deal Carbon Border Tax and the Emissions Trading System (ETS) prepared by the Ministry of Environment and Climate Change, we carried out risk and cost assessments with alternative methods and prices under different scenarios.

As a result of these assessments, we planned our actions and projects in the upcoming period, under four main headings: 1- Increasing Efficiency 2-Green Fuel 3-Green Cement 4-Green Electricity. In addition to five investment completed and ongoing within the framework of Scope 1, we have seven investments within the framework of Scope 2. In addition to all these projects, we have also calculated the reduction in greenhouse gas emissions we will achieve by increasing the production of lowemission blended cement.



Cement Sector in COP26

COP26, the 26th of the United Nations Climate Change Conferences, which take place every year within the body of UNFCCC (United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change), and where 197 countries come together, was held in November 2021 in Scotland. This meeting raised expectations about the steps to be taken on climate change in all segments of the society with the increase of awareness after the pandemic.

lan Riley, CEO of World Cement
Organization (WCO), addressed
governments at this meeting and stated
that action should be taken in three
specific areas for decarbonization in the
cement sector, which accounts for 7%
of global emissions. He specified that
net zero emission journey may differ for
each cement factory, but that the three
key actions that states will take will have
an immediate and long-term impact on
companies in this process. These three key
actions are:

- To promote the low-carbon ready-mixed concrete market by encouraging its use in state-funded building projects
- To ensure that the low-carbon concrete is widely used by reviewing and updating the product standards

 To develop low carbon cement and concrete technologies through creating the right market incentives by introducing carbon pricing, subsidies or other economic mechanisms.

Nuh Çimento's Actions Regarding Public Policies

At Nuh Çimento, we supported the preparation of the National Emission Trade System Road Map, by participating in a focus group authorized within the scope of 'Turkish Cement Sector 2050 Road Map Working Group' formed under the chairmanship of TÜRKÇİMENTO Board Members. Instead of paying a possible carbon price under National Emissions Trading System, we aim to take an active role to mitigate emissions by making the following investments:

- Increasing the use of alternative fuel containing biomass
- Producing cement with low clinker and alternative raw material
- · To increase energy efficiency
- Developing and using new technologies.

In this context, you can review the results of the works we carried out at Nuh Çimento under the Climate and Energy Management section.



The Need for Rapid Urbanization and Sustainable Cities

Today, 55% of the world's population lives in urban areas, and this number is expected to rise to 68% by 2050. According to the 2018 Revision of World Urbanization Prospects report published by UN, with the current population growth, the number of people living in urbanized areas will reach 2.5 billion in 2050. This will create a significant burden on the infrastructure, services, employment, and the environment. The construction materials industry has a responsibility to respond to the needs of a growing population while supporting sustainable cities.

Sustainable development requires an important transformation regarding how we construct and manage the urbanized areas; and in this context, low-carbon production processes and construction materials, as well as buildings that maintain energy efficiency throughout their entire life cycle, are among the top priorities. Cement, on the other hand, has an important role in meeting the needs of a rapidly growing population as a low-carbon material compared to its economic life, with its availability and long-lasting durability once it is transformed into concrete.

Nuh Çimento's Actions Regarding Sustainable Products

In this context, you can see the positive impacts we have created in Our Performance in Reducing Carbon Footprint with Environmentally Friendly Products section of this document.

New Technologies and Innovativeness

Rapid development of technology is one of the most striking powers today, which directly affects all industries in the world. We need to take advantage of this potential in order to improve and modernize our processes and to trigger innovations. Digitalizing cement operations and managing them with clear data is increasingly important for us to make more informed decisions. New digital applications, robots and artificial intelligence technologies provide opportunities to deliver more efficient products with processes that create more value and reduce impacts across our entire value chain.

Nuh Çimento's Technology Development Actions Towards Sustainability

You may see the positive impacts we created as Nuh Çimento regarding this trend under Digital Transformation section.

Today, 55% of the world's population lives in urban areas, and this number is expected to rise to 68% by 2050.



COVID-19 Pandemic and Measures We Took

During the Covid-19 pandemic, which started in 2020 and continued at full speed in 2021, our priority as Nuh Çimento has been, as always, to keep our key stakeholders, shareholders, employees, our retailers/customers with whom we are in close contact, and their families safe and healthy. In line with the measures announced by the Turkish Ministry of Health to protect occupational and public health, we have implemented various administrative and operational decisions within our company and facilities since the first day COVID-19 was detected in our country.

Our Covid-19 Crisis Management Committee, which consists of the general managers, occupational health and safety experts, workplace physicians and employee representatives of all our group companies under the leadership of the CEO and in coordination with the Human Resources Directorate, monitors the current situation regarding the pandemic and continues to actively work on creation of action plans, coordination with public institutions and creation and implementation of measures, from the very beginning of the pandemic.

In addition to the strict health measures we implemented in 2020, we developed special procedure in 2021 to ensure seamless management of our business with our key stakeholders.

Our Shareholders

- We have strengthened our infrastructure in order to hold our Board of Directors meetings, which represent our largest shareholders, via video conferencing.
- We chose to communicate with our investors mainly by telephone, e-mail and video conferencing.
- We have aligned our company strategies and workforce strategies that will make us flexible and agile in the medium and long term.

Çalışanlarımız

- By prioritizing human health and benefits of the society, we implement the Healthy Living Ambassadors Program to ensure that and help our employees continue working and adapt to the post-Covid-19 period. Within the scope of the Project, we created 1. Eat Healthy, Stay Healthy, 2. Post-Covid-19 Check-Up, 3. Covid-19 Bonus Support, 4. Examination on Site, Health at Work programs.
- We reduced density in the sites by switching to home/remote working and office rotation systems.
- We conducted online meetings, trainings and interviews. By leading the sector, we included our blue-collar employees into the online platform through phones and tablets as part of our training and development activities.

- By making premium payments during the pandemic, we aimed to relieve our employees economically and to protect their living standard.
- With all the practices we carried out in this period, we increased the working motivation, work performance and loyalty to the company of our employees.

Retailers and Customers (Local Market)

- Although we reduced the number of our retailer and customer visits during the pandemic, we increased our business efficiency by maintaining our contact by phone and e-mail and with correct planning.
- We provided trainings and took steps to inform the dispatchers who communicate with the drivers of the customers.

Retailers and Customers (Export)

- Due to the pandemic, we were only able to meet with our customers abroad through digital media.
- Due to the supply problems caused by the pandemic, we responded all of our customers' requests to change the shipment dates (earlier /later shipment).
- We increased our exports by convincing our customers to purchase from us the quantities they couldn't procure from other sources.

We maintained the harmony of our company strategies and workforce strategies which will make us flexible and agile in the medium and long term, during the pandemic period as well.

SUSTAINABILITY MANAGEMENT

In Nuh Çimento, we carry out such activities and make such investments which will achieve our commitment of ensuring economic, environmental and social sustainability in a balanced manner. At all levels of our company, we consider sustainability as a long-term, healthy and profitable journey providing value for all our stakeholders.



Our Sustainability Milestones

2006 2007 2008 2010

WASTE INCINERATION PERMIT

We have started to use waste as alternative fuel and raw material. We have taken the first steps for transition into renewable energy instead of using natural resources.

ONLINE EMISSION MONITORING

We installed the first online flue gas monitoring system in Turkish cement industry and provided competent authorities with access to online monitored flue gas data.

SEA WATER DESALINATION WITH REVERSE OSMOSIS (RO) SYSTEM

With the system through which we obtain domestic water by desalination of sea water, we reduced the use of underground and clean water resources.

BIOLOGICAL PACKAGE TREATMENT FACILITY

With the Biological Package Treatment Facility investment, we established a fully automated new system treatment facility.

FIRST INTEGRATED SEWAGE SLUDGE DRYING FACILITY

Our sewage sludge drying facility, which realizes energy recovery by drying urban and industrial wastewater with waste heat, is the first of its kind in Turkey for the waste and cement sectors.

ISO 14001 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Following the initiation of the process to fulfill the relevant requirements in 2007 and the audits completed in 2008, Nuh Çimento started to manage its operations in line with international standards with ISO 14001 Environmental Management Certificate.

ŞEHABETTİN BİLGİSU ENVIRONMENTAL AWARDS

We have been awarded three times in Şehabettin Bilgisu Environmental Awards, with the Project Incentive Award in 2010, the Jury's Special Award in 2014 and the Mixed Plants Environmental Award in 2017.

2016

CERTIFICATION OF GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTIONS WITH CO₂ REDUCTION CERTIFICATE

Thanks to waste heat recovery system, we obtained VCS Carbon Reduction Certificate of 56,104 tons CO2 e/year for power plant and 24,935 tons CO2 e/year for sewage sludge drying plant.

THE FIRST FACTORY OF TÜRKİYE GRANTED ENVIRONMENT-FRIENDLY PLANT AWARD

In the environment-friendly facilities award organized every year by the Healthy Cities Association, Nuh Çimento has become the first cement factory across Türkiye, which was granted the Environment-Friendly Plant Award.

2017

IZMIT GULF RESTOCKING PROJECT

As the sole sponsor of Izmit Gulf Restocking Project, which is a first in Türkiye in a marine environment, we contributed positively to the ecosystem of Marmara Sea.

THE FIRST GRI CERTIFIED INTEGRATED ANNUAL REPORT

2018

We published Nuh Çimento's first Integrated Annual Report from the sustainability perspective.

RELEASE OF PRODUCTS WITH LOW CARBON FOOTPRINT

We launched cement types with low carbon footprint and high additive content.

PROJECT FOR THE CONVERSION OF CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY INTO ELECTRIC VEHICLES

We lead the cement industry with the project to convert the construction machinery used in raw material extraction from diesel fuel to electric systems.

LOW-CARBON HERO AWARD

We were granted Low Carbon Hero award for two consecutive years in Istanbul Carbon Summit, with the renewable energy projects in 2018 and products with low carbon footprint projects in 2019.

INTEGRATED ANNUAL REPORT INTERNATIONAL SUCCESS AWARD

2019

With our Integrated Report 2019, we received the bronze medal, which was the only award granted in the Combined Reports Category in ARC Awards, which is considered the "Oscar" of annual reports and receives the highest number of applications worldwide.

2012

2013

2014

PROJECT FOR CONVERTING ELECTROFILTERS TO BAG FILTER

With the project for converting 7 electrofilters to bag filters started in 2009, we reduced dust emissions below European standards.

RENEWABLE ENERGY GENERATION WITH HYDROELECTRIC POWER PLANT

We started to obtain electricity from renewable resources, with our hydroelectric power plant with installed capacity of 17 MWh.

FULLY AUTOMATED WASTE-DERIVED FUEL FEEDING SYSTEM

By installing a Waste-Derived Fuel (WDF) Feeding System, we ensured that waste is fed to the furnaces with full automation without human intervention.

RENEWABLE ENERGY GENERATION WITH WASTE HEAT RECOVERY (WHR)

With recovery of waste heat coming out of stacks, we build an electricity generation plant with a capacity of 18 MWh, and increased our capacity of energy generation from renewable resources.

ICCI ENERGY OSCAR AWARDS

We set an example with our energy investments twice in ICCI Energy Oscar Awards, by being granted the Jury's Special Award in 2013 and Waste Heat Category Oscar Award in 2019.

LOW NOX SYSTEM IN SNCR PLANT

We reduced our NOx emissions from stacks by commissioning our SNCR Plant investment.

SNCR (Selective Non-Catalytic Reduction)

2020

CSC RESPONSIBLE SOURCING CERTIFICATE

We awarded Bronze certificate in Responsible Utilization of Resources category of Concrete Sustainability Council (CSC).

OUR CEO IS AMONG THE SUSTAINABILITY LEADERS OF TURKEY

In the Fast Company magazine's Sustainability Leaders of Türkiye list, our CEO Gökhan Bozkurt ranked 27th among 135 leaders who were nominated.

2021

INTEGRATED ANNUAL REPORT INTERNATIONAL SUCCESS AWARD

With our Integrated Report 2020, we received Gold medal in the Combined Reports Category in ARC Awards, which is considered the "Oscar" of annual reports and receives the highest number of applications worldwide.

OUR CEO IS ONCE AGAIN AMONG THE SUSTAINABILITY LEADERS OF TURKEY

In the Fast Company magazine's Sustainability Leaders of Türkiye list, our CEO Gökhan Bozkurt ranked 47th among 142 leaders who were nominated.

INSPIRING CORPORATE SUSTAINABILITY EFFORTS

In the SUSZ'21 Social Compliance and Sustainability Summit, we were granted the Inspiring Corporate Sustainability Practices Award.



GREAT PLACE TO WORK CERTIFICATE

We were awarded Great Place To Work Certificate with our exemplary practices in Human Resources.





Our Sustainability Strategy and Sustainability Management Structure

At Nuh Çimento, we manage sustainability within the framework of our occupational health and safety targets, our economic performance which provides value to all our key stakeholders, our position in international market, and our targets to reduce all our environmental impacts, especially through energy and emission management.

Our company's sustainability strategy began to take shape years ago due to the rise in energy costs worldwide and our need for alternative energy and raw material sources. In this context, we managed sustainability projects as daily activities of our company, and set our targets within this framework. The fact that we have felt the consequences of climate change intensely in recent years, and evolving international regulations influenced us to start managing our strategy with an approach focused on climate risks.



Sustainability Management Structure in Nuh Çimento

We restructured our sustainability team in 2021 within the scope of responsibilities and targets of our Company. The team, which previously reported to our General Manager, now directly reports to CEO and the Board of Directors through our General Manager, who is also the Chairman of the Sustainability Committee.

In order to keep pace with the rapidly changing world and with the new world order, and within the vision set by our CEO, we have redesigned and restructured our sustainability activities with the Sustainability Committee which is chaired by our General Manager.

By establishing the Monitoring and Reporting Unit and Integrated Annual Report Preparation Committee, which report to the Chairman of the Sustainability Committee, we aim to carry out our activities in line with our vision.

The Integrated Annual Report Preparation Committee, which consists of the managers of the Environment and Sustainability, Human Resources and Finance departments, and our Environment and Sustainability Manager who is responsible for performance monitoring and reporting, lead six working groups that develop projects aiming at our focus areas. Details of these six working groups and the items in their agenda are given in the diagram below. We hold regular monthly meetings with the working groups for the purposes of monitoring and reporting, and biannual meetings within the scope of integrated annual report.

This team monitors all our sustainability targets which are included in our report and support our corporate goals, and regularly reports the developments related to our performance to our General Manager at least twice a year.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Board of Directors and CEO

SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

Chairman of the Committee - General Manager

MONITORING AND REPORTING

Environment and Sustainability Manager

INTEGRATED ANNUAL REPORT PREPARATION COMMITTEE

HR Director, E&S Manager and Finance Manager



CLIMATE CHANGE

- Efficiency and Performance Monitoring
- Products With Low Carbon Footprint
- Alternative Resource Management



ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

- Emission
 Management
- Water Management
- Waste Management
- Regulatory Compliance



CORPORATE DEVELOPMENT

- Ethical Committee
- Activities of Nuh Çimento Foundation
- Ethics Programs



FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

- Financial Risk Management
- Corporate Governance
- Production Sales Coordination Committee



OHS MANAGEMENT

- OHS Committee
- Leadership Programs



DIGITALIZATION

- Kaptan Software Project
- Digitalization of Business Processes

Stakeholder **Engagement Activities**

Stakeholder Engagement Activities Our stakeholders are those persons and organizations that are affected by our activities today and in the future, and at the same time whose decisions have an impact on our corporate goals. Our shareholders, employees, retailers and other customers all form part of our key stakeholder group as they have legal, financial or operational responsibilities towards our company. (GRI 102-42)

We communicate with all our stakeholders. especially our key stakeholders, through different platforms at different times to

provide them with detailed information about our company, our products, activities, and business results.

Recognizing that different stakeholder groups may have different assessments of our company based on their areas of interest, we have been conducting stakeholder engagement activities since 2017, when we prepared our first integrated annual report.

In the upcoming periods, we will continue to develop existing platforms, open new communication channels specific to our internal and external stakeholders, and regularly listen to the opinions and requests of our stakeholders that are directly related to our businesses within the framework of sustainability. We believe that the feedback we will receive in this context will play an important role in shaping our goals.

OUR EMPLOYEES, RETAILERS AND CUSTOMERS

Engagement Platform: Online Sustainability **Prioritization Survey**

Changes and Results: Top five priority were Occupational Health and Safety, Economic Performance, Energy Management, Materials and Procurement Practices. Main sections of our report were Water Management, Employment, Training and Education, Compliance, and Local Community.

OUR EMPLOYEES

Engagement Platform: Face-to-Face Survey conducted with the Academic Support of Kocaeli University

Changes and Results: There was no significant change in the matrix.

SUSTAINABILITY WORKING GROUP

Engagement Platform: Review Meeting

Changes and Results: In order to raise awareness, we combined Energy Management and Emission Management sections under Climate Change and Energy Management topic.

(GRI 102-43, GRI 102-44)

OUR EMPLOYEES

Engagement Platform: Online Sustainability Performance Assessment Survey

Changes and Results: There was no significant change in the matrix.

SUSTAINABILITY WORKING GROUP

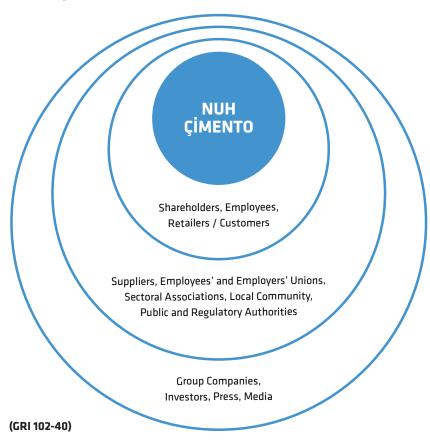
Engagement Platform: Stakeholder Priorities Workshop-Internal Assessment

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Engagement Platform: Review Meeting

Changes and Results: At the end of the review, we added Digital Transformation and Growth in International Markets topics, whose importance is increasing day by day, to our current strategic topics. Due to the significant role of the cement sector in the fight against climate change and the developments within the scope of European Green Deal, emissions that we previously discussed under waste management became the main topic in the matrix this year.

Our Key Stakeholders



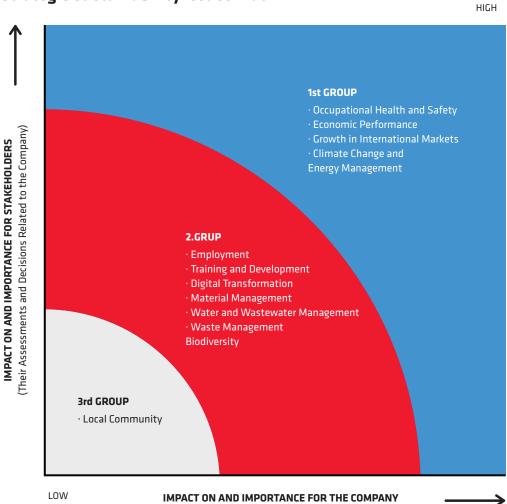
Our Sustainability Priorities

We updated our prioritized sustainability topics in the light of sector analyses, stakeholder prioritization surveys and senior management strategy works we carried out in previous years, taking into account the ongoing pandemic conditions in 2021, through a review meeting we held with our Working Group.

In our report, we mainly presented our performance related to the issues in the first group, while we outlined the less important issues in the second group, considering that they may be included in the first group in the coming years.

(GRI 102-46)

Strategic Sustainability Issues Matrix



(Its Reputation, Legal, Financial, Operational)

(GRI 102-47)

SUSTAINABILITY IMPACTS IN THE NUH ÇIMENTO VALUE CHAIN

RAW MATERIAL PRODUCTION (MINE SITES)

Operation

- Drilling
- Blasting
- Transportation of Raw Materials

Raw Materials

- Limestone
- Mar
- Clay

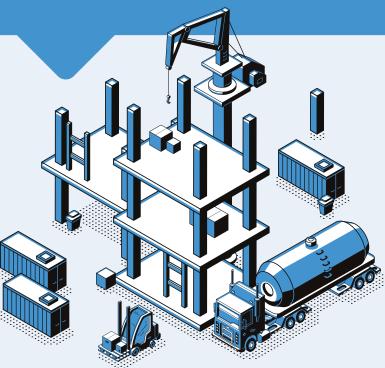
Sustainability Impacts: Direct Impacts

- Material Management
- Biodiversity

Indirect Impacts

- Occupational Health and Safety
- Climate Change and Energy Management





CLINKER AND CEMENT PRODUCTION

Operation

- Crushing
- Homogenization
- Grinding
- Sintering
- Cooling

By-Products

• Clinker

Operation

- Grinding
- Stocking
- Packaging

Product

• Cement

Sustainability Impacts: Direct Impacts

- Occupational Health and Safety
- Climate Change and Energy Management
- Material Management
- Waste Management

Indirect Impacts

- Training and Education
- Employment
- Digital Transformation
- Water and Wastewater Management

CUSTOMERS



MARKETING AND SALES

Sustainability Impacts: Direct Impacts

• Economic Performance

Indirect Impacts

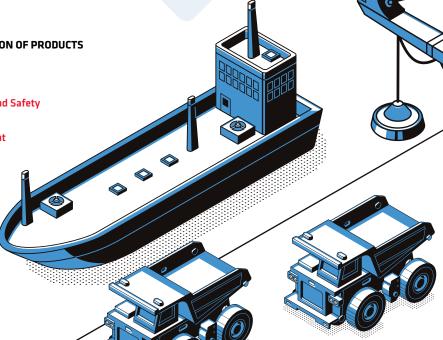
Growth in
 International Market

Customer Groups

- Retailers
- Ready-Mixed
- Concrete Manufacturers
- Industrial Manufacturers
- Construction Companies
- Contractors
- Export Customers



*Our Top Priority Issues



Our Sustainability Goals

Since last year, we have realized most of our sustainability targets, and we have raised many of our targets by taking into account new projects and works for the future. Targets that we could not achieve are explained under the relevant target heading.

ECONOMIC GOALS				
Economic Performance	Performance Criteria	Target (2021)	Achieved (2021)	Target (2022)
Increase the added value we offer to our shareholders	Net profit margin (%)	15	26	(Minimum) 20
Procure from domestic suppliers instead of foreign suppliers	Local procurement rate (%)	75	73*	(Minimum) 70
Growth in International Market	Performance Criteria	Target (2021)	Achieved (2021)	Target (2022)
Increase exports	Export rate (%)	75	80	(Minimum) 75
Digital Transformation	Performance Criteria	Target (2021)	Achieved (2021)	Target (2022)
Achieve digital transformation in our business processes	Percentage of our operations we initiated digital transformation (%)	60	60	(Minimum) 66**

^{*} We are 2 points behind our local procurement target. Foreign procurement rate increased due to the extraordinary increase in coal prices and exchange rates. We have lowered our target in the light of economic expectations.

^{**} We have raised our digital transformation target since we achieved it.

SOCIAL GOALS				
Occupational Health and Safety	Performance Criteria	Target (2021)	Achieved (2021)	Target (2022)
Prevent the fatal accidents at work	Number of fatal accidents	0	0	0
Reduce the fatal accident frequency rate	Number of accidents (in 1 million working days and with lost times)	0	5	0
Prevent lost time accidents	Lost workdays (Lost workdays due to accident*person)	0	105	0
Our People	Performance Criteria	Target (2021)	Achieved (2021)	Target (2022)
Prevent high employee turnover rate	Employee turnover rate (%)	(Maximum) 7	7,64***	(Maximum) 7
Education and Training	Performance Criteria	Target (2021)	Achieved (2021)	Target (2022)
Increase the training hours per employee	Hours of training per employee (hours)	34	40***	(Minimum) 36

^{***} Leaves of employment and dismissals, which could not be made due to restrictions during the pandemic in 2020, were reflected in 2021 results after these restrictions were lifted. Average turnover rate in 2020 and 2021 was 6.57, and it is below our target.

**** We have raised our target because we have exceeded our hours of training target.

ENVIRONMENTAL GOALS				
Energy	Performance Criteria	Target (2021)	Achieved (2021)	Target (2022)
Ensure efficient use of electric energy	Electricity consumption (kWh/ ton cement) per ton of product (cement)	109	106,1	(Maximum) 108
	Thermal energy consumption (Furnace 1) (kcal/kg clinker) per ton of clinker production	756	763*	(Maximum) 761
Ensure efficient use of heat energy	Thermal energy consumption (Furnace 2) (kcal/kg clinker) per ton of clinker production	768	772*	(Maximum) 761
	Thermal energy consumption (Furnace 3) (kcal/kg clinker) per ton of clinker production	721	732*	(Maximum) 730

^{*}Due to the disruptions in coal supply globally in 2021, our fuel diversity increased and we also used lignite. The blending of existing fuels more than in previous years for optimum utilization led to a partial decrease in the combustion efficiency of our fuel and a 0.5% increase in fuel consumption.

^{**}The increase in the variety of coal used in the furnaces and the use of low-calorie coal led to an increase.

Emission	Performance Criteria	Target (2021)	Achieved (2021)	Target (2022)
	Annual dust emission average value of Furnace 1 main emission stack (mg/Nm3)	20	6	(Maximum) 20
Reduce dust emissions from production	Annual dust emission average value of Furnace 2 main emission stack (mg/Nm3)	20	17	(Maximum) 20
	Annual dust emission average value of Furnace 3 main emission stack (mg/Nm3)	20	18	(Maximum) 20
Reduce the greenhouse gases generated by production	CO2e amount (kg) emitted per ton of clinker production	840	845**	(Maximum) 840

Materials and Raw Materials	Performance Criteria	Target (2021)	Achieved (2021)	Target (2022)
Increase the use of waste as alternative fuel instead of fossil fuels	Ratio of alternative fuel use to total fuel consumption (%)	2,5	1,4***	(Minimum) 1,5
Increase the use as waste as alternative raw material instead of natural resources	Amount of alternative raw material utilization (amount declared under the Environmental Legislation, excluding excavation) (tons/year)	350.000	430.686****	(Minimum) 375.000

^{***}We could not realize our 2021 target of 2.5%, because of decrease in quantity due to fuel-related combustion efficiency and prioritization of production and quality due to direct export production.

****Since we exceeded our target for the use of alternative raw material, we set our new target higher.

ENVIRONMENTAL GOALS				
Waste	Performance Criteria	Target (2021)	Achieved (2021)	Target (2022)
Ensure that waste generated is sent for recovery instead of disposal	Ratio of waste sent for recovery to total waste generated (%)	90	90	(Minimum) 90
Water and Wastewater	Performance Criteria	Target (2021)	Achieved (2021)	Target (2022)
Keeping the total amount of water used below a certain level	Annual amount of water consumed (m3)	(Maximum) 1.700.000	1.743.324****	(Maximum) 1.750.000

^{*****} Water consumption increased due to the increase of production in the WHR Facility and the change in the quality parameters of water obtained in water supply from Ulupınar Stream. Water consumption in 2021 increased due to the increase in conductivity of raw water.

Preservation of Biodiversity	Performance Criteria	Target (2021)	Achieved (2021)	Target (2022)
Avoid operating in areas where special biodiversity species are cultivated and inhabited and other protected areas	Number of operations carried out in areas under protection for biodiversity	0	0	0
Prepare rehabilitation projects and to have them approved by competent authorities	Rate of mine sites approved for rehabilitation projects (%)	100	100	100



OUR ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE

At Nuh Çimento, we carry out an important economic activity and contribute to national economy with our supply and retailer/customer networks, the jobs we create and our production and export activities. Having been granted the "Top Company Contributing Anatolia's Export Figures" award by Economist Magazine in 2021, our company was also announced by Turkish Exporters Assembly as the Top Company with the Highest Increase in Exports. Our Company awarded the Sectoral Performance Evaluation Grand Award by Kocaeli Chamber of Industry and became "the Only Cement Factory listed in the Top 100 among the Türkiye's Top 1,000 Exporters".



Our Contributions to Economy

Our goal

is to increase the value we distribute to our shareholders

Achieved in 2021

26%

Target for 2022

Minimum 20%

At Nuh Çimento, sustainable growth is based on the fact that we always consider the interests of our stakeholders. As we carry out our for-profit business activities, we strive to add value not only for our investors and shareholders, but also for our employees, customers, suppliers, our country and all members of the local community we live with.

All the departments, particularly our Board of Directors, our CEO and our General Manager, are responsible for the management of economic performance. New investments, benchmarking studies and cost-cutting efforts are among the actions we take to increase our performance. With the investments we make and the export opportunities we create, we continue to contribute to employment and the development of our country.

We create the necessary investment, market and strategic plans to ensure sustained profitability for our shareholders and investors. In order to ensure customer satisfaction and to create value for them. we record every complaint we receive about our products and services, and resolve customer demands and complaints as soon as possible by working in coordination with the Domestic Sales and After-Sales Quality Monitoring Departments.

The most important indirect contribution of our Group to the national economy is tax payments. We have been among the highest taxpayers in Türkiye and Kocaeli for many years.

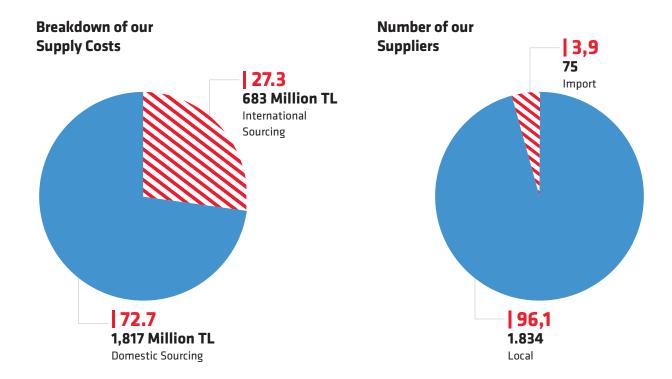
We Support Local Economy With Our Procurement Volume

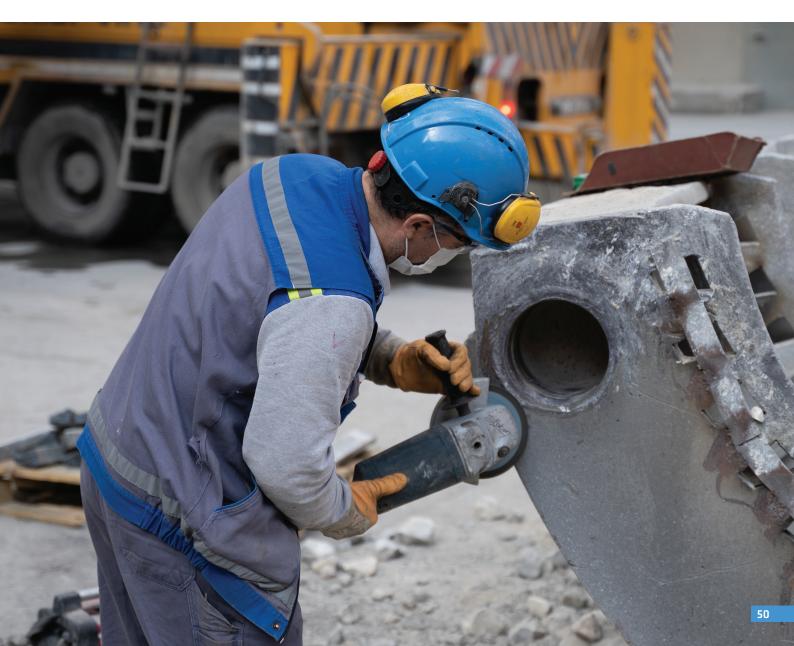
At Nuh Çimento Group, we create an important economic value with the raw materials, products and services we purchase, from preparation our products and services to offer them to the market that reach record sales levels.

During the year, we expanded our supplier portfolio by adding 353 new local suppliers and 17 new international suppliers, reaching 1,909 suppliers at the end of 2021. 623 out of those suppliers serve more than one company in our group. In 2021, 73% of Nuh Çimento, Nuh Yapı, Nuh Beton and Çimnak's total supplier spending of TL 2.5 billion was for goods and services purchased from our local suppliers in Turkey. Nuh Çimento's share in this total is approximately 76%.

We have created procurement processes at international standards with the latest SAP Supplier Evaluation software and applications such as the Procurement Portal Project. In this way, we ensure that standards can be checked for legal compliance, occupational health and safety, cost advantage, environmental compliance, energy efficiency, quality and sustainability.

Our Procurement Procedure, which applies to all our group companies, has been approved by our Board of Directors. We apply a supplier pre-qualification process for suppliers of critical commodity groups such as raw materials, energy, mechanical maintenance, etc. The supply performance of suppliers is evaluated through user surveys conducted at the end of the year. We have no suppliers operating in countries and geographies where the collective bargaining rights of their employees are at risk, or where such risks are high.





Growth in International Markets

Our Goal

Increase exports

Achieved in 2021

80%

Target for 2022

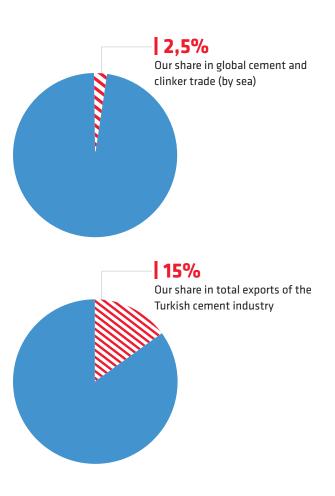
Minimum 75%

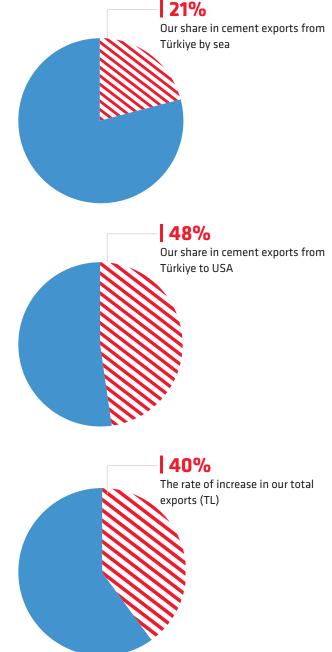
According to the Turkish Cement
Manufacturers' Association
(TÜRKÇİMENTO) data, cement production
in Türkiye increased by 9.5% in the first
10 month of 2021 compared to 2020.
Approximately 21.6% of cement produced
in the period from January to October
2021 was exported. In the same period,
domestic sales and cement exports
increased by 9.6% and 3.2%, respectively.
Growing by approximately 23% in 2020,
the sector increased its sales in 2021 as
well, due to both the reopening of the
market and the base effect.

We have been the only cement factory in top 100 in the Türkiye's Top 1,000 Exporters in 2020 list of Turkish Exporters Assembly, which was announced in 2021. We export our products to more than 50 countries, including North America, South America, Africa, Europe, Asia, the Indian Ocean, Caribbean and Russia. In 2021, our total exports amounted to 168 million USD. Our exports to the US increased by 101% compared to 2020 and reached 132.9 million USD.

Summary of Nuh Çimento's Export Performance in 2021

THE LARGEST EXPORT IN THE HISTORY OF THE TURKISH CEMENT SECTOR AND IN THE WORLD FROM A SINGLE POINT, WITH 4.4 MILLION TONS OF CEMENT AND CLINKER

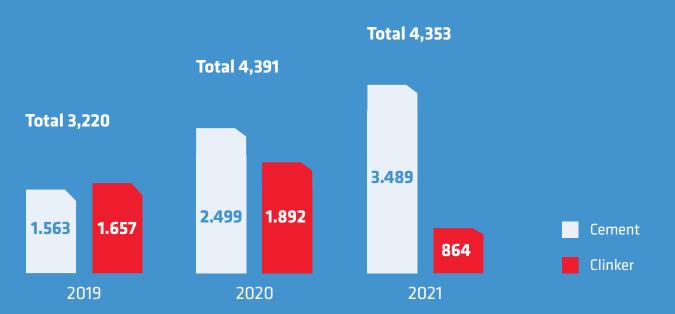




Breakdown of Export Markets 2021



Our Export (1000 tons)



Digital Transformation

Our Goal

Achieve digital transformation in our business processes

Achieved in 2021

60%

Target for 2022

66%

At Nuh Çimento, digital transformation journey of our business processes started in 1995, when we equipped our company with IBM AS 400 computer systems. In 2000, we started to use the Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) software. Our digitalization journey continued with the installation of automation systems in various stages of production, database and quality management systems, and then the installation of fiber infrastructures, document management system and launching of retailer and intranet portals, and in this journey the existing infrastructure and systems were updated periodically and as needed.

These investments have led to improved performance across the company. Sales processes began to be carried out in a more controlled and faster manner with the renewed automation systems, and customers were able to access their data online more quickly thanks to the Dealer Customer Portal. Through updates in technical infrastructure and software processes, support and labor costs were minimized.

Our Digital Transformation Activities in 2021

During the reporting period, we carried out updates, improvement and renewal activities.

Updates: Updates were made in Weighbridge Automation System, System Rooms Control Systems, Document Management System, Personnel Attendance Tracking System, Occupational Health and Safety Application, Corporate Websites, Fiber Infrastructure, Intranet Portal, Endpoint Security, Back-up Application and HelpDesk.

Other Activities: Widespread use of Online Meetings, e-Document Application Improvements, Port Turnstile System, Çim-Nak Dining Hall Turnstile System, Personnel Attendance Tracking System Renewals, HES Code Entegration of the Ministry of Health of the Republic of Türkiye, Firewall Equipment Renewals, Back-up Unit Equipment Renewals, and Preparations for the Introduction of Data Loss Prevention System.

Production Lines Automatic Operator System

In 2014, the work we started with the commissioning of smart process control systems on the third production line continued same year with the installation of the factory production and maintenance reporting tracking system. Driver modernizations in 2015, and modernizations of Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) and Scada (energy monitoring) systems and developments made in gas analysis systems, weighing systems and raw material analysis systems, and the new raw material analysis systems installed in the Crushers area in subsequent years were important steps in the transformation process.

Transformation of production processes continued at full speed with smart process control systems launched in the first production line, the status observation systems launched in raw mills and cement mills, energy monitoring systems, transferring shift reports into digital environment, updating of automation network infrastructure and cyber security works.

Our Activities in 2021

In 2021, we completed the commissioning of Furnace 3 expert system (advanced process control system). We have started the commissioning of Furnace 2 expert system, and scheduled to complete the work in 2022. Demo tests for cyber security in automation systems were carried out. We have started the commissioning of the QCX Advance Quality Control System and 3D modeling works to be carried out in the high and low inventory turnover goods stock areas and scheduled to complete them in the first quarter of 2022.

We completed Knowledge Manager system version upgrade. We met with various companies and conducted demo studies for artificial intelligence-based software that can make predictions for the monitoring of critical data, predictive and preventive maintenance of high power consuming gearmotor equipment across factory.

Achievements in Production Efficiency

- Production continuity was ensured by preventing chronic failures that cause unit downtime and production losses.
- Thanks to digital reporting applications, we accessed accurate information and data more quickly, reliably, functionally and completely. Improved benchmarking and forecasting processes led to more accurate production forecasts and increased efficiency.
- This had a positive impact on the quality of the product produced.
- It allowed production units to monitor certain important parameters related to the factory from a single point.
- We increased efficiency by optimizing production with smart process control systems and by minimizing the operator-related errors.

Achievements in Occupational Health and Safety

- By reducing the historical frequency of breakdowns, developing a more efficient tracking system and reducing potential hazards through predictive maintenance, the pressure on employees from breakdowns has been reduced. This led to a decrease in the number of work accidents.
- The submission of personnel training records to the Ministry of Labor and Social Security system was simplified.
- E-prescribing was introduced in Occupational Medicine modules.

Environment Related Achievements

- With smart process control systems, we have optimized and reduced the amount of coal and natural gas consumed and reduced energy consumption per unit of production.
- We reduced the number of physical servers and increased energy efficiency through virtualization efforts.







Plans for the Future

In the digital transformation journey, we will continue to make investments and improvements in automation systems requiring modernization. We will review all production processes from raw material input to the output of finished product of cement, and make necessary process optimizations to minimize human intervention and error. We will strengthen the cyber security infrastructure where necessary to protect it against cyber-threats that may arise from the connection of systems to the Internet network.

Kaptan Software Project

The first milestone of the Kaptan Software Project, which is the intellectual capital of our company and enables rapid forwardlooking decision-making based on quality and production parameters collected meticulously for many years, is Dayanımcı Project, which we launched in May 2018 and enables us to know the concrete strength (quality data) 28 days in advance. Excelbased version of the project was registered in July 2019 and Nuh Cimento obtained protection for the project name. In addition to the time investment we made to develop the algorithm for the Kaptan Project, which was officially launched by our General Manager in December 2019, we continue to make investments in other digitalization topics.

Project Objectives Impacts on Product Quality

Common inconsistencies in product quality will be kept within a narrow band through this digital transformation project. Quality will improve as there will be less negative deviation from the target quality. The cost of production will also be reduced since there will be less positive deviation from the target quality. This impact will be able to be measured based on the reduction in standard deviation once the project is in daily use.

Impacts on Energy Efficiency

When the project is ready for regular use, we will be able to save energy by reducing specific surface area values in the range of 100-300 points in line with the target.

Impacts on Emissions

A simulation feature will be added to the project and the changes in the key indicators of production and quality based on input data will be simulated. The simulation will be used to estimate emission values, for example by applying similar days comparison method, so that possible values could be estimated in advance.

Our Works in 2021 and Their Results

In addition to estimate the 28-day concrete compressive strength quality, the software now allows to estimate the 7-day strength quality of the products. Python version of Dayanımcı Software was also configured as an independent software. This fastest running version of Dayanımcı is identified as Version 4.0. The Excelbased version of the software before Python was split into three versions. These versions were updated step by step each as a separate software, taking into account the criteria such as the ability to look at the data from a broad perspective, to analyze the inputs which have effect on estimations, to provide ease of use, and to perform simulations. User manuals were prepared for quick installations.

Initially operated for CEM I 42.5 R,
Dayanımcı Software is now being adapted for new products such as CEM II AS and
BS. While the aim of the application in
CEM I 42.5R was to identify the 28-day and 7-day strength results, the objective of this new study will be to identify which input affects the 28-day strength value and how much.

Plans for the Future

- Add application feature to Kaptan to use the software to find optimum points or for training purposes.
- Make Kaptan available as an application on different platforms
- Improve Kaptan Software to conduct retrospective consistency and health checks on the data used by it.
 Improve data pool quality.
- Examine specific energy consumption parameters as well as quality and production parameters.

OUR SOCIAL PERFORMANCE

At Nuh Çimento, the most important aspects of our social performance are the health and safety of our employees, their development and long-term retention of talented employees. Our accident frequency rate decreased by %1 in 2021 compared to the previous year, and we continued to support the development of our employees mainly with online trainings.

We obtained Great Place To Work Certificate in 2021, with our exemplary Human Resources practices.



Occupational Health and Safety

Our Goal

Reduce the fatal accident frequency rate

Achieved in 2021

5%

Target for 2022

0%

We operate in a sector where the risks of occupational accidents are high. Our most important responsibility and priority in all our clinker and cement production operations is to protect the health of our employees and to ensure their safety. This is because approximately 60% of our blue-collar site team of around 200 employees perform works involving confined spaces, hot works, excavation and working at heights.

We carry out Occupational Health

We carry out Occupational Health and Safety (OH&S) management in accordance with our OHS Policy which prepared within the scope of integrated management systems and approved by our General Manager.

With the TS-45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management System, our aim is to ensure that our employees internalize the principle of "The Safety of My Job Starts With Me!" by working towards the infrastructure, certification and practices accepted globally and to achieve our zero accident target by eliminating unsafe conditions in the workplace. During this reporting period, no fatal accidents occurred at our facilities and no occupational diseases were detected. We reduced our accident frequency rate by 1%.

OH&S Risk Management

With a team of employees at various levels including workers, representatives, and unit supervisors, who have been trained both within the scope of TS-45001 Management system and pursuant to the Occupational Health and Safety Law no. 6331, we identify routine and non-routine risks in detail in accordance with the Risk Assessment Procedure. In accordance with the hierarchy of controls, we review all controls from eliminating the risk at the source, trying less risky options, engineering measures and use of personal protector equipment respectively. We continuously improve the system with the lessons we learned from incidents such as accidents and near misses and with information we obtained through risk notifications and audits.

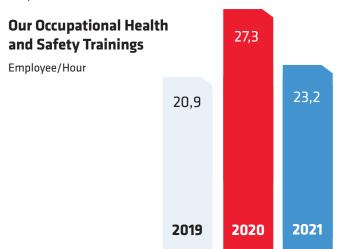
OH&S Committees

One of the most important parts of the TS-45001 management system is employee participation. All employees feel that they are part of occupational safety by reporting safety hazards concerns and nonconformities they witness in the workplace through the system established for this purpose. We also inform them about the actions taken and monitor the same. By taking part in committees such as Emergency Committees, Risk Analysis Teams and OH&S Coaches, employees may submit their ideas and proposals to senior management without any hierarchy limit and actively take part in the decision-making processes. The procedures that include our understanding of safety have been prepared with the participation of employees involved in production, maintenance and all field activities.

Agreements we made with unions also cover OH&S issues such as use of personal protective equipment and not working in risky conditions. We make performance reviews through external audits and the benchmarking we perform with the Cement Industry Employers' Association (ÇEİS).

Occupational Health and Safety Trainings

The first key point in protecting our employees is to raise their awareness. We provide compulsory hands-on OH&S trainings at the training center of the Cement Industry Employers' Union (ÇEİS) using high-technology. We provide training to our employees on a wide range of topics, including working in confined spaces, Lock, Tag, Clear, Try (EKED), incident investigation, emergency response trainings and employee representative trainings. We monitor the effectiveness of the trainings through measurements and continuously raise awareness and refresh knowledge through onthe-job talks and tea chats.



Occupational Health Services

The occupational health function is fulfilled by our occupational medicine department. The occupational medicine department has responsibilities within the scope of risk analysis and work plans, system instructions and procedures. It continuously monitors the physical fitness of employees by conducting periodic examinations during accident investigation and upon their return to work after a workplace accident. Our occupational medicine department provides 24/7 services. It also performs an important function in the system in emergency situations and first aid responses.





OH&S Engineers Project

In Nuh Çimento, we prepared a special training program for occupational health and safety engineer groups in order them to:

- understand the root causes of accidents / incidents and proactively develop analytical solutions to eliminate them,
- reinforce their works and contributions in OH&S areas through activities and practices; and
- gain the necessary competencies to become a "Leader" and "Manager of the Future" in the OH&S area.

The topics addressed in the training program include:

- · Assessing and controlling risks,
- Responsibility awareness and safety concepts for common hazards in the workplace,
- Accident investigations,
- · Legal concepts,
- Providing definitions and information about incidents / accidents, near misses which have occurred,
- Post-incident emergency communications, implementation of plans, and incident scene management,
- Selection of investigation team, evidence collection, attention in interviews, facilitating apparent causes and root causes,
- Drafting an Incident / Accident investigation report,
- OH&S Leadership definition,
- The concept of "Manager of the Future" in the OH&S area,
- Understanding the "Leadership" distinction in the OH&S area,
- Being able to apply and reinforce behavioral "OHS Leadership" approach,
- · Site audits and reporting.

Sonuçlar ve Kazanımlar

As a result of application of OHS principles from an engineer's perspective in the workplace there has been a significant reduction in occupational accidents. Lost days and equipment losses caused by work accidents have also decreased.



Our People

Our Goal

Prevent high employee turnover rate

Achieved in 2021

7,64%

Target for 2022

Maximum 7%

At Nuh Çimento, we analyze human resources planning in the most effective way and place the right candidates in appropriate positions according to competency and qualification criteria. We strengthen our employee loyalty targets by conducting our recruitment and career management processes based on our values of transparency, equal opportunity and inclusiveness.

All of our employees are full-time employees. The number of our employees covered by collective labor agreements constitutes 66 percent of our total employees. We do not carry out any operations that jeopardize the collective bargaining rights of our employees. There are no employees working for minimum wage or below minimum wage in our company. The wages of our employees vary according to the groups specified in the collective agreement. (GRI 102-41)

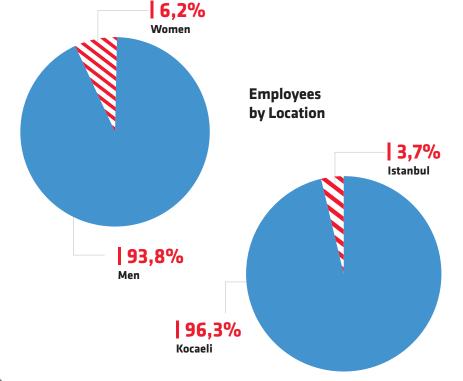
Employee Turnover (%)



In 2021, we speed up the digitalization of human resources processes. The digital transformation process, which started in 2020 with Covid-19 becoming a part of our lives, increasingly continued in 2021. Accordingly, we have established company-specific digital human resources platforms for job interviews, interviews, competence-based assessments and documentation processes. Thus, we ensured that employment processes are more effective, efficient, and fast, and as Human Resources department, we made evaluations on the health problems, professional competencies, staffing norms, occupational accidents, retirement status and also development and performance of our field personnel We planned for staff promotions, job changes, retirement preparations, successions, terminations, and new hires.

In addition to private health insurance for all white-collar employees in our group companies, we also take out employer's liability insurance for all our employees to provide coverage for possible occupational accidents. In the reporting period, three of our women employees who took maternity leave returned to their jobs after their leave ended. While 31 percent of our senior executives are employed from the local community, the rest of our executives reside in Istanbul.

Our Employees by Gender



Employee Loyalty

We create various programs to ensure employee loyalty within Nuh Çimento Group. To this end, we aim to build a positive and constructive workplace environment and continuously improve employee performance, social interaction, a happy and healthy working environment and talent development. We support the alignment of employees' development goals with the overall vision of the company.

In this context, as a result of the evaluations made within the framework of Employee Survey and Culture Brief Survey conducted by Great Place To Work® with the participation of Nuh Çimento employees and in which our current corporate culture was measured, we obtained the Great Place To Work® certificate and became one of the best employers in Türkiye.

In addition, we participated in the Corporate Culture Project conducted by the European University Institute and Kadir Has University to measure the social skills, social and professional communication networks, internal climate and leadership quality perception of our employees. By obtaining international certifications and getting involved in scientific projects, we make target-oriented measurements and build a solid and sustainable employer brand.

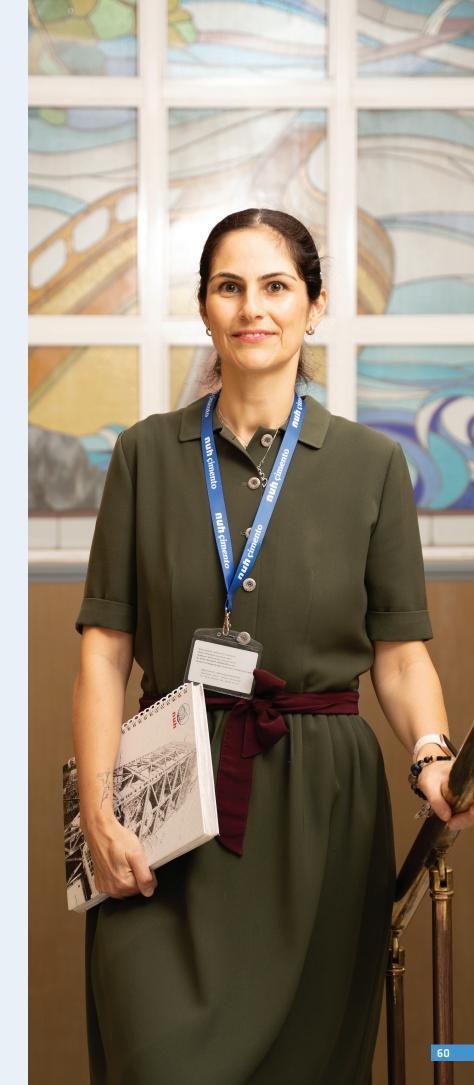
Healthy Living Ambassadors

We designed the Healthy Living
Ambassadors Project in 2021, as a
wellness program that all our employees
can benefit from. We launched the project,
which consists of the "Eat Healthy, Stay
Healthy", "Post-Covid-19 Check-Up" and
"Examination on Site, Health at Work"
practices, to ensure and protect the
holistic well-being of Nuh Çimento Group
employees.

The periodic examinations, which revealed that some of our employees had high body mass index values and accompanying diseases such as blood pressure, cardiovascular disease and diabetes, created an important awareness due to the ongoing pandemic period we are in. Ensuring physical, mental and emotional health of our employees became our most important priority. Our first program we implemented in the scope of the project, which we created with the aim of being better and living better together, was "Eat Healthy, Stay Healthy". A total of 9,469 sessions were held in 2021 in the program, where 269 employees from our group companies continued to receive active support.

In the "Post-Covid-19 Check-Up" program we implemented under the same project, 541 employees from our group companies received support. Our employees had to undergo additional examinations in cases where our occupational physician deemed it necessary.

The last program we implemented under the project was "Examination on Site, Health at Work" and it was participated by 151 employees from our group companies. The participation of our employees was high in all three programs organized within the scope of our Healthy Life Ambassadors project, which aims to maintain in-house well-being and fitness.





Training and Development

Our Goal

Increase the hours of training per employee

Achieved in 2021

40 Hours

Target for 2022

Minimum 36 Hours

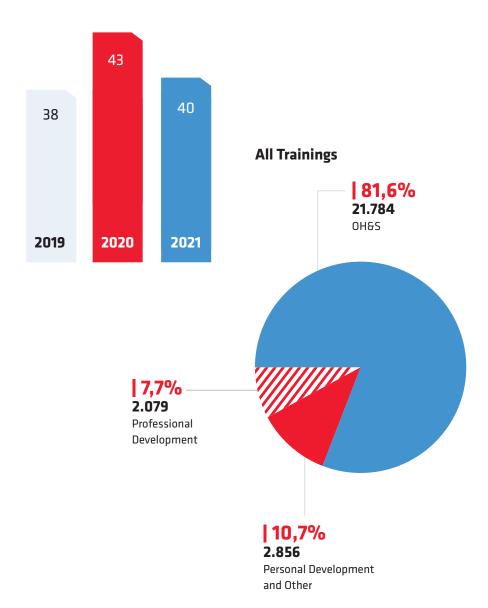
At Nuh Çimento Group, we plan our training and development activities in line with corporate values, functional competencies and managerial competencies. To this end, we organized lots of activities based on learning and development such as seminars, conferences, workshops, sector-specific trainings and technical trainings in order to contribute to the professional and personal development of our employees, support them to do their jobs more efficiently and increase their loyalty. These face-to-face and online activities are designed to be compatible with the digital world.

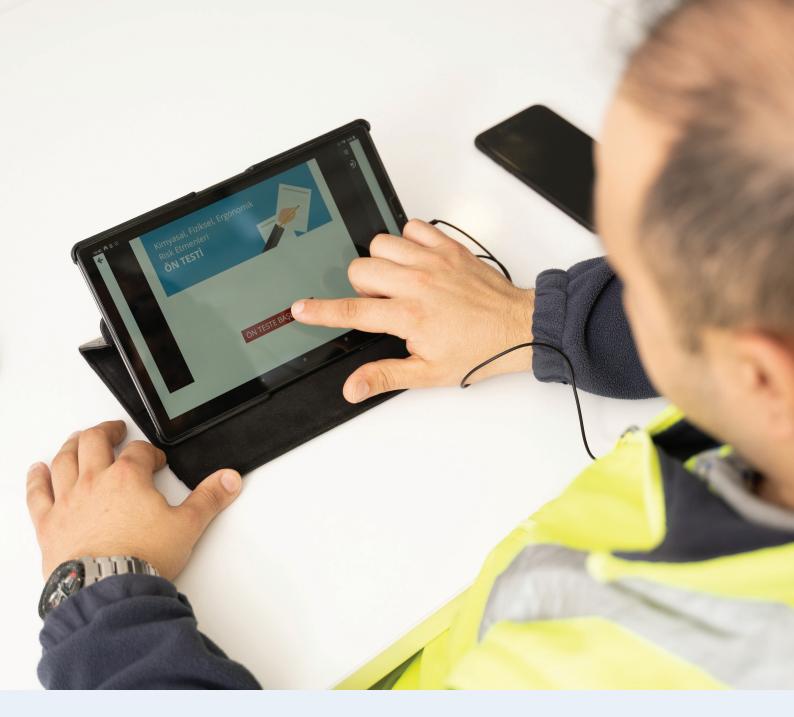
In 2021, we provided a total of 27,711 hours of training to our employees through collaborations with universities, master's degree programs and certificate programs, including e-learning trainings. Our digital trainings, which increased in the pandemic period, were carried out in 43 different areas and reached a total of 10,422 hours.



Our Training Investments

All employees





Digitalization in Training

At Nuh Çimento, we offer digital learning experience to our employees as a requirement of the digitalizing world. By supporting talent development in our corporate culture through digital trainings, we aim to provide our employees with new world skills and to achieve a dynamic training structure. We aim to improve the time management and increase the employee participation by gradually digitalize mandatory in-company courses that every employee must receive (e-learning).

In 2021, we continued our efforts and organized a total of 43 different digital courses with a wide range of content such as personal development, intrafamily communication, leadership courses, department-specific courses, and health courses. We supported the changing training and development needs of our employees with a total of 10,422 hours of training we provided.

For this purpose, we carried out OH&S
Trainings and trainings on the Law on the
Protection of Personal Data online through
the training tablets we provided to our bluecollar employees. In 2021, we also organized
a total of 14 webinars in different categories
for our employees and their families within
the scope of digital learning.



OUR ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE

At Nuh Çimento, ensuring environmental sustainability is the key element of our daily activities and decision-makings. While our priority is the compliance with the environmental legislation, energy efficiency and recovery, alternative raw material and fuel use as well as water, waste and biodiversity management are also issues of strategic importance for our company.

In the SUSZ'21 Social Compliance and Sustainability Summit, Nuh Çimento was awarded in the Inspiring Corporate Sustainability Practices category.



Our investments

In Nuh Çimento, we manage all our environmental priorities especially according to the relevant legislation and within the scope of our ISO 14001 Environmental Management System and Policy. In 2021, we allocated a budget of TL 19.4 million for operating expenses of environmental activities and for other environmental protection investments. While our total environmental expenditures more than doubled compared to the previous year, of which the biggest share of this increase was expenditures for emission reduction efforts with 50%.

We were not imposed any penalties in the reporting period for non-compliance with the environmental laws and regulations.

Site Audit Reports Related to Environmental Impacts

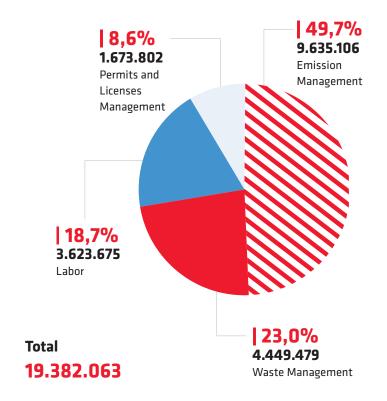
We continued to monitor our environmental impacts of our operations in 2021 as well. In the reporting period, we completed 58 site audits regarding the identification and management of environmental impacts in the divisions throughout our factory, and we completed our actions for the reported areas of improvement.

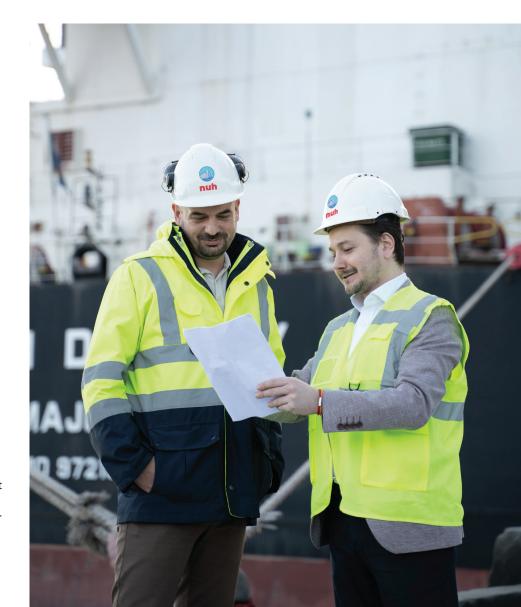
Our Preparations for Extreme Weather Conditions and Possible Disasters

Nuh Çimento's plants are surrounded by forests. In case of a fire, the company's construction equipment and water trucks will be able to be quickly deployed in cases where fire sprinkler systems will not be sufficient.

According to data of Directorate General for State Hydraulic Works (DSI), average per capita water availability in Türkiye is 1,519 m3/year. Our reverse osmosis facility with a capacity of 3,650,000 m3/ year has the capacity to produce clean water for the use of approximately 2,500 people annually. Having a facility of this size in the region is a social advantage. In the event of a natural disaster, etc. in the vicinity of our facility, which is located in the earthquake zone, we have the opportunity to supply a significant amount of drinking and utility water to the region thanks to the full capacity operation of our facility in case of need.

Our Environmental Expenditures (TL)





Climate Change and Energy Management

Our Goal

Reduce the greenhouse gases generated by production

Achieved in 2021

845 kg

Target for 2022

Maximum 840 kg

At Nuh Çimento, we turn to low-carbon energy sources for combating climate change, cleaner air and a cleaner environment. In 2021, 26% of the electricity we used came from renewable energy sources.

Sources of Greenhouse Gas Emission in Cement Production

In the cement industry, our goal in terms of protection of the environment is to reduce greenhouse gas emissions arising from our operations, starting from furnaces to packaging and transportation of products. Decarbonization (cooking) of raw materials accounts for 50% of the greenhouse gases emitted during production, fossil fuel combustion for 40%, and electricity consumption and transportation for 10%.

At Nuh Çimento, we had determined, and started to work on, our greenhouse gas reduction targets well before the country strategies were finalized.

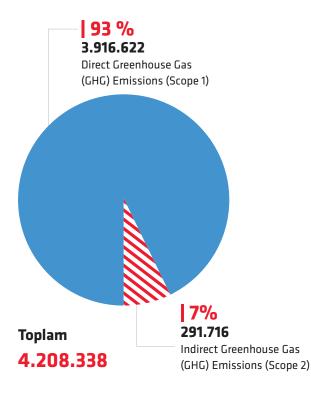
The most important ones of these efforts are as follows:

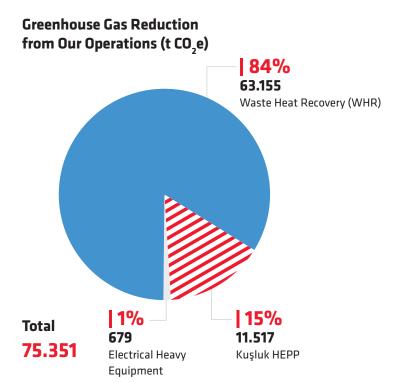
- · Production of products with low clinker content
- Renewable energy generation and utilization with Waste Heat Recovery (WHR) Plant and Hydroelectric Power Plant (HPP)
- Reducing specific energy consumption with efficiency projects.

Greenhouse Gas Monitoring and Verification

We calculate our emissions in accordance with the Regulation on Monitoring of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and the Communiqué on Monitoring and Reporting of Greenhouse Gas Emissions. The data of the three main process flue gas in our factory are continuously monitored by the continuous measurement system connected online to the Ministry of Environment, Urbanization and Climate Change, and controlled by the legal authority. These flues operate with an average emission of 3 to 17 mg/Nm³, which is well below the European standards of 50 mg/Nm³ upper limit. Our data on flue gas emissions are given in the section of Performance Indicators Tables of our report.

Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Our Operations (t CO_.e) In Nuh Çimento, carbon emission analyses for all fuel and raw materials as well as carbon emission coefficient analyses for fuels are carried out by accredited institutions such as the R&D Laboratory of Turkish Cement Industrialists Association (TÇMB). Weighbridge data and emission calculations are also verified by accredited institutions.



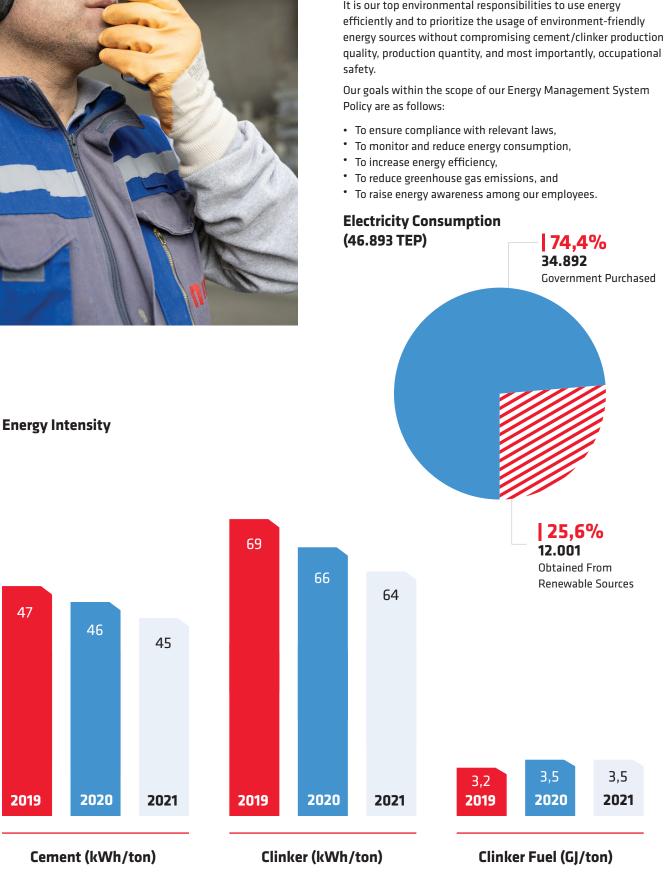




Energy Management

We operate in an energy-intensive sector and in a country which is over 70 percent dependent on imported energy to meet its consumption needs. As the largest cost item of the cement sector, energy represents approximately 60% of the operating costs. Approximately 110 kWh of electricity and 3 to 4 GJ of fuel energy is needed to produce one ton of cement.

It is our top environmental responsibilities to use energy





More Energy Efficient Production Through Furnace Modernization

In April 2021, the modernization of the No. 2 rotary furnace was completed and the furnace was commissioned. Following this investment, clinker cooling outlet temperature decreased, average furnace production flow rate increased, and specific fuel consumption decreased due to increase in cooling efficiency.

Energy Related Investments Planned for 2022

- 1- Alternative fuel preparation
- 2- Alternative fuel feeding and burning system
- 3- 2 Wind Power Plant investments
- 4- Conversion of rock trucks to battery electric



Renewable Energy Generation

Electricity Generation From Waste Heat Waste Heat Recovery (WHR) Facility

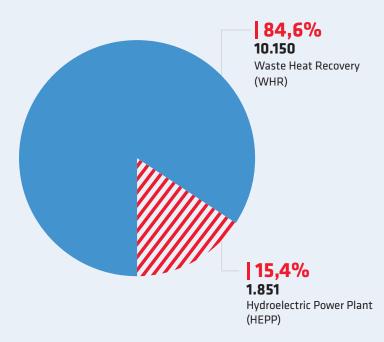
In our Waste Heat Recovery (WHR) Facility with a capacity of 18 MWh, which is still the largest facility in our country since it was built in 2013, waste heat discharged from fuels due to the process is converted into steam energy with the new boilers installed, and the steam energy is converted into electrical energy through the steam turbine. This facility, which meets approximately 17% of our electricity needs at the factory site, does not require fossil fuels such as coal etc., and does not produce dust or combustion gas emissions. We save the water and electric energy used to cool hundreds of degree Celsius of gases released into atmosphere before the facility was built, and ensure that the gases are released into the atmosphere cooler.

Breakdown of Our Renewable Energy Sources (12,001 TEP) In 2021, we achieved the highest energy recovery from 2014 up until today in our WHR Facility. By breaking a record with the gross energy of 124,767,494 kWh that we generated, we reached an electricity generation value of 26.9 kWh/ton per ton of clinker.

Bangal Regulator and Kuşluk HEPP

Bangal Regulator and Kuşluk Hydroelectric Power Plant with an installed capacity of 17 MW, built by Kudret Enerji Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. and commissioned in 2012, was first transferred to Nuh Enerji Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. and then to Nuh Çimento A.Ş. in 2018. In 2021, we offered 21,527,338 kWh of electricity we generated through the state grid and prevented 11,517 tons of greenhouse gas emission.

In 2021, thanks to a total of approximately 140 million kWh of electricity generated at WHR and HEPP facilities, we prevented the production of 75 thousand tons of CO2e that would otherwise be released into the atmosphere to generate electricity that would be supplied from the grid, and we also saved approximately 71 million TL.



Renewable Energy Generation (WHR and HEPP)2021Electricity (kWh)139.573.550Cost of Electricity Not Purchased (Savings in TL)71.182.511Amount of Greenhouse Gas Avoided (ton CO3e)74.672







Our Performance in Reducing Our Carbon Footprint With Environment-Friendly Products

Nuh Çimento, in line with its sustainability strategy, is a company with a high environmental sensitivity which carries out its operations in accordance with its carbon reduction targets and adopts a zero waste target.

Greenhouse gases account for the largest share of emissions in cement production. As a result of our R&D and product development efforts started in 2018 and continued in 2019, we developed environment-friendly products with a low carbon footprint and high strength due to their low clinker content.

We have completed the research and feasibility studies for the use of CaF2 (calcium fluoride), which is briefly defined as a mineralizer that reduces the heat energy required for clinkerization reactions in rotary furnaces, the main source of greenhouse gas CO2 emissions in the cement industry, and we launched our products with low carbon footprint to market.

In 2021, with our blended cement and ground granulated blast furnace slag sales in domestic and international markets, we saved a total of 290,148 tons of clinker and reduced our carbon footprint by 244,885 tons. We achieved 38% of this footprint reduction in the domestic market.

In 2021, we reduced our carbon footprint by 93,653 tons, thanks to the 110,832 tons of clinker saving we achieved by increasing the amount of blended cement and reducing our clinker content in cement by 5.4% in our domestic market sales, where we manage our sales preferences more effectively compared to the international markets where we contract manufacturing.

Turkey Sales Carbon Footprint Reduction Performance



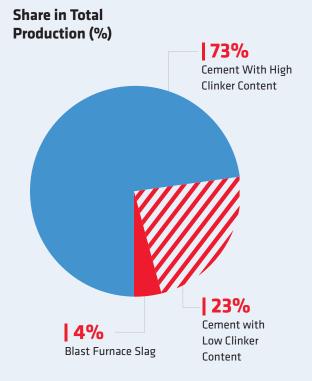




53.738

Clinker Savings (ton/year)

Reduction in Carbon Footprint (ton/year)



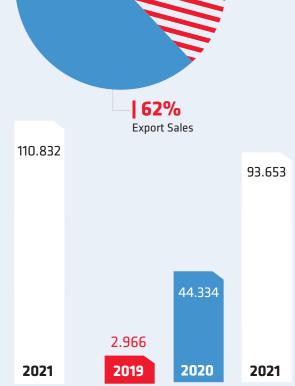
138%

Domestic

Market Sales

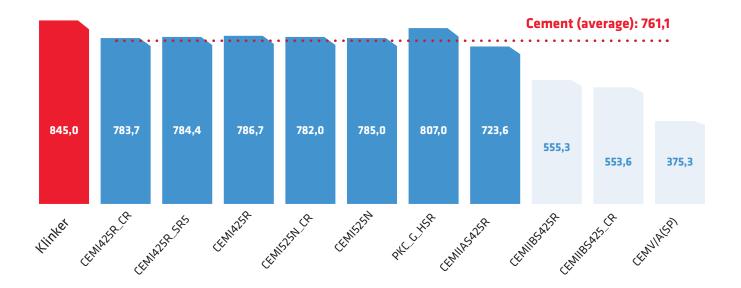
Emission Reduction

with Blended Cement



Greenhouse Gas Generated Per Product (kg CO₂/ton)

We continue our measurement and monitoring activities, which is the most important step in carbon reduction efforts, across our entire product range. The greenhouse gas generated per ton of product we produce is shown in kg CO2/ton in the table below.





The Project for Conversion of Construction Equipment Used in Raw Material Production From Diesel Into Electric

Çimnak, a subsidiary of Nuh Çimento, supplies to the cement factory daily 20,000 tons of raw materials required for the cement production with its raw material extraction, drilling and loading vehicles. Construction equipment used in raw material quarries consumes more than two million liters of diesel fuel in a year. Diesel fuel is the most important cost item in raw material quarries, as well as a significant source of CO, emissions.

In order to reduce these emissions and also fuel and maintenance costs, two years of engineering work resulted in the conversion of a total of nine construction equipment working in loading at the raw material quarries to electric in the 2018-2021 period, four of them converted in 2021.

10. We are in the process of converting our excavator to electric power.

Our three goals in converting construction equipment into electric vehicles were:

- To completely eliminate diesel fuel consumption in all the construction equipment used in raw material quarries,
- To ensure that the project can pay for itself in a short period of time without receiving any state subsidy,
- **3.** To carry out the conversion project without changing long-standing quarry operating habits.

Business Efficiency

A possible loss of efficiency was the greatest concern among both the operators and our colleagues in the technical team. While plans were being made to scrap a machine that could not be operated due to its very low performance and engine efficiency, it was converted to electric power and gained a new machine performance. There was no loss of efficiency in the excavators converted to electric compared to running on diesel fuel, and the data measured were almost identical. The performance of the other construction equipment did not decrease under their previous performance when running on diesel fuel. They operate very efficiently in terms of both their loading speed and their breakout force.



Energy Efficiency

The most exciting result of this project was the ability to calculate the energy consumed and the energy efficiency achieved. Previously we used 0.175 liters of diesel fuel to load one ton of raw material (marl). (This data is the average of annual consumption, and it represents an efficient operation. 0.175 liters of diesel fuel contains approximately 1.70 kWh of energy.)

We measured the electricity consumed by electric-powered construction equipment while loading one ton of marl, as 0.45 kWh. This figure includes perimeter lighting inside quarry and the loss of energy in cables. According to these data, in the operating conditions of the quarry, the diesel engine efficiency was only around 25%, while the electric-powered equipment operate with an efficiency of 95%. In short, we found that construction equipment powered by grid electricity consumed 3.8 times less energy compared to those operated by diesel fuel.

Fuel Saving

Diesel fuel savings exceeded 1.5 million liters as of October 2021. Monthly savings are around 80,000 liters. In addition to saving millions of Turkish Liras, annual savings will reach two million liters with the new equipment to be converted.

Emission rates of construction equipment decreased by 24% to 48%. In 2021, we prevented 679 tons of CO2 from being released into the atmosphere thanks to our electric-powered equipment. The reduction in greenhouse gas emissions we achieved thanks to electric-powered equipment currently accounts for around 1% of our total reductions.

In order to increase this rate, our efforts for converting all the construction equipment used in quarries into electric power will continue in the upcoming period.

Low-Carbon Hero Çimnak

Çimnak Taşımacılık Limited Şirketi, a Nuh Çimento Group Company, with its Electrification in E-Çimnak Construction Equipment Project, was announced as one of the SÜT-D 2021 Low-Carbon Heroes at the award ceremony held at the end of 7th Istanbul Carbon E-Summit organized on September 28, 2021.





Material Management

At Nuh Çimento, we are a member of a sector which obtains its raw material through mining operations and by using natural resources, and uses intensive energy in production. We categorize the materials used as inputs of cement production as raw materials, auxiliary materials and fuels.

Our Goal

Increasing the use of waste as alternative raw material

Achieved in 2021

430.686 tons/year

Target for 2022

Minimum 375.000 tons/year

Raw Materials and Auxiliary Materials

In order to decrease the use of natural raw materials in our company, we continuously consider the alternative raw material sources from different sectors. We care about careful and reliable mining management and make optimum use of our quarry reserves by drilling. In order to ensure the continuity of our operations in the future, we explore alternative quarries and put them into service. We monitor our performance through certain indicators such as the use rate and breakdown of alternative raw material, CO₂ emission and quarry reserve life.

Our Goal

Increasing the use of waste as alternative fuel

Achieved in 2021

1,4%

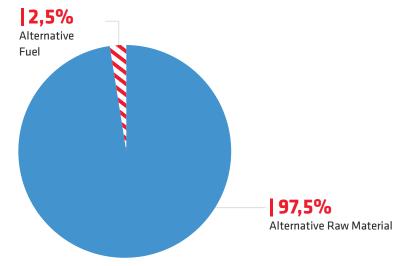
Target for 2022

Minimum 1.5%

Fuels

Fuels and electric energy constitute a large part of the costs in our sector. This issue is therefore of critical importance for profitability and inventory costs, as well as continuity of production and emission control. We monitor our performance with those indicators such as alternative fuel use rate, specific electricity consumption and specific calorie consumption. Our goal is to contribute to the economy and to the environment by using energy and natural resources efficiently.

Our Waste Use (ton)



Alternative Fuel and Alternative Raw Material Use

We use waste instead of primary raw materials and fuels to reduce the use of natural resources and greenhouse gases from fuels, as well as to reduce associated fuel and raw material costs. In 2021, within the scope of alternative fuel use, we obtained 1,4% of our total energy from fuels from waste. Our goal is to obtain 1,5% of the heat energy we use annually from waste, and to use at least 375 thousand tons of waste as raw material.

To this end, we conduct negotiations with companies about waste, follow up the legal processes and obtain the necessary permits. We analyze the incoming materials and prepare the waste usage prescriptions. By using appropriate wastes at the production phase, we reduce the amount of waste which has the potential of polluting the environment, and reduce our fuel and raw material costs. We aim to increase the amount of waste we use in the upcoming period by investing in new waste incineration and feeding systems.

Results and Achievements



Economic

Our net earnings from using alternative raw materials and alternative fuel amounted to TL 7.95 million in 2021.



Social

We have become a solution partner to the waste problems of the municipalities and organized industrial zones having problems with waste.



Environmental

We reduced our greenhouse gas emissions and consumption of natural resources by using waste instead of natural resources. In 2021, we recycled 441.5 thousand tons of waste into the economy within the scope of sustainability and energy recovery, while preventing carbon dioxide emissions equivalent to the CO2 removed by approximately 1,34 million trees.

Alternative Fuel and Alternative Raw Material Use

Raw Material Substituted By Waste	Alternative Natural Material	Substitution Rate in 2021
Iron slag (Fe ₂ O ₃)	5.071	0/6453
Grit (Fe ₂ O ₃)	 Fe₂O₃ (alternative to iron silicate) 	%64,57
Sludge with Iron Content (Fe ₂ O ₃)		
Plaster waste (SO ₃)	SO ₃ (alternative to plaster)	%1,61
Concrete waste		
Brick waste	- CaO (alternative to marl)	%1,80
Bleaching earth	-	
Drilling mud	_	
Calcite	CaO (alternative to	0,07%
Lime waste	- limestone)	
Bottom ash		
Sludge with aluminium content	- Alternative to bauxite	%14,99
Fly Ash		
Scrap sanitary ware		













Water and Wastewater Management

Our Goal

Keeping the total amount of water used below a certain level

Achieved in 2021

1.743.324 m³/year

Target for 2022

Maximum 1.750.000_{m³/year}

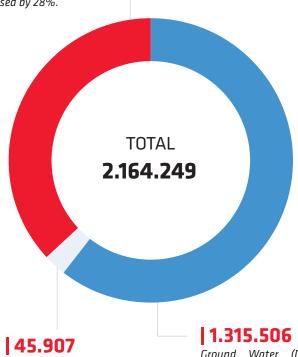
In the cement sector, water is used predominantly for cooling in the furnace process and in mills. In addition to this, it is used in crushers and dust collection throughout the site and naturally water needs of people. With our seawater treatment plant with ultra-filtration and reverse osmosis system, we turn the water we draw from the sea to drinking water.

We obtain approximately 61% of the water we use from Ulupinar Stream which is not used for fishery and agricultural purposes and directly flows into the sea. The amount of water we recover and reuse through our Sea Water Treatment Plant out of total water withdrawal is 37%. We have no water sources significantly affected by water withdrawal.

Water Withdrawal (m³/year)

802.836

Sea Water (Marmara Sea)* Water withdrawal from the sea decreased by 28%.



Ground Water (Deep Wells) decreased by 35% as a result of increased unit cost.

Ground Water (Deep Wells) decreased by 35% as a result of increased unit cost.

Wastewater Discharge

The only water resource and natural habitat around the facility which may be affected by wastewater discharge is the Marmara Sea. This habitat is not within a national or international protected area. We do not generate process wastewater. We discharge some of the site water, surface water, and sewage water into the sea after treatment.

The Biology Department of Kocaeli University analyzed whether the process of withdrawing water from, and discharging water into, the sea in the course of our operations has any impact on biodiversity and aquatic life. For three years in a row, divers took images and samples from the sea bottom and examined them throughout the year. While 127 different species were identified as a result of surface water quality management and ecological status biological monitoring parameter analyses, the report revealed that the point where we withdraw water from and discharge it again into the sea is no different from the other points.

^{*} Amounts obtained from our water production facility recovered by treating sea water with ultra filtration and reverse osmosis system.

Sustainable Water Project

At Nuh Çimento, the most important issue in terms of the environment, after the management of our carbon emissions, is the use of clean water resources.

Although we have legal permissions and licenses, we intend to continue our process with recycled water without using natural sources of groundwater, namely well water, which we can choose both in terms of cost and quality.

We treat sea water with reverse osmosis technology to meet part of our process water needs, and for the rest of it we use stream water after preconditioning.

Treatment of Site Wastewater and Use in Process

In 2021, we went one step further in these efforts and launched a project in order to collect, treat and reuse large amount of wastewater generated throughout the factory, and thus to save both water and energy.

Sustainable Water Project is an internal R&D work carried out jointly by Nuh Çimento's environmental department and maintenance department. Within the scope of this project, we first determined the water qualifications we need, and then made improvements in our physical treatment facility. By examining the processes where we can use wastewater we obtained, we aimed to increase these areas.

We reused 30% (approximately 64 thousand m³) of wastewater from the treatment facility in 2020 and 36% (approximately 82 thousand m³) in 2021 in units such as dedusting, irrigation and clorization systems. In this way, we saved 300 thousand TL in water bills. We aim to increase this ratio in the coming years, by using it to feed the furnaces.

66.100Domestic
Wastewater

We Directly Serve to SDG 6 Sub-Targets!

With our sustainable water approach, the sub-targets we directly support under SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation are as follows.

6.3. To improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally.

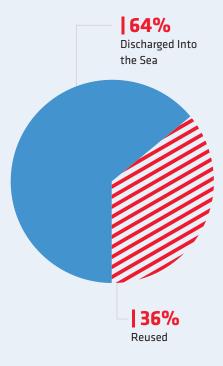
6.4. To substantially increase water usage effectiveness in all sectors, and to ensure sustainable supply of freshwater to address water scarcity.

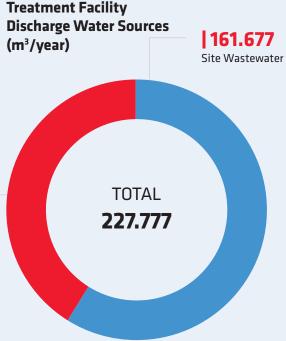
Our Plans for the Future

We aim, by increasing the wastewater reuse volume within Nuh Çimento, to reuse our wastewater by 90% in 2023 and 100% in 2025. Thereafter, we will obtain a corporate academic report with this project, convert it into discharge exemption, and position Nuh Çimento as a zero wastewater company.

As a support project for this project, we have planned to collect rainwater throughout the factory in a healthy way and utilize it as cooling water in our clinker production process after the necessary chemical and physical treatment works are carried out. With this project, which we will easily integrate into our Sustainable Water Management approach, we will support the reduction of the use of clean water sources as process water.

Arıtma Tesisi Deşarj ve Yeniden Kullanım





Waste Management

Our Goal

nsure that waste generated is sent for recovery instead of disposal

Achieved in 2021

90%

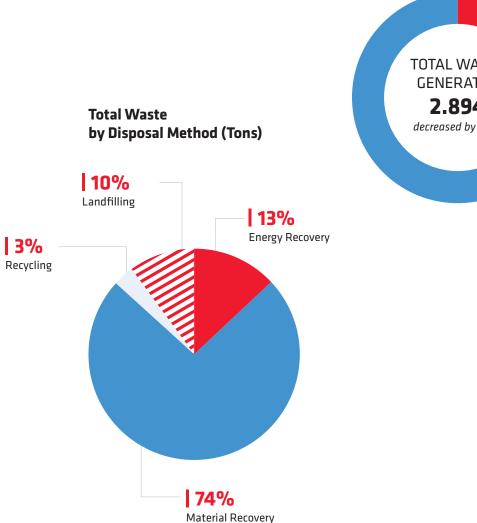
Target for 2022

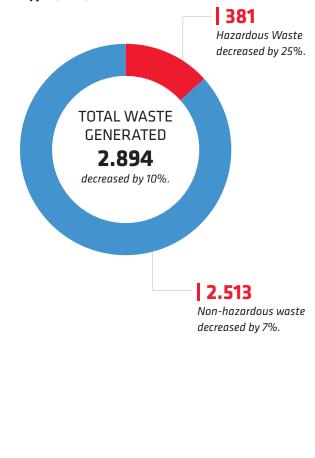
Minimum 90%

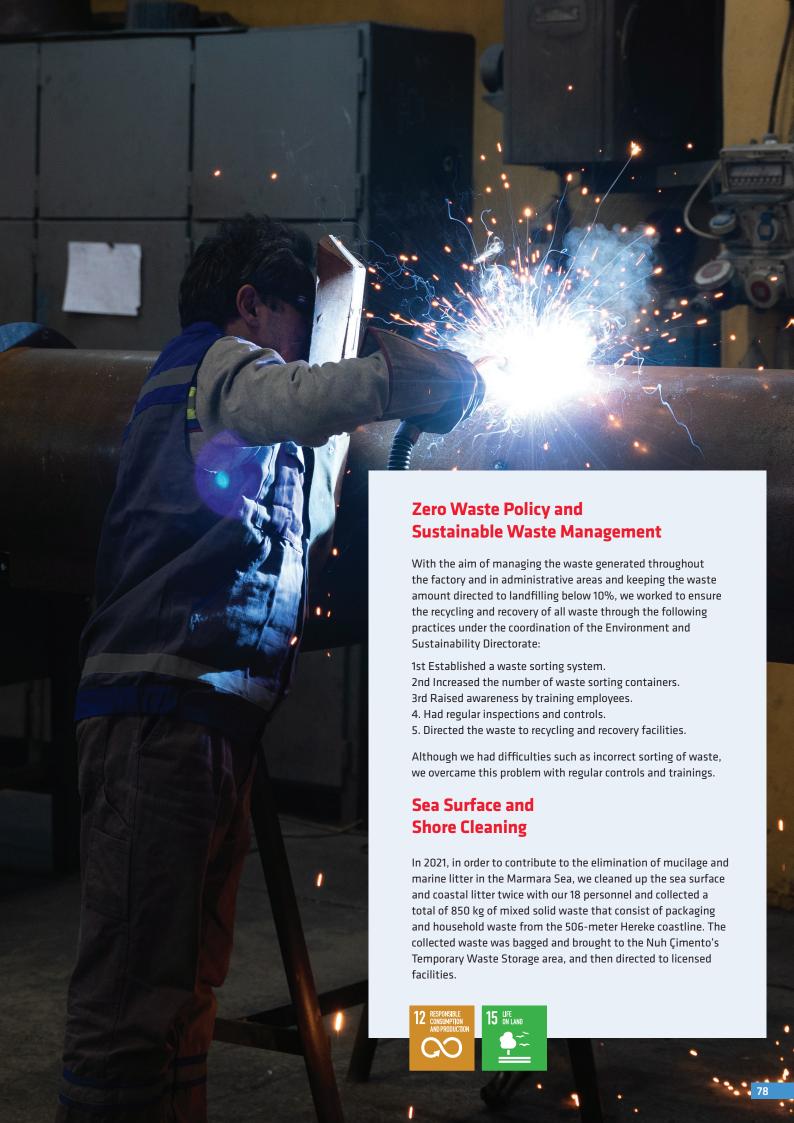
After greenhouse gas, the most important waste in the cement industry generated at almost every stage of production processes is the dust waste. The amount of liquid wastes in the total waste is very low, since most of the water used is evaporated and discharged through the flue in the process. Other solid and liquid waste is generated during maintenance works in workshops, tea rooms and assembly areas. Of the liquid wastes, only waste oils are collected by the oil maintenance personnel during maintenance.

Total Waste by Type (Ton)

In the cement industry, discarded products as waste can be added to the product at the previous or the next process stage. Thus, waste arising from the process can be recycled before being generated. At Nuh Çimento facilities, we dispose of our wastes through various methods such as energy recovery, material recovery, recycling and landfilling. In line with our zero waste policy, we aim to eliminate all waste products generated in a way that does not harm the environment. We ensure the sustainability of 90% of our waste through material/energy recovery and recycling methods, and dispose of the remaining 10% in accordance with the relevant legislation.







Preservation of Biodiversity

Our Goal

Avoid operating in areas where special biodiversity species are cultivated and inhabited and in other protected areas

Achieved in 2021

0

Target for 2022



In the cement sector, natural habitats can be affected due to the fact that the main raw material obtained through pit mining activities is obtained from natural resources. In order to minimize this impact, we don't carry out mining activities in areas under protection for biodiversity.

The areas where our open pit mines are located and we carry out open pit mining activities are within the jurisdiction of Sakarya Regional Directorate of Forestry, Izmit Forestry Department and Dilovası Forest Sub-District Directorate and these are Degraded Forest areas. These areas do not have trees of economic value, and are mostly open areas where species in the maquis formation are distributed in places. In 2021, we observed no adverse impact of our activities on biodiversity.







Izmit Gulf Restocking Project

Izmit Gulf Restocking Project

In the 4th year of Izmit Gulf Restocking Project, we again have been the sole sponsor. In Hereke, where we operate, fishery activities in Izmit Gulf is economically and socially important for people. In this context, at Nuh Çimento, we have been contributing to the restocking project since the beginning of 2017, under the leadership of Kocaeli Metropolitan Municipality. Our aim is to contribute to protection and enrichment of biodiversity, and thus contribute to the economic development of the region and to enable the people to benefit more from the sea.

Within the framework of the "Izmit Gulf Restocking Project" carried out by Kocaeli Metropolitan Municipality, General Directorate of Agricultural Research and Policies and Central Fisheries Research Institute, six thousand sea breams, sea basses and turbots were released into the sea in the program organized on the coast of Hereke in Gulf district. Thus, in its 4th year, a total of 24 thousand fish were released into the Gulf waters.

In the studies carried out together with Trabzon Central Fisheries Research Institute (SUMAE) of TAGEM, within the scope of the protocol signed on 20.12.2016 within the framework of cooperation with the Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock (General Directorate of Agricultural Researches and Policies): Initially, the existing fish species and diversity and their stock status were identified. Accordingly, sampling studies were carried out in Izmit Gulf in 2017 and 2018.

The restocking project, which is only one leg of the efforts to protect the Izmit Gulf, the closed basin of Marmara Sea, is aimed to increase the number of native fish species of Izmit Gulf, and to protect the fish species by reducing the impacts of adverse environmental conditions on fish species. Within the scope of the project, broodfish are caught in Izmit Gulf and bred in Trabzon Central Fisheries Research Institute, and domestic young fish are released into the Izmit Gulf to balance the population of the species here.

Trabzon Central Fisheries Research Institute supports the collection and reproduction of fish, while the Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock and the General Directorate of Agricultural Research and Policies provide information support. At Nuh Çimento, we sponsored vehicles, organization and ceremony and we are supporting meetings and evaluation studies as the sole sponsor.

Izmit Gulf Restocking Project, which is a precedent project in Türkiye for biodiversity, is also the first project to release fish into the sea.

Results and Achievements



Economic

Fishery developed and economy boosted in the region



Social

Local people have been reunited with the sea thanks to angling.



Environmental

With the decrease in marine pollution, biodiversity and the number of fish species and amount of fish started to increase.

Izmit Gulf Restocking Project









2021

APPENDICES



Our Integrated Management Systems

We carry out our management systems activities, which started in 2005 with the occupational health and safety management system and continued with the quality, environment and energy management systems, within the scope of integrated management systems standards approved by BSI (The British Standard Institution). We carry out our ISO 27001 Information Security Management system activities under the supervision of Proks Belgelendirme ve Özel Eğitim Hizmetleri certification company.

Our Integrated Management Systems Standards Certificates	Date of Issue	Valid Until
ISO 9001 Quality Management System	13.02.2008	05.09.2022
ISO 14001 Environmental Management System	13.02.2008	05.09.2022
ISO 50001 Energy Management System	17.12.2013	05.09.2022
TS-45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management System	07.07.2005	05.09.2022
ISO 27001 Information Security Management System	02.01.2019	01.01.2023
CSC Responsible Sourcing Certificate	08.04.2020	08.04.2023

Our policies supporting our Integrated Management Systems are available on our website.

Corporate Memberships

ÇEİS Cement Industry Employers' Association

GİF Global Relations Forum

İAV Economic Research Foundation

İMMİB Secretariat General of Istanbul Mineral and Metals Exporters' Association

ITO Istanbul Chamber of Commerce

KALDER Turkish Quality Association

KSO Kocaeli Chamber of Industry

KOSAİD Kocaeli Industrialists and Businessmen's Association

KTO Gulf Chamber of Commerce

OAIB General Secretariat of Central Anatolian Exporters Union

PERYÖN People Management Association

SKD Sustainable Development Association

TÇMB Turkish Cement Manufacturers' Association (TÜRKÇİMENTO)

TÜGİAD Turkish Young Businessmen Association

Financial Performance Summary

Main Figures

(Thousand TL)	2019	2020	2021
Assets	1.832.592	2.518.122	3.473.236
Net Sales	1.268.982	1.706.337	2.493.229
Operating Profit	178.128	394.058	536.244
Net Profit	160.793	570.249	642.432
EBITDA	262.216	476.742	627.788
Shareholder's Equity	1.193.268	1.798.886	2.171.850
Dividends	2019	2020	2021
Dividends Paid (Gross)	105.150	225.320	322.959*
Earnings Per Share	1,07	3,80	4,28
Dividends Paid Per Share (Gross)	0,70	1,50	2,15*

^{*}The amount of the payment will be finalized at the General Assembly on March 24, 2022.

Key Ratios

Liquidity Ratios	2019	2020	2021
Current Ratio	1,68	1,93	1,95
Cash Ratio	0,70	0,93	0,66
Profitability Rates	2019	2020	2021
Net Profit / Shareholder's Equity	%13	%33	30
Real Operating Income / Net Sales Revenue	%14	%23	22
Financial Structure Ratios	2019	2020	2021
Total Shareholder's Equity / Assets	%65	%71	63
Shareholder's Equity / Liabilities	1,87	2,50	1,67

Performance Indicators Tables

Economic Indicators

Data on the Value Distributed to Our Stakeholders

Economic Value Created and Distributed (Consolidated) (Thousand TL)	2019	2020	2021
Economic Value Created (Income)	1.268.982	1.706.337	2.493.229
Economic Value Distributed to Stakeholders			
Benefits provided to suppliers	1.025.790	1.345.005	2.500.502
Benefits provided to the state	38.174	90.216	159.735
Benefits provided to capital providers (Dividends)	105.149	225.320	322.959
Benefits provided to the society*	7.435	8.734	11.090
Undistributed economic value (Profit)	55.644	344.929	319.473
Benefits provided to the Society*	2019	2020	2021
Nuh Çimento Education and Health Foundation	3.377.5	2.955	8.480
Public Corporations and Institutions	3.103	4.061	1.847
Other associations and foundations	955	1.718	763
Total	7.435	8.734	11.090

^{*}Total amount of donations made to Nuh Çimento Education and Health Foundation, Public Institutions and Organizations and other associations and foundations.

Social Indicators

Data on Occupational Health and Safety

Occupational Health and Safety (Employees of Nuh)	2019	2020	2021
Fatal Accidents Rate	0	0	0
Accident Frequency Rate (Serious accidents with lost time, excluding death)	7,92	5,32	5,29
Accident Frequency Rate (Recorded) (Serious accidents with and without lost time)	15,84	10,63	21,84

Notes:

Types of accidents occurred in 2021 are struck, burn, strain and crush injuries.

Accidents requiring first aid response are included in the accident frequency rate if they involve lost days.

The number of lost days is calculated in calendar days. The counting of lost days starts the day after the accident.

Accidents involving death are not included in the accident frequency rate. (1 Accident Involving Death = 7,500 Lost Days)

Accident Frequency: Number of accidents occurred in one million working hours

Accident Frequency =Total Number of Accidents / (Total Number of Employees x 300 Days x 7.5 Hours) - (Total Lost Days x 7.5 Hours) x 1,000,000

Our Occupational Health and Safety Trainings (Employee/Hour)	2019	2020	2021
Men	29	39	33
Women	41	21	16

İstihdam ve Eğitim Verileri

Our Employees			
Our Employees by Gender	2019	2020	2021
Men	93.50%	93.50%	93.82%
Women	6.50%	6.50%	6.18%
By Contract Type and Gender	2019	2020	2021
Permanent and Full-Time Employee - Women	62	61	59
Permanent and Full-Time Employee - Men	893	881	879
Total	955	942	938
By Contract Type and Region	2019	2020	2021
Permanent and Full-Time Employee - Istanbul	36	35	35
Permanent and Full-Time Employee - Kocaeli	919	907	903
Total	955	942	938
Employees by Location	2019	2020	2021
Istanbul	3.70%	3.70%	3.73%
Kocaeli	96.30%	96.30%	96.27%
Employee Turnover Figures	2019	2020	2021
Beginning of Year	669	676	667
Employees Who Started	47	28	62
Employees Who Separated	40	37	51
End of Year	676	667	676
Average Number of Employees	666	674	667
Turnover Rate	6,00%	5,49%	7,64%
Local Employment	2019	2020	2021
Senior Managers - Local (Kocaeli)	4	4	4
Senior Managers - Other (Istanbul)	9	9	9
Total Number of Senior Managers	13	13	13
Freedom of Association	2019	2020	2021
Number of employees covered by collective labor agreements	436	437	443
Rate of employees covered by collective labor agreements (%)	64%	66%	66%

Our Training Investments	Total Training Hours		
All Trainings	2019	2020	2021
Professional Development	3.622	1.908	2.079
Personal Development	562	686	588
OH&S	19.940	25.692	21.784
Other	1.819	422	2.268
Total Training Hours	25.943	28.708	26.719
Our Training Investments	Average	Hours of Training Per E	mployee
By Gender	2019	2020	2021
Men	38	43	40
Women	40	48	31

Environmental Indicators

Our Environmental Expenditures (TL)	2019	2020	2021
Emission Management	2.414.951	2.967.503	9.635.106
Waste Management	3.030.751	3.261.583	4.449.479
Labor	2.597.345	2.326.060	3.623.675
Permits and Licenses Management	199.969	244.972	1.673.802
Total	8.243.015	8.800.119	19.382.063

Environmental Compliance:

We were not imposed any penalties in the reporting period for non-compliance with the environmental laws and regulations.

Energy Management Data

Energy Consumed From Non-Renewable Direct Energy Sources (GJ)	2019	2020	2021
Coal	6.105.390	7.614.602	13.037.955
Natural Gas	150.987	174.898	173.581
Fuel Oil	11.015	11.890	0
Petroleum Coke	7.313.869	6.987.010	2.774.339
Alternative Fuels	289.667	356.155	186.433
Total Fuels Consumed (GJ)	13.870.928	15.144.555	16.172.308
Energy Purchased and Consumed From Non-Renewable Indirect Energy Sources (GJ)	2019	2020	2021
Electricity	1.152.369	1.240.345	1.460.463
Energy Generated and Consumed From Renewable Indirect Energy Sources (GJ)	2019	2020	2021
Electricity*	522.839	485.781	502.465
Total Energy Consumption (GJ)	15.546.137	16.870.680	18.135.235

^{*} Total energy generation of WHR and HEPP.

Energy Intensity	2019	2020	2021
Cement (kWh/ton)	47	46	45
Clinker (kWh/ton)	69	66	64
Clinker Fuel (GJ/ton)	3,2	3,5	3,5
Energy Consumption	2019	2020	2021
Clinker (kWh/year)	296.329.791	288.768.941	296.541.627
Cement (kWh/year)	142.146.400	164.872.935	209.679.386
Fuel Clinker (GJ/year)	13.870.928	15.144.555	16.172.308

Emission Management Data

Greenhouse Gas Emissions (tCO ₂ e)	2019	2020	2021
Direct Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions (Scope 1)	3.620.445	3.611.039	3.916.622
Indirect Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions (Scope 2)	248.957	256.524	291.716
Total CO ₂ e Emissions	3.854.183	3.867.563	4.208.338

Explanation: Direct Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Scope 1) include the emission reported within the scope of the "Regulation on Monitoring of Greenhouse Gas Emissions" (MRV).

Explanation: Indirect Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Scope 2) are not included in the Greenhouse Gas Emissions reported under MRV (Monitoring, Reporting, Verification), and they cover the greenhouse gas emissions generated as a result of the electricity purchased and consumed by the company.

Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emission Intensity (Scope 1)	2019	2020	2021
Total Clinker Production (Tons)	4.300.050	4.376.400	4.634.300
CO ₂ e Emission Intensity (Kg CO ₂ e/ton clinker)	842	825	845
Greenhouse Gas Reduction (tCO ₂ e)	2019	2020	2021
Waste Heat Recovery	49.184	55.408	63.155
Kuşluk HEPP	17.638	16.784	11.517
Electric Construction Equipment	485	531	679
Total	67.307	72.723	75.351
Air Emissions (Kg)	2019	2020	2021
NOx	1.775.743	-	18.125.273

8.670

314.193

Material Management Data

SOx

PM (Particulate matter)

Our Use of Waste (Ton)	2019	2020	2021
Alternative Raw Material	353.083	354.835	430.686
Alternative Fuel	18.150	19.596	10.819
Total	371.233	374.431	441.505

141.459

1.176.226

^{*} Measurements are made every two years according to the Regulation on the Control of Industrial Air Pollution. Therefore, 2020 data is not available.

Water Management Data

Water Withdrawal (m³/year)	2019	2020	2021
Surface Water (Ulupınar Stream)	901.670	941.907	1.315.506
Groundwater (Deep Wells)	63.868	62.144	45.907
Sea Water (Marmara Sea) *	929.544	1.023.708	802.836
Total	1.895.082	2.027.759	2.164.249

^{*}Amounts obtained from our water production facility recovered by desalination of sea water with ultra filtration and reverse osmosis system.

Water Consumption (m³/Year)	2019	2020	2021
Amount of Water Used in Cement Production	833.675	731.094	785.956
Amount of Water Used in Auxiliary Facilities	709.031	878.698	957.368
Total Water Usage	1.542.706	1.609.792	1.743.324

Treatment Facility Data	Domestic Wastewater	Site Wastewater	Total
Water entering into the treatment facility (m3)	66.100	161.977	228.077
Water coming out of the treatment facility (m3)	66.100	161.677	227.777
Amount discharged into the sea	66.100	79.228	145.328
Amount fed to furnaces	0	37.326	37.326
Amount used for road sprinkling and dedusting	0	45.123	45.123
Chemicals used in the treatment facility (ton)	3	0	3
Amount of sewage sludge output (ton)	8,75	16,25	25
Electricity consumption in treatment facility (kWh)	62.219	149.955	212.174

Waste Management Data

Total Waste by Type (Ton)	2019	2020	2021
Hazardous Wastes	710	506	381
Non-Hazardous Waste	2.273	2.698	2.513
Total Waste Generated	2.984	3.204	2.894

Total Waste by Disposal Method (Ton)	2019	2020	2021
Energy Recovery	335,15	42,25	%13
Material Recovery	28,51	2116,89	%74
Landfilling	0	281,72	%10
Recycling	17,70	72,64	%3
Other (Sterilization etc.)	0,09	0	%0
Total Waste Disposed of	381,45	2.513,50	%100

Hazardous wastes include: waste printing toners containing hazardous substances, engine, gearbox and lubrication oil, chemicals, lead batteries and accumulators etc. Non-hazardous wastes include: plastic, iron and metal chips, mixed packaging and wornout tires etc.

GRI Content Index

	GRI 102 GENERAL DISCLOSURES 2016	Page No.		GRI 102 GENERAL DISCLOSURES 2016	Page No.
GRI	Organizational Profile		GRI	Corporate Governance	
102-1	Name of the organization	Inside of front cover	102-18	Governance Structure	Page 40
102-2	Activities, brands, products, and services	Page 16-17		Stakeholder Engagement	
102-3	Location of headquarters	Inside of front cover	102-40	List of stakeholder groups	Page 42
102-4	Countries	Page 16-17	102-41	Collective labor agreements	Page 59
102-5	Legal form of the Company	Inside of front cover	102-42	ldentifying and selecting stakeholders	Page 42
102-6	Markets served	Page 16-17	102-43	Approach to stakeholder engagement	Page 41-42
102-7	Scale of the organization	Page 23-24	102-44	Key topics and concerns raised by stakeholders	Page 41-42
102-8	Employee profile	Page 86		Reporting	
102-9	Supply chain	Page 43	102-45	Entities included in the consolidated financial statements	Page 17
102-10	Significant changes to the organization and its supply chain	Page 43	102-46	Defining report content and topic boundaries	Page 3
102-11	Precautionary Principle	Page 66	102-47	List of material topics	Page 42
102-12	External initiatives	Page 3-4	102-48	Restatements of information	Management approaches
102-13	Memberships of associations	Page 83	102-49	Changes in the scope and boundaries of the report	No change.
	Strategy		102-50	Reporting period	2.021
102-14	Statement from senior decision-maker	Page 7-9	102-51	The date of the most recent previous report	2.020
102-15	Key impacts, risks and opportunities	Page 29-34	102-52	Reporting cycle	Annual
	Ethics and Integrity		102-53	Contact point for questions regarding the report	Page 216
102-16	Values, principles, standards, and norms of behavior	Page 27-28	102-54	Statement of reporting in accordance with the GRI Standards	Page 3
102-17	Mechanisms for advice and concerns about ethics	Page 28	102-55	GRI content index	Page 90
			102-56	External Audit	No audit was carried out.

GRI 200 ECONOMIC STAND	DARDS SERIES	Page No. in the Report
	GRI 201 Economic Performance 2016	
RI 103 MANAGEMENT	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	Page 43
PPROACH 2016	103-2 The management approach and its components	Page 49-52
	103-3 Evaluation of management approach	Page 49-52
RI 201 TOPIC-SPECIFIC	201-1 Direct economic value generated and distributed	Sayfa 85
ISCLOSURES 2016	201-2 Financial implications and other risks and opportunities due to	Sayfa 29-33
	201-3 Çalışanlar için zorunlu fayda ya da diğer emeklilik planları	Sayfa 59
	201-4 Financial assistance received from government	Page 85
	GRI 204 Procurement Practices 2016	
RI 103 MANAGEMENT	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	Page 43
PPROACH 2016	103-2 The management approach and its components	Page 49-50
	103-3 Evaluation of management approach	Page 49-50
RI 204 TOPIC-SPECIFIC ISCLOSURES 2016	204-1 Proportion of spending on local suppliers	Page 49-50
RI 300 ENVIRONMENTAL	STANDARDS SERIES	Page No. in the Report
	GRI 301 Materials 2016	
GRI 103 MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	Page 43
	103-2 The management approach and its components	Page 73-74
	103-3 Evaluation of management approach	Page 73-74
RI 301 TOPIC-SPECIFIC	301-1 Materials used by weight or volume	Page 73-74
ISCLOSORES 2010	301-2 Recycled input materials used	Page 73-74
	GRI 302 Energy 2016	
RI 103 MANAGEMENT PPROACH 2016	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	Page 43
PPROACH 2010	103-2 The management approach and its components	Page 66-72
	103-3 Evaluation of management approach	Page 66-72
RI 302 TOPIC-SPECIFIC	302-1 Energy consumption within the organization	Page 87
ISCLOSURES 2016	302-3 Energy intensity	Page 87
	302-4 Reduction of energy consumption	Page 87
	302-5 Reductions in energy requirements of products and services	Page 87
	GRI 303 Water and Effluents 2018	
RI 103 MANAGEMENT PPROACH 2016	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	Page 43
	103-2 The management approach and its components	Page 75-76
	103-3 Evaluation of management approach	Page 75-76
	303-1 Interactions with water as a shared resource	Page 75-76
	303-2 Management of water discharge-related impacts	Page 75-76
RI 303 TOPIC-SPECIFIC SCLOSURES 2018	303-3 Water withdrawal	Page 89
	303-4 Water discharge	Page 89

Page 89

303-5 Water consumption

	GRI 305 Emissions 2016	
GRI 103 MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	Page 43
AFFROACH 2010	103-2 The management approach and its components	Page 66-72
	103-3 Evaluation of management approach	Page 66-72
GRI 305 TOPIC-SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES 2016	305-1 Direct greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions (Scope 1)	Page 88
DISCESSORES 2010	305-2 Indirect greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions (Scope 2)	Page 88
	305-4 Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions intensity	Page 88
	305-5 Reduction of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions	Page 88
	GRI 306 Waste 2020	
GRI 103 MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	Page 43
AT ROACH 2010	103-2 The management approach and its components	Page 77-78
	103-3 Evaluation of management approach	Page 77-78
	306-1 Waste generation and significant waste-related impacts	Page 77-78
	306-2 Management of significant waste-related impacts	Page 77-78
GRI 306 TOPIC-SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES 2020	306-3 Waste created / generated	Page 89
DISCLUSURES 2020	306-4 Waste diverted from disposal (reused, recycled)	Page 89
	306-5 Waste directed to disposal (incineration, landfill etc.)	Page 89

GRI 400 SOSYAL STANDART	'LAR SERİSİ	Page No. in the Report
	GRI 401 Employment 2016	
GRI 103 MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	Page 43
APPROACH 2010	103-2 The management approach and its components	Page 59
103-3 Evaluation of management approach		Page 59
GRI 401 TOPIC-SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES 2016	401-1 New employee hires and employee turnover	Page 86
DISCLOSORES 2010	401-2 Benefits provided to full-time employees	Page 86
	401-3 Parental Leave	Page 86
	GRI 403 Occupational Health and Safety 2018	
GRI 103 MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	Page 43
AFFROACH 2010	103-2 The management approach and its components	Page 57-58
	103-3 Evaluation of management approach	Page 57-58
	403-1 Management system for occupational health and safety	Page 57-58
	403-2 Hazard identification, risk assessment and incident investigation	Page 57-58
	403-3 Occupational health services	Page 57-58
	403-5 Employee training on occupational health and safety	Page 57-58
GRI 403 TOPIC-SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES 2018	403-8 Employees covered by a management system for occupational health and safety	Page 85
DISCLUSURES 2018	403-9 Work-related incidents	Page 85
	403-10 Work-related diseases	Page 85
	GRI 404 Training and Education 2016	
GRI 103 MANAGEMENT APPROACH 2016	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	Page 43
AT NOACH 2010	103-2 The management approach and its components	Page 61-62
	103-3 Evaluation of management approach	Page 61
GRI 404 TOPIC-SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES 2016	404-1 Average hours of training per year per employee	Page 86
DISCLOSORES 2010	404-2 Talent management and lifelong learning programs that support employee development	Page 86

CMB Sustainability Principles Compliance Report

Al. Strategy, Policy and Objectives	Compliance	Explanation and Its Section	
- The Board of Directors determines ESG priority issues, risks and opportunities and creates ESG policies accordingly. Internal guidelines, business procedures, etc. can be prepared to ensure effective implementation of these policies. The Board of Directors adopts resolutions on these policies and makes the public disclosures regarding the same.	Full	Our Sustainability Strategy and Managemer Structure Integrated Management Systems	
 Determines the Corporate Strategy that complies with the ESG policies, risks and opportunities. Determines short and long-term goals in line with the corporate strategy and ESG policies and makes the relevant public disclosures. 	Full	Our Sustainability Goals	
A2. Implementation/Monitoring			
- Determines, and makes the public disclosures regarding the committees/functions responsible for the execution of ESG policies. The responsible committee/function reports the activities carried out within the scope of the policies to the Board of Directors at least once a year and, in any case, within the deadlines for the public disclosure of the annual reports as specified in the relevant regulations of the Board.	Full	Our Sustainability Strategy and Managemen Structure	
- Creates and publicly discloses the implementation and action plans in line with the short and long-term objectives that are determined.	Full	Our Sustainability Goals	
- Determines the ESG Key Performance Indicators (KPI) and discloses them comparatively on a yearly basis. Presents KPIs with comparisons of the local and international industry, in the case that there are verifiable data available.	Full	Performance Indicators Tables	
- Discloses its innovation activities to improve the sustainability performance for business processes or products and services.	Full	Climate Change and Energy Management	
A3. Reporting			
- Reports the sustainability performance, goals and actions at least once a year and discloses them to the public. Discloses the information on sustainability activities within the scope of the annual report.	Full	Annual Report 2021 in General	
- It is essential to share information that is important for stakeholders to understand the position, performance and development of the corporation, in a direct and concise manner. May also disclose detailed information and data on the corporate website, and prepare individual reports to directly meet the needs of different stakeholders.	Full	Annual Report 2021 in General	
- Shows maximum care to ensure transparency and reliability. Objectively discloses any developments about the issues that are a matter of priority, in disclosures and reports in line with the balanced approach.	Full	Annual Report 2021 in General	
- Provides information about which of the United Nations (UN) 2030 Sustainable Development Goals relates to its activities.	Full	About Our Report	
- Gives explanations regarding the lawsuits filed and/or concluded against us on environmental, social and corporate governance issues.	Full	Performance Indicators Tables	
A4. Verification			
- If verified by independent third parties (independent sustainability assurance providers), it discloses the sustainability performance measurements publicly and endeavors to enhance the relevant verification processes.	Partial	Climate Change and Energy Management	

	B. Environmental Principles	Compliance	Explanation and Its Section
B. Environmental Principles	- Discloses its environmental management policies and implementations, action plans, environmental management systems (known by the ISO 14001 standard) and programs.	Full	Environmental Performance Our Integrated Management Systems
	- Complies with environmental laws and other relevant regulations and discloses them.	Full	Our Environmental Performance Indicators
	- Discloses the boundaries, reporting period, reporting date, data collection process, and restrictions on reporting conditions of the environmental report to be included in the statement to be prepared within the scope of the Sustainability Principles.	Full	About Our Report
	Discloses the top officer in the corporation responsible for environment and climate change issues, the relevant committees, and their duties.	Full	Our Sustainability Strategy and Management Structure
	- Discloses the incentives it offers for the management of environmental issues, including the achievement of objectives.	Full	Environmental Performance
	- Discloses how environmental issues are integrated into business goals and strategies.	Full	Our Sustainability Goals
	- Discloses the sustainability performances for business processes or products and services, and its activities to improve such performance.	Full	Climate Change and Energy Management
	- Discloses how it manages environmental issues and integrates suppliers and customers into its strategies, not only in terms of direct operations but also through the corporation's value chain.	Full	Sustainability Impacts in the Value Chain
	- Discloses whether or not it is involved in policy-making processes on environmental issues (sectoral, regional, national and international); the collaborations made by it in relation to environmental issues, with the associations of which it is a member, the relevant organizations, and non-governmental organizations and, if any, the duties it has assumed and the activities it supports.	Full	Corporate Memberships External Factors and Global Trends
	- Periodically reports comparable information on environmental impacts in the light of environmental indicators (greenhouse gas emissions (Scope-1 (Direct), Scope-2 (Energy, indirect), Scope-3 (Other, indirect)), air quality, energy management, water and wastewater management, waste management, biodiversity impacts).	Full	Environmental Performance
	- Discloses the standards, protocols, methodology and base year details used to collect and calculate its data.	Full	Environmental Performance
	- Discloses the status of the environmental indicators (increase or decrease) for the reporting year as compared to previous years.	Full	Environmental Performance
	- Sets short and long-term goals to reduce the environmental impacts, and declares these goals. It is recommended that these goals be set as Science-Based as advised by the United Nations Conference of the Parties on Climate Change. Provides information if there has been progress in the reporting year in line with the targets it set previously.	Full	Our Sustainability Goals
	- Discloses its strategy and actions to fight against the climate crisis.	Full	Climate Change and Energy Management
	- Discloses the programs or procedures to prevent or minimize the potential adverse impact of its products and/or services; describes the actions of third parties to reduce greenhouse gas emission amounts.	Full	Climate Change and Energy Management
	Describes the total number of actions taken and projects and initiatives carried out by it to reduce its environmental impacts, and the environmental benefits/gains and cost savings provided by these activities.	Full	Environmental Performance
	- Reports the total energy consumption data (excluding raw materials) and describes its energy consumption in Scope-1 and Scope-2.	Full	Climate Change and Energy Management
	- Provides information on electricity, heat, steam and cooling generated and consumed in the reporting year.	Full	Climate Change and Energy Management

	- Carries out studies on increasing the use of renewable energy and transition to zero or low carbon electricity and declares these studies.	Full	Climate Change and Energy Management
	- Discloses its data of renewable energy generation and consumption.	Full	Climate Change and Energy Management
	- Carries out energy efficiency projects and discloses the amount of reduced energy consumption and emission achieved as a result of these studies.	Full	Climate Change and Energy Management
	- Reports the amount, sources, and procedures of water withdrawn from groundwater or surface water sources, used, recycled and discharged (Total water withdrawal by source, water sources affected by water withdrawal, percentage and total volume of recycled and reused water, etc.).	Full	Water and Wastewater Management
	- Discloses whether its operations or activities have been included in any carbon pricing system (Emission Trading System, Cap & Trade, or Carbon Tax).	Full	Nuh Çimento is not a part of any carbon pricing system.
	- Discloses its carbon credits accumulated or purchased in the reporting period.	Full	There is no information on the carbon credits accumulated or purchased in the reporting period.
	- Discloses the relevant details if carbon pricing is applied within the corporation.	Full	Carbon pricing is not applied within the corporation.
	Declares all compulsory and voluntary platforms on which it has disclosed its environmental information.	Full	All the information are in the public domain through our integrated annual report and website.
	C1. Human Rights and Employee Rights	Compliance	Explanation and Its Section
C. Social	- Creates a Corporate Human Rights and Employee Rights Policy that is committed to full compliance with The Universal	Partial	Employment, Training and Development
Principles	Declaration of Human Rights, ILO Conventions ratified by Türkiye, and the legal framework and regulations governing human rights and labor in Türkiye. Makes a public disclosure about the mentioned policy and the roles and responsibilities for its implementation.		Code of Ethics
	- Ensures equal opportunity in recruitment processes. Includes in its policies the issues of fair labor, improvement of labor standards, women's employment, and inclusion (such as non-discrimination based on gender, religious belief, language, race, ethnic origin, age, disability, refugee, etc.), by observing also the supply and value chain effects.	Full	Employment, Training and Development
	- Discloses the measures taken along the value chain for the protection of groups that are vulnerable to certain economic, environmental and social factors (low-income groups, women, etc.) or for minority rights/equal opportunity.	Full	Education and Health Foundation
	- Reports developments on preventive and corrective actions against discrimination, inequality, human rights violations, and	Partial	Employment, Training and Development
	forced labor. Discloses the regulations regarding prohibition of child labor.		Code of Ethics
	- Discloses its policies on investment in employees (training, developmental policies), compensation, benefits offered, right to unionize, work/life balance solutions and talent management. Creates mechanisms for employee complaints and resolution of disputes and determines the processes to resolve disputes. Regularly discloses the actions taken to ensure employee satisfaction.	Full	Employment, Training and Development
	Creates occupational health and safety policies and discloses them publicly. Discloses the measures taken to maintain occupational health and prevent occupational accidents, and discloses accident statistics.	Full	Occupational Health and Safety
	- Creates and publicly discloses its policies on protection of personal data and data safety.	Full	Protection of Personal Data
<u>-</u>	- Creates an ethical policy (including work, work ethics, compliance processes, advertising and marketing ethics, public disclosure, etc.) and discloses it publicly.	Full	Corporate Governance, Ethics and Compliance
	- Discloses its practices regarding social investment, social responsibility, financial inclusion, and access to financing.	Full	Preservation of Biodiversity
_	- Organizes information meetings and training programs for employees on ESG policies and practices.	Full	Occupational Health and Safety

	C2. Stakeholders, International Standards and Initiatives	Compliance	Explanation and Its Section
C. Social Principles	 Carries out its sustainability activities by taking into account the needs and priorities of all stakeholders (employees, customers, suppliers and service providers, public institutions, shareholders, society, non-governmental organizations, etc.). 	Partial	Our Sustainability Strategy and Management Structure
	- Creates and publicly discloses a customer satisfaction policy for management and solution of customer complaints.	Full	Integrated Management Systems
	- Conducts stakeholder communication in a continuous and transparent manner; describes which stakeholders are contacted for what purpose, on what issues and how often, and the developments in sustainability activities.	Full	Our Sustainability Strategy and Management Structure
	- Publicly discloses the international reporting standards it has adopted (Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP), Global Reporting Initiative (GRI), International Integrated Reporting Council (IIRC), Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB), Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD), etc.).	Full	About Our Report
	- Publicly discloses the international organizations or principles it has signed or become a member of (Equator Principles, United Nations Environment Program Finance Initiative (UNEP-FI), United Nations Global Compact (UNGC), United Nations Principles for Responsible Investment (UNPRI), etc.) and international principles it has adopted (International Capital Market Association (ICMA), Green/Sustainable Bond Principles, etc.).	Full	We are not a signatory of listed international institutions.
	- Makes concrete efforts to be included in Borsa Istanbul Sustainability Index and international sustainability indices (Dow Jones Sustainability Index, FTSE4Good, MSCI ESG Indices, etc.).	Full	Nuh Çimento is not listed in Borsa Istanbul Sustainability Index.
	D. Corporate Governance Principlesi		
D. Corporate Governance Principles	- In addition to the Corporate Governance principles that must be complied with under the Corporate Governance Communiqué no. II-17.1 of the Capital Markets Board, it shows utmost effort to comply with all Corporate Governance principles.	Full	Corporate Governance Principles Compliance Report
-	- Takes into account the sustainability concerns, the environmental impacts of its activities, and the principles in this regard while determining its corporate governance strategy.	Full	Corporate Governance Principles Compliance Report
	- As specified in the Corporate Governance Principles, it takes the necessary measures to comply with the principles regarding the beneficiaries and to improve the communication with the beneficiaries. Takes the opinions of beneficiaries when determining measures and strategies for sustainability.	Full	Corporate Governance Principles Compliance Report
	- Works on raising awareness on sustainability and its importance by means of social responsibility projects, awareness activities and trainings.	Full	Education and Health Foundation
	- Makes efforts to become a signatory to international standards and initiatives on sustainability and to contribute to studies.	Full	About Our Report
	- Discloses its policies and programs for anti-bribery and corruption and the principle of tax honesty.	Partial	Corporate Governance Principles Compliance Report Code of Ethics

Agenda of the Ordinary General Assembly Meeting

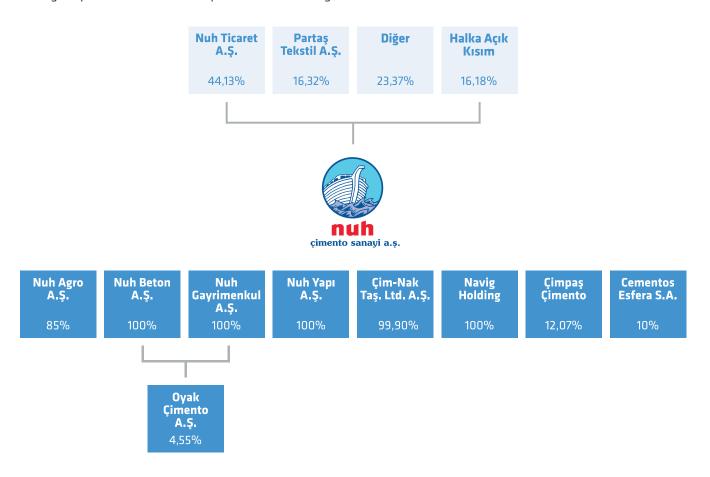
- 1. Opening and formation of the Meeting Council.
- 2. Reading and discussing the Annual Report for 2021 prepared by the Board of Directors.
- 3. Reading the Summary of the Independent Audit Report for 2021 accounting period.
- 4. Reading, discussing and deciding upon the Financial Statements for 2021 accounting period.
- 5. Discussing and resolving on the release of Board Members for their activities in 2021 accounting period.
- 6. Acceptance, acceptance with amendments or rejection of the proposal of the Board of Directors on the distribution of the profit for 2021 and the date of the distribution.
- 7. Discussing and resolving on the remuneration and attendance fee to be paid to the Board Members.
- 8. Election of the new members of the Board of Directors and the resolution on their terms of office.
- Pursuant to Turkish Commercial Code and Capital Markets Law, discussing and resolve on the proposal of the Board of Directors on the selection of the independent external audit company for the audit of the accounts and transactions of 2022.
- 10. Pursuant to Articles 395 and 396 of Turkish Commercial Code, authorizing the Board Members and informing the General Assembly of the transactions carried out during the year in this context within the framework of Corporate Governance principles.
- 11. Informing the members about the donations and aids made in 2021 and deciding on the upper limit of donations and aids to be made in 2022.
- 12. Providing information related to the guarantees, pledges, mortgages and surety-ships provided in favor of third persons and the income generated and benefits obtained.
- 13. Wishes and opinions.

Explanations on Corporate Governance

Capital of the Company and Shareholding Structure

The company's shares have been offered to public through registration with the Capital Markets Board (CMB), and 16.18 of its shares are publicly traded. The company's shares are listed in Borsa Istanbul (BİST) since February 24, 2000.

The Company's paid-up capital is TL 150,213,600. There has been no change in the last year in the partnership shares of our shareholders holding five percent or more shares. Capital distribution among shareholders is as shown in the table below:



Information on Preference Shares and Voting Rights Attached to Shares

There are no privileged shares. Each share grants one voting right. Minority rights are not represented in the management. Our company does not allow accumulated voting.

Operating Principles of the Board of Directors

Board Members were elected at the General Assembly dated March 25, 2021 to serve until the Ordinary General Assembly Meeting to be held in 2022, where the results of the activities of 2021 will be discussed. Terms of office of the Board Members shall be determined at the ordinary general assembly meeting.

The Board conducts its activities in a transparent, accountable, fair and responsible manner. The Board shall convene at least once a month and whenever necessary. 20 meetings were held in 2021. The Board made 57 decisions in 2021, and attendance rate at these meetings was high. The Company's Articles of Association, provisions of Turkish Commercial Code and the regulations of the Capital Markets Board shall be followed on the method of meeting, meeting and decision quorums, voting and duties and authorities of the Board of Directors.

Duties of the Chairman of the Board and CEO are fulfilled by separate persons. Attention is paid to ensure that Board Members allocate the necessary time for the Company's affairs, and there is no restriction on their taking on other duties or tasks outside the Company. No incidents have occurred in 2020 fiscal year invalidating the independence of the independent Board members.

There is no related party transaction submitted for the approval of independent board members, or no decision of the board of directors on important transactions, which was rejected and submitted for the approval of the General Assembly. The Company has taken out a directors and officers liability insurance for the indemnification of losses incurred by members of the Board of Directors and senior executives against liabilities for which they may be held personally responsible within the scope of their duties.

The Composition of the Board of Directors

The Company's Board Members in 2021 and their qualifications are as follows.

Name and Surname	Executive Power	Independency Status	Date of First Election to the Board of Directors	Term of Office	Offices in the Board of Directors and Committees
Tevfik Bilgin	Non-Executive	Executive Member	27.03.2013	1 year	Chairman of the Board
Fikret Eskiyapan	Non-Executive	Executive Member	26.03.1994	1 year	Board Member Member of the Nomination Committee
Mehmet Eskiyapan	Non-Executive	Executive Member	28.03.1991	1 year	Board Member Corporate Governance Committee Member Nomination Committee Member
Nurcan Yurtbilir	Non-Executive	Executive Member	30.03.2017	1 year	Board Member
Sinan Yurtbilir	Non-Executive	Executive Member	27.03.2013	1 year	Board Member Corporate Governance Committee Member Nomination Committee Member
Ahmet Faik Paralı	Non-Executive	Executive Member	28.04.2014	1 year	Board Member Member of the Committee for Early Detection of Risk
Muharrem Eskiyapan	Non-Executive	Executive Member	24.03.2010	1 year	Board Member Member of the Committee for Early Detection of Risk
Rahmi Çuhacı	Non-Executive	Executive Member	26.03.2008	1 year	Board Member Corporate Governance Committee Member
Yılmaz Küçükçalık	Non-Executive	Executive Member	30.03.2017	1 year	Board Member
Vahdettin Ertaş	Non-Executive	Independent Member	29.03.2018	1 year	Independent Board Member Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee Chairman of the Committee for Early Detection of Risk Chairman of the Audit Committee Chairman of the Nomination Committee
İsmail KÖKSAL	Non-Executive	Independent Member	28.03.2019	1 year	Independent Board Member Member of the Corporate Governance Committee Member of the Committee for Early Detection of Risk Member of the Audit Committee Member of the Nomination Committee
Açlan Acar	Non-Executive	Independent Member	25.03.2021	1 year	Independent Board Member Member of the Corporate Governance Committee Member of the Audit Committee
Tevfik Kınık	Non-Executive	Independent Member	25.03.2021	1 year	Independent Board Member Member of the Committee for Early Detection of Risk Member of the Audit Committee
Elif Bilgehan Müftüoğlu	Non-Executive	Independent Member	25.03.2021	1 year	Independent Board Member Member of the Audit Committee

Tevfik BiLGIN (Chairman of the Board of Directors)

Tevfik Bilgin graduated from Middle East Technical University Faculty of Economics and Administrative Sciences Department of Public Administration. He received his Master's Degree from Department of Business Administration of Iowa University, USA (MBA). He worked as a Sworn Bank Auditor between 1992 and 2001 and as the Assistant Financial Coordinator Responsible for Finance Companies at Anadolu Endüstri Holding between 2001 and 2003. In 2003, he was appointed as the General Manager of T. Halk Bankası, and elected as the Chairman of BRSA and SDIF in December 2003. He was re-elected as the chairman of BRSA in 2006 for 6 years, and served in this position until 2012.

Fikret ESKİYAPAN (Member)

He was born in 1949 in Ankara. He completed his secondary education in TED Ankara College, and his undergraduate education in the Department of Mechanical Engineering of Germany, Dortmund University. He started his career as a Mechanical Engineer at Nuh Makine Sanayi A.S.

Mehmet ESKİYAPAN (Member)

He was born in 1950 in Ankara. He completed his secondary and high school education in TED Ankara College, and his undergraduate education in the Department of Mechanical Engineering of Germany, Dortmund University. He started his career at Nuh Çimento A.Ş. as a Mechanical Engineer in 1974. Since 1975, he has been a member of the Board of Directors of Nuh Çimento A.Ş. He served as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of Nuh Çimento A.Ş. between 1994 and 1999. His own company SEDO A.Ş. is engaged in construction works in Muğla province, Bodrum. He is a member of the Nuh Çimento Industry Foundation, Kocaeli Chamber of Industry Assembly, the TOBB Industry Council, a delegate of the TOBB General Assembly, and representative of TOBB. He is also Deputy Chairman of AHK German-Turkish Chamber of Commerce and Industry located in Istanbul, and Deputy Chairman of TD-HK Turkish-German Chamber of Commerce and Industry located in Germany, Berlin.

Nurcan YURTBİLİR (Member)

She was born in 1947 in Ankara. She started her business career after graduating from TED Ankara College. She served as a board member at Nuh Ticaret Sanayi A.Ş. She currently serves as a board member in Nuh Group Companies.

Sinan YURTBİLİR (Member)

He was born on September 9, 1958 in Ankara, and completed his primary, secondary and high school education in TED Ankara College. Following his undergraduate education at University of Texas El Paso in Business Administration, he completed his master's degree in finance at University of New Heaven. He worked in Yapı Kredi Bankası, Alarko and Emlak Bankası. Thereafter, he established his own import-export company and started his commercial life. He currently works in the real estate sector.

Ahmet Faik PARALI (Member)

He was born in 1953 in Denizli, and completed his secondary and high school education in Tarhan College. He serves as chairman and member of the Board of Directors of Partaş Tekstil-İnşaat San. ve Tic. A.Ş., Trakya İplik Sanayi A.Ş., Birtaş Ticaret ve Pazarlama A.Ş., Nuh Pazarlama ve Ticaret A.Ş., PAR Gayrimenkul Yatırım A.Ş., Birlik Meyvecilik Ziraat ve Tarım Ürünleri San. Tic. A.Ş. and Şark Sanayi Kumpanyası T.A.Ş.

Muharrem ESKİYAPAN (Member)

He was born in 1981in Ankara. After having completed his secondary and high school education in Private Marmara College in Türkiye, he completed his undergraduate education in the Department of Economics at Florida Atlantic University. He started his business career in 2004 by establishing Nuhdem Plastik A.Ş., and he currently serves as a Board Member in the same company. He established the production facility of Europolymer LLC in Middle East, and he currently serves as a Board Member in this company. He is also a founding and managing partner of Polimernet Plastik and Nuh Kompozit in Türkiye.

Rahmi CUHACI (Member)

He was born in 1972 in Malatya. He completed his high school education in Private Boğaziçi High School. He took his Master's Degree in Business Administration and Economics at Franklin University in Switzerland. Afterwards, he completed his Master's Degree in Maritime Management and International Transportation at the University of Wales - United Kingdom. He established İlhan Uluslararası Taşımacılık ve Metal Tic.Ltd. Şti. in 1996, and he currently serves as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of this company (Ilhan Trading Ltd). The company has branches in Istanbul, Miami, Dubai and Lugano. From 2015 to 2017, he served as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of Turkish Young Businessmen Association (TÜGİAD) and as president of G20 Young Entrepreneurs'. He is a shareholder of Getir Perakende Lojistik A.Ş. He also is a member of TÜSİAD and MİAD. He speaks English and Italian.

Yılmaz KÜÇÜKÇALIK (Member)

He was born in 1963 in Kayseri. He completed his secondary education at Private Saint Benoit French High School, and his undergraduate education at Yıldız Technical University in Industrial Engineering in 1983. Today, he serves as the Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors of Küçükçalık Group. He is also the Chairman of the Board of Directors of Lüks Kadife A.Ş., and a Board Member of Emintaş Emlak İnşaat A.Ş., Kent Meydanı AVM and Nuh Çimento San. A.Ş.

Vahdettin ERTAŞ (Independent Member)

He graduated from Ankara University, Faculty of Political Sciences, in 1987. He completed his Master's Degree in Business Administration at Hacettepe University in 1991. He received his MBA degree in 1996 in England from Lancaster University, and his PhD in 2012 from the Department of Business Administration in Hacettepe University. After having graduated from the Faculty of Political Sciences, he passed the Assistant Expert exam held by the Capital Markets Board (CMB) in the same year. He became an Expert in 1991, and was appointed as the Head of Department of Institutional Investors, which regulates and carries out the businesses and transactions of investment funds and partnerships, real estate funds and partnerships, venture capital funds and partnerships and private pension funds. From 2002 to April 2005, he served as the Head of Department of Finance, which regulates and carries out the activities and transactions of publicly held companies, such as public offerings, issuances of bonds and similar capital market instruments, mergers, split-ups and calls. From 2005 to 2006, he served as the Chairman of the Gold Exchange. He was appointed as a Board Member to the Capital Markets Board in December 2006, and after having completed his term of office of six years as a Board Member, he was appointed as the Chairman of the Board in December 2012. He completed his term of office of five years as the Chairman in 2017. During his term of office, he served as a Member of the Tax Council, a Board Member of Turkish Catastrophe Insurance Pool (TCIP), the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Investor Compensation Fund, and the Chairman of the forum incorporates the capital markets regulatory authorities of Islamic Countries for five years. He currently serves as a board member of Turkish Commodity Exchange and as an independent board member and advisor in different private sector corporations.

İsmail KÖKSAL (Independent Member)

He was born in 1962 in Afyonkarahisar. He graduated from Afyon High School in 1980, and the Faculty of Economics and Administrative Sciences at Bursa Uludağ University in 1984. He studied in the United Kingdom in 1990-1991. He completed Public Administration and European Union program at the Royal Institute of Public Administration. He completed his Master's Degree in the Social Sciences Institute at Gazi University in 1992. He completed his doctoral qualification exam at Gazi University, Institute of Social Sciences in 1995. He passed the Assistant Specialist exam held by Prime Minister's Office and started to work as an Assistant Specialist in 1986. He completed his dissertation and passed the qualification exam, and received the title of Prime Ministry Specialist in 1989. He worked in the Prime Minister's Office until 1996. Thereafter, he served as the Deputy Chairman of the Prime Ministry Family Research Institution from 1996 to 1998, as a Deputy Undersecretary of the Ministry of Tourism from 1999 to 2002, as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of Istanbul Lütfi Kırdar International Convention Center from 1999 to 2001, as the Member of the Public Procurement Board from 2002 to 2003, as the Secretary General of the Union of Chambers and Commodity Exchanges of Türkiye from 2003 to 2010, as an Undersecretary of Foreign Trade and as a Board Member of Turkish Export Promotion Center from 2003 to 2009, as a Budget Committee Member of the Association of European Chambers of Commerce and Industry from 2005 to 2009, and as a Member of the Board of Trustees of TOBB Economy and Technology University from 2006 to 2009, and retired from the Prime Minister's Office in 2015.

Aclan ACAR (Independent Member)

Started his career in 1974 in Halk Bankası, Aclan Acar continued his banking career in the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye starting from 1978, and worked in various departments of this institution until 1990. During this period, Aclan Acar served in the establishment of a trading room, management of domestic open market transactions center as well as the restructuring and management of the foreign exchange transactions activities of the Department of Treasury and Money Markets of the Central Bank. From September 1990 to December 2018, he worked in Doğuş Group. His first job in the Group was the Deputy General Manager of Treasury and Financial Institutions in Garanti Bankası. In this period, Aclan Acar was also responsible for the management of foreign branches and representation offices of Garanti Bankası. From 1994 to 1996, he served as the General Manager of Bank Ekspres, which was purchased by Doğuş Group. After Osmanlı Bankası was purchased by Doğuş Group in June 1996, he was appointed as the General Manager of the Bank. Starting from April 2000, he served as a Board Member and Executive Committee Member of Doğuş Holding A.Ş. He was appointed as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of TANSAŞ as of 2001, and his term of office ended in 2005 when TANSAŞ separated the Group. Aclan Acar served as a board member in many corporations of the group and as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of Garanti Sigorta A.Ş. and Garanti Emeklilik A.Ş. from 2002 to 2006. He held office as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of Doğuş Otomotiv Servis Ticaret A.Ş. and Doğuş Oto Pazarlama A.Ş. from February 2006 to March 2018. From March 2018 to December 2018, he served as the Chairman of the Board of Directors and CEO of Doğuş Media Group. He established his own advisory company in 2019, and since March 2019, he serves as a Board Member of Türk Telekom, as a board member of QUA Granit A.Ş. and as an advisor of Global Exchange A.Ş. Acar is also a member of the Board of Trustees of TKYD, TÜYİD, YKKD, TED Advisory Board, TED University and TED Istanbul College. Having graduated from Business Administration and Accounting Department of Ankara Faculty of Economics and Commercial Sciences, Aclan Acar completed his Master's Degree in Banking and Insurance in the same faculty. He also took a Master's Degree in Economics at Vanderbilt University in Nashville, Tennessee, USA in the 1985-1986 academic year.

Tevfik KINIK (Independent Member)

He graduated from Ankara University, Faculty of Political Sciences, and completed his master's degree in Harvard University. He started his professional life in 1999 in the Capital Markets Board (CMB), and held office in CMB as the Head of Department of Institutional Investors and as the Deputy Chairman of the Board. Thereafter, he worked in Aktif Bank as the deputy general manager of capital markets and credits, and as the founding general of Simah Rating'de (Tassnief), which is the first local credit rating agency. After that he served as CEO of Demirören Holding. He currently serves as a Board Member of BtcTurk as well as an independent board member of Türkiye Securitization Company and Nuh Çimento A.Ş.

Elif Bilgehan MÜFTÜOĞLU (Independent Member)

She was born in 1974 in Ankara. She completed her bachelor's degree in the Department of Geological Engineering at Middle East Technical University, and master's degree in Geological High Technology Applications at Cincinnati University in the USA. After working on Satellite Image Processing and Geographical Information Systems in the USA, she returned to Türkiye and started to work as a network manager in the information processing department of the State Supply Office of the Ministry of Treasury and Finance. She took part in the establishment of the e-tender and e-supply systems of the Office. From 2007 to 2010, she worked as a project manager in the Software Development Department of TOBB. She assumed responsibility in the e-Trade Registry and Trade Registry Gazette e-Archive project, and she carried out technical examinations for applicable and draft legislation on e-trade application, R&D project incentives in the e-communication sector, e-notification and protection of personal data. From 2010 to 2014, she worked as a member of the TOBB working group in the Technical Committee of the Improvement of the Investment Environment Coordination Board, the Intellectual Property Rights and R&D. She was responsible for the preparation and implementation of action plans to capitalize on the R&D capacity of the private sector, in line with existing policies and the needs of the private sector. During this period, she took an MBA degree from TOBB Economy and Technology University with the graduation project of "Economic Analysis of Technology Transfer". She serves as the General Manager of GS1 Türkiye since October 2014. Being one of the member organizations located in 115 countries of GS1 International Standards Organization based in Belgium, GS1 Türkiye offers the standards and solutions created to increase the efficiency of operations in the supply chain and to ensure traceability in the chain to the use of companies in our country, and is also a part of the GS1 Europe Regional Forum consists of 49 member organizations. She was first elected as the General Manager of GS1 Türkiye in 2016 to the Board of Directors of the European Region consisting of 12 countries and elected as the Vice President of the European Region in 2020. Elif Müftüoğlu, who currently serves as the General Manager of GS1 Türkiye and Vice President of GS1 Europe Region, is also a member of the board of directors of GDSN Inc, a subsidiary company of GS1 Head Office registered in Delaware, USA as of the first quarter of 2021, and an independent member of the board of directors of Nuh Çimento A.Ş. She is also a member of Turkish Informatics Association and SpaceTURK-Space Researches working group.

I hereby declare that I am a candidate to serve as an "Independent Member" in the Board of Directors of Nuh Çimento Sanayi A.Ş. (the Company) within the scope of the criteria set out in the relevant legislation, the articles of association and Corporate Governance Principles Communiqué of the Capital Markets Board, and in this context;

- a) There is no employment relationship in a managerial position that will assume important duties and responsibilities in the last five years, between the Company, Company partnerships in which the Company has management control or significant influence, partners who hold the management control of the Company or who have significant influence in the Company, and legal entities over which these partners have management control, and myself, my wife and my relatives by blood and marriage up to the second degree; and I do not own jointly or individually, more than 5% of the capital or voting rights or preferred shares or that there is no significant commercial relationship,
- b) I have not served as a partner (5% or more), an employee in managerial positions who will undertake important duties and responsibilities, or a board member in the last five years especially in the audit of the Company (including tax audit, legal audit, internal audit), rating and consultancy, in companies where the Company purchases or sells significant services or products within the framework of the agreements made, during the periods when the service or product is purchased or sold,
- c) I have the professional educational background, knowledge, and experience to fulfill the duties I will undertake as an independent member of the board of directors,
- ç) I do not, and will not, work full-time in public institutions and organizations after being selected as a member, excluding university lecturing staff provided that it complies with the applicable legislation,
- d) I am a resident of Türkiye according to the Income Tax Law No. 193 of 31/12/1960,
- e) I have strong ethical standards, professional reputation, and experience that can contribute positively to the company's activities, maintain my impartiality in conflicts of interest between the Company and the shareholders, and decide freely by considering the rights of the stakeholders,
- f) I will be able to allocate time to Company affairs to follow the functioning of the Company's activities and fully fulfill the requirements of the duties I have undertaken,
- g) I have not served as a member of the board of directors of the Company for more than six years in the last ten years,
- ğ) I have not served as an independent member of the board of directors in more than three of the companies in which the Company or the shareholders holding the management control of the Company and in more than five of the companies traded in the stock exchange in total,
- h) I have not been registered and announced on behalf of the legal entity elected as a member of the board of directors. January 20, 2022

Vahdettin ERTAŞ

I hereby declare that I am a candidate to serve as an "Independent Member" in the Board of Directors of Nuh Çimento Sanayi A.Ş. (the Company) within the scope of the criteria set out in the relevant legislation, the articles of association and Corporate Governance Principles Communiqué of the Capital Markets Board, and in this context;

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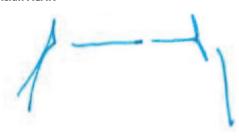
İsmail KÖKSAL

(Harbert

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- b) I have not served as a partner (5% or more), an employee in managerial positions who will undertake important duties and responsibilities, or a board member in the last five years especially in the audit of the Company (including tax audit, legal audit, internal audit), rating and consultancy, in companies where the Company purchases or sells significant services or products within the framework of the agreements made, during the periods when the service or product is purchased or sold,
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Aclan ACAR



I hereby declare that I am a candidate to serve as an "Independent Member" in the Board of Directors of Nuh Çimento Sanayi A.Ş. (the Company) within the scope of the criteria set out in the relevant legislation, the articles of association and Corporate Governance Principles Communiqué of the Capital Markets Board, and in this context;

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Tevfik KINIK

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STATEMENT OF INDEPENDENCE

I hereby declare that I am a candidate to serve as an "Independent Member" in the Board of Directors of Nuh Çimento Sanayi A.Ş. (the Company) within the scope of the criteria set out in the relevant legislation, the articles of association and Corporate Governance Principles Communiqué of the Capital Markets Board, and in this context;

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Elif Bilgehan MÜFTÜOĞLU



Assessment of the Board of Directors Regarding the Working Principles and Effectiveness of the **Board Committees**

In accordance with the Corporate Governance Principles no. II-17.1 of the Capital Markets Board entered into force after being published on January 3, 2014, in order to ensure that the duties and responsibilities of the Board of Directors are fulfilled in a healthy manner, with the resolution no. 1702 dated April 14, 2021, it was decided to establish the following committees to report to the Board of Directors:

- The Corporate Governance Committee consisting of seven members, Mr. Vahdettin Ertaş as the chairman and Mr. İsmail KÖKSAL, Mr. Aclan Acar, Mr. Mehmet Eskiyapan, Mr. Sinan Yurtbilir, Mr. Rahmi Çuhacı and Mrs. Serap Aktaş as members,
- The Early Detection of Risk Committee consisting of five members, Mr. Vahdettin Ertaş as the chairman and Mr. İsmail Köksal, Mr. Tevfik Kınık, Mr. Ahmet Faik Paralı and Mr. Muharrem Eskiyapan as members,
- The Audit Committee consisting of five members, Mr. Vahdettin Ertas as the chairman and Mr. İsmail Köksal, Mr. Tevfik Kınık, Mr. Aclan Acar and Mrs. Elif Bilgehan Müftüoğlu as members,
- The Nomination Committee consisting of five members, Mr. Vahdettin Ertaş as the chairman and Mr. İsmail Köksal, Mr. Fikret Eskiyapan, Mr. Mehmet Eskiyapan and Mr. Sinan Yurtbilir as members,

Board Committees' activities during the year;

- The Corporate Governance Committee convened twice in 2021 on March 2, 2021 and on March 24, 2021.
- The Early Detection of Risk Committee convened six times in 2021 on March 2, 2021, March 24, 2021, May 26, 2021, September 22, 2021, November 24, 2021 and December 21, 2021.
- The Audit Committee convened five times in 2021 on March 2, 2021, March 2, 2021, May 10, 2021, August 19, 2021 and November 9,
- The Nomination Committee did not hold a meeting in 2021.

The Board Committees submitted their reports to the Board containing information on their activities and the results of the meetings held during the year. The Board of Directors is of the opinion that the working principles and effectiveness of the Committees of the Board of Directors were utilized.

Corporate Governance Committee

The Corporate Governance Committee is constituted in accordance with the Capital Markets Board's Communiqué on Corporate Governance Principles to monitor the Company's compliance with corporate governance principles, to carry out improvement actions in this regard and to submit proposals to the Board of Directors. Currently it has 7 members, one of whom is the chairman. The Committee meets as often as required by the task assigned to it. It convened twice in 2021. At its meetings, the Committee checked the Corporate Governance Principles Compliance Report, reviewed the activities of the Investor Relations Department, evaluated whether the candidates for independent membership complied with the independence criteria and informed the Board of Directors on all these issues.

The Corporate Governance Committee performs the duties of the Remuneration Committee specified in the Corporate Governance Principles of the Capital Markets Board.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is constituted pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Capital Markets Board. It ensures that financial and operational activities are monitored in a healthy manner. The purpose of the Committee, which reports to the Board of Directors, is to monitor the financial and operational activities of the Company, to oversee and approve the accuracy and compliance of the annual and interim financial statements to be disclosed to the public with the accounting principles followed by the Company, to select the independent audit company, to prepare independent audit contracts and to initiate the independent audit process, to oversee the functioning and effectiveness of the internal control and internal audit system and to evaluate the findings obtained in relation to the internal control system. The chairman and members of the Committee are elected among the independent members of the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee held 5 meetings in 2021.

The Early Detection of Risk Committee

The Early Detection of Risk Committee is constituted pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Capital Markets Board. The Committee has been established to advise and make recommendations to the Board of Directors on the early detection and assessment of all kinds of risks that jeopardize the existence, development and continuity of the Company, the calculation of their impact and probability, the management and reporting of these risks in accordance with the Company's risk-taking profile, the implementation of the necessary measures regarding the risks identified, the consideration of these risks in decision-making mechanisms and the integration of effective internal control systems accordingly.

In 2021, the Committee reviewed the risk management systems, detected the risks to be accepted and managed in the Company, and supported the Board of Directors in determining the opportunities that may increase the effectiveness of the Company's activities. The Early Detection of Risk Committee convened 6 times in 2021.

Nomination Committee

Duties of the Nomination Committee are to assess the proposals for the independent board member candidates, taking into account whether the candidate meets the independence criteria, and to submit this assessment to the board of directors enclosed with a report, to carry out practices for creating a transparent system for the determination, assessment and training of candidates for the board of directors and executive manager positions, and for determining the policies and strategies in this respect, to make periodical assessments on the structure and efficiency of the board of directors, and to submit to the board of directors its recommendations related to the changes that can be made in this respect. The committee did not hold a meeting in 2021.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES

The company pays utmost attention to compliance with the Corporate Governance Principles of the Capital Markets Board (CMB) in its corporate governance practices, and discloses in the relevant sections of the Corporate Governance Compliance Report and the Corporate Governance Information Forum the reasons for non-compliance and the measures taken against conflicts of interest that may arise due to non-compliance with the principles. The purpose of implementation of these principles is to strengthen the trust of all the Company's beneficiaries.

Having adopted the corporate governance approach as a principle, the Company fully complies with the mandatory principles under the Communiqué on the Corporate Governance No. II-17.1 (Communiqué), and complies with the majority of the non-mandatory principles

While we aim at full compliance with non-mandatory Corporate Governance Principles as well, we have not achieved full compliance due to the difficulties encountered in implementation and the fact that some principles are not appropriate for the country conditions, the market and the current structure of the Company. Our Company has not received any information regarding any conflict of interest arising from non-compliance with the non-mandatory principles, and no such determination has been made by our Corporate Governance Committee. Administrative, legal and technical infrastructure work is ongoing for the principles that the Company has not been able to implement, and we plan to put them into practice when the work is completed.

Main non-mandatory Corporate Governance Principles that our Company has not been able to comply with are listed below.

- Donations and aids have been included in the agenda of the general assembly as a separate agenda item. The information document of the general assembly meeting held in 2021 contains the total amount and details of donations with the highest amounts (CGP 1.3.10)
- The shareholders who hold less than one-twentieth of the share capital are not granted minority rights, and they are provided with the rights enumerated in general regulations in the legislation. (CGP 1.5.2)
- The website has been prepared in accordance with the Corporate Governance Principles. The site is mostly organized in a way that foreign investors can use. (CGP 2.1.4)
- There is no policy or procedure published on the corporate website related to the rights of beneficiaries. (CGP 3.1.3)
- Participation of employees in management is not regulated by the articles of association or internal regulations. (CGP 3.2.1)
- Company does not have succession plans for all key management positions. (CGP 3.3.1)
- Informative meetings are held and trainings are carried out on health, training and occupational health and safety. (CGP 3.3.4)
- Ethical Codes of Conduct has been determined and published on the website. (CGP 3.5.1)
- The Company's Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer are not the same person. But this is not specified in the articles of association. (CGP 4.2.5)
- No target or deadline has been set for the number of women members on the Board of Directors to be no less than 25%, and no policy has been established yet to achieve these targets. The board of directors includes one woman member. (CGP 4.3.9)
- It is essential that information and documents related to the matters to be discussed at the board meetings are sent to all members before the meeting. However, there is no internal regulation for the minimum period. (CGP 4.4.2)
- All the board members are informed of the method of holding meetings of the board of directors at the beginning of the year. However, there is no written internal regulation for this specific issue. (CGP 4.4.5)
- Members of the Board of Directors may assume other duties or hold positions outside the Company. This issue is not subject to certain rules or limitations. (CGP 4.4.7)
- Due to the structure of the Board of Directors and the obligations imposed by the CMB Legislation, Board Members serve on more than one committee. (CGP 4.5.5)
- No special performance evaluation has been made at Board of Directors level. (CGP 4.6.1)
- In accordance with the Law No. 6698 on the Protection of Personal Data, remuneration paid to the members of the Board of Directors and executives is disclosed as a total amount, not on individual basis. (CGP4.6.5) The Corporate Governance Compliance Report 2021 (URF) and the Corporate Governance Information Form (KYBF), which were prepared in accordance with the Decision no. 2/49 dated 10.01.2019 of CMB and approved by the Board of Directors of Nuh Çimento, were disclosed to the public on the Public Disclosure Platform within the period deemed appropriate by CMB.

Information on Dividend Distribution Policy

Our Company determines dividend distribution in accordance with Capital Markets Regulations, Turkish Commercial Code, tax regulations and article 26 of the Company's Articles of Association. The Articles of Association contains no privilege related to participation in the Company's profit.

The date and manner of distribution of the annual profit to the shareholders shall be decided by the General Assembly upon the proposal of the Board of Directors in accordance with the Capital Markets Law and the relevant regulations of the Capital Markets Board.

The proposal of the Company's Board of Directors related to dividend distribution is submitted for the information of shareholders every year at the General Assembly as a separate agenda item. The dividend distribution policy and the annual dividend distribution proposal which contains the details set forth in the Corporate Governance Principles of CMB are included in the annual report, submitted for the information of shareholders at the General Assembly, and disclosed to the public on our Company's website.

From the profit for the period recognized in the 2020 balance sheet prepared in accordance with the Tax Procedure Law (TPL), a dividend amounting to gross TL 225,320,400 was distributed to shareholders as gross 1.50 kurus per share as of March 30, 2021.

SENIOR MANAGERS Kamil Gökhan BOZKURT / CEO

K. Gökhan Bozkurt, who was born in 1971, completed his undergraduate education in the Department of Economics at Bilkent University, and his Master's Degree in the Department of Economics at Johns Hopkins University (USA). From 1999 to 2003, he held various positions in international financial institutions. In 2003, he worked in Ziraat Bankası as the Head of Department of Foreign Relations and Subsidiaries Abroad, and as a Board Member of Ziraat Bankası Moscow and Ziraat Bankası International AG (Germany). From 2004 to 2006, he served as the Assistant General Manager in charge of Human Resources, Financial Institutions and International Banking at Türkiye Halk Bankası. He managed the merger of Halkbank and Pamukbank. He served in various senior positions as the Chairman of Halkbank Privatization Committee, as the Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors of Birlik Sigorta and as the Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors of KOBİ Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı. He joined Türk Telekom in 2006 as the Human Resources Director, and served as the CEO of Türk Telekom starting from 2010. He successfully managed the transformation of Türk Telekom and its subsidiaries from a public company into an international and competitive private companies. He has been served as the CEO of Nuh Group of Companies since March 2013.

Halim TEKKESİN / General Manager

He was born in 1971 in Çankırı. He graduated from the Department of Chemistry Engineering of Middle East Technical University and from the Department of Foreign Trade of Anadolu University. He studied finance and business administration at Kocaeli University. He started his career as an operating engineer at Nuh Çimento Sanayi A.Ş in 1995, then continued as a senior manager at AS Çimento Sanayi A.Ş., SC Endüstri A.Ş. and Nuh Yapı Ürünleri A.Ş., and finally as the General Manager of Aslan Cimento A.Ş. Apart from the construction materials such as Cement, Concrete, Lime, Autoclaved Aerated Concrete and Plaster, he also carried out professional works on renewable energy and generating energy from waste heat.

Avhan İMAMOĞLU / CFO

He was born in 1969 in Germany. He graduated from Middle East Technical University, Department of Economics, in 1994. He worked at Alarko Taahhüt Group as the "Budget and Reporting Manager" from 1996 to 2001, at Alarko Holding A.Ş. as the "Group Budget, Planning and Financial Analysis Manager" in charge of the whole Group of Companies from 2002 to 2005, and at Petrol Ofisi A.Ş. as the "MİS, Budget and Financial Control Manager" from 2006 to 2009. From 2010 to 2013, he worked as the CFO of Rixos Hotels. He has a Certified Public Accountant certificate, and Holding, Construction/Contracting, Energy, Tourism, Real Estate and Industry sectors are among his areas of specialization. He has been served as the CFO of Nuh Çimento Group since October 2015.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND ASSESSMENT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

A. Risk Management

Nuh Çimento's main objectives in risk management are to anticipate, manage, and monitor potential risks and to create action plans necessary for the risk and crisis management in advance. The Company's Board of Directors, Early Detection of Risk Committee, Audit Committee and top management are regularly informed of risks. The Early Detection of Risk Committee held 6 meetings in 2021 and informed the Board of Directors.

The Early Detection of Risk Committee makes recommendations and proposals to the Board of Directors related to compliance with article 378 of Turkish Commercial Code no. 6102 entered into force on July 1, 2012, early detection, assessment, and calculation of the impact and likelihood of any risks that may affect the Company, management and reporting of these risks in accordance with the company's corporate risk appetite, taking necessary measures related to mitigating the impact and probability of the risks detected, and establishment of effective internal control systems accordingly.

The 3 main risk categories which may affect Nuh Çimento in achieving its targets and the actions taken in relation to those risks are summarized below.

Risk Categories of Nuh Çimento

- 1. Financial Risks
- 2. Operational Risks
- 3. Strategic Risks

1. Financial Risks

Within the scope of financial risks, the Company manages the foreign exchange, interest, liquidity, and counterparty risks. The Company closely monitors national and international economic developments and takes necessary precautions by taking into account the impact of economic developments on assets and liabilities.

Foreign Exchange Risk: Nuh Çimento is exposed to foreign exchange risk due to imports of fuel, raw materials and machine spare parts. The Company protects itself against the negative effects of changes in foreign exchange rates through export agreements. In 2021, in cases where loans in foreign currency were obtained, deposits close to these loan amounts were kept in time deposit accounts. Net exchange position had a surplus as of December 31, 2021.

Interest Risk: The Company's main approach to interest rate risk management is to create a financial asset-liability portfolio with a balanced interest rate structure. In order to manage the interest rate risk, the amount, maturity and interest rates of interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities are monitored closely, and balanced in favor of the Company. The loan portfolio consists entirely of fixed interest rate loans. By following the periods in which the loan interests were low, the Company's loan portfolio was renewed.

Liquidity and Counterparty Risk: The main approach to liquidity risk management is to maintain adequate and timely resources to meet financial obligations. The Company currently has sufficient cash on hand to meet a significant portion of its short-term liabilities. Accounts receivables are monitored within the collateral limits and the days sales outstanding is monitored to ensure compliance with the days sales specified in the budget.

2. Operational Risks

Within the scope of operational risks, the Company manages occupational health and safety risks, environmental risks, information security risks and external risks. Operational risk activities, which are essentially aimed at safe management of operations, are also aimed at compliance with laws and regulations and protection of physical assets.

Occupational Health & Safety and Environmental Risks: Environmental risks and occupational health and safety risks are among the areas that the Company pays special attention to and closely monitors. Operating in a sector with high risks of occupational accidents, Nuh Çimento's ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management System is continuously supported by training, implementation, auditing and improvement activities. The Company ensures that its employees are continuously informed about occupational safety, that the amendments to the legislation are communicated across the whole organization, that the OHS statistics are continuously included in the company's goals, and that the number of audits, near-miss incident reports and number of non-compliances are prioritized, regular site audit reports is issued and analyses such as technical analyses which investigate how accidents occurred instead of why they occurred are made.

Global climate change is among the most important environmental problems in the world. The destructive results of this environmental disaster which is referred to as global warming are affecting the whole world. In 2021, floods, hurricanes and drought, which caused the death and displacement of millions of people throughout the world, occurred also in those places not responsible for the climate change. It is also known that the mucilage which impacted Marmara Sea was caused by global climate change and waste dumped into the sea. Environmental risks have become more important under these conditions. We manage our environmental activities within the scope of our Environmental Management System and Policy. We calculate our emissions in accordance with the Regulation on the Monitoring of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and the Communiqué on Monitoring and Reporting of Greenhouse Gas Emissions. Environmental permits and licenses required to continue our operations are kept up to date. At Nuh Çimento's facilities, we ensure that our wastes are disposed of through various methods such as energy recovery, material recovery, recycling and landfilling. Information Security: Department of Information Technologies, business process managers, auditors and legal departments work closely together to identify critical information systems values. We periodically perform backups and take measures to prevent loss of corporate information. The Company has ISO 27001 Information Security Management System certificate since 2016. The findings of regular internal and external audits are monitored, corrective actions are planned and risk mitigation activities are carried out. External Risks: The Company also carries out studies on external risks such as risks arising from natural disasters, national and international economic risks and political risks it may be exposed to during its operations. For possible natural disaster risks that we may encounter, emergency and business continuity plans are prepared, and drills are performed to minimize the risks that may arise in emergencies and to make an intervention with such methods achieving the goal. In addition to these, assets were insured against natural disaster risks. In 2021, in order to prevent Covid-19 pandemic from spreading among employees, measures were taken in all the areas used by employees. In addition, activities carried out collectively were postponed.

3. Strategic Risks

Nuh Çimento's strategic risks consist of the sales, supply chain, investment, project and compliance risks, which may prevent the realization of the Company's short, mid and long-term strategies.

Legal risks and opportunities are evaluated and monitored by management and legal advisors in terms of compliance with applicable laws, regulations and standards. In order to minimize the risks arising from legal disputes due to insufficient or inaccurate information or the failure of the personnel to fulfill these obligations on time, the relevant departments are informed through their internal hierarchy.

In order to prevent the adverse impacts of customer preferences, international standards are monitored.

B. Internal Control System and Internal Audit

The internal control system has been established to ensure that the Company's activities are carried out regularly and efficiently in compliance with the Company's policies, assets are protected, errors and fraud are detected and prevented, accounting records are complete and accurate, reliable financial information is prepared in a timely manner and the Company achieves its objectives.

The Company has an Internal Audit Department reporting to the Board of Directors. Internal Audit Department carries out regular audit activities within the framework of the duties assigned to it, and findings of these audits are immediately included in the agenda and necessary corrective measures are implemented.

The Audit Committee, which is a sub-committee of the Company's Board of Directors, periodically monitors all the internal control and audit activities, and reviews and approves the annual audit plans. The Committee makes the necessary recommendations to the Board of Directors and gives its opinion on the appropriateness of the financial reports.

Accounting books and financial statements are reviewed by the Audit Committee and the Group Audit Presidency, and are also audited by the independent audit company DRT Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. (Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited).

OTHER DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY LAW

Information on the transactions conducted by the board members with the Company on their own behalf or on behalf of third parties within the framework of the authorization granted by the Company General Assembly, and their activities within the scope of the prohibition of competition

The Company's Board Members have not carried out any transaction with the company and did not engage in any business ventures that would compete with the Company in the same fields of activity.

Amendments to the articles of association made during the period

Article 4 titled "Head Office and Branches of the Company", Article 7 titled "The Board of Directors and Compliance With the Corporate Governance Principles", and Article 16 titled "Meeting Venue" of the Company's Articles of Association were amended with the permission no. E-29833736-110.03.03-1298 dated 04.02.2021 of the Capital Markets Board and the permission no. E-5003591-431.02-00061392680 dated 11.02.2021 of the Ministry of Commerce.

Information on the acquisition of own shares by the Company None.

Explanations on the private audit and public audit conducted during the accounting period None.

Explanations on the administrative and judicial sanctions imposed on the company and board members due to practices that are contrary to legislative provisions

There are no administrative and judicial sanctions imposed on the Company and members of the management body due to practices that are contrary to legislative provisions.

Information and evaluations on whether the targets defined in the previous periods were achieved, whether the resolutions of General Assembly were fulfilled, and if the targets were not achieved or the resolutions were not fulfilled, the reasons thereof The budget targets set in the previous periods were achieved and the general assembly resolutions were fulfilled.

Information on the extraordinary general assembly meeting held during the year

The extraordinary general assembly meeting convened on March 10, 2021 to amend the articles of association. At the Extraordinary general assembly meeting; Article 4 titled "Head Office and Branches of the Company", Article 7 titled "The Board of Directors and Compliance with the Corporate Governance Principles", and Article 16 titled "Meeting Venue" of the Company's Articles of Association were amended with the permission no. E-29833736-110.03.03-1298 dated 04.02.2021 of the Capital Markets Board and the permission no. E-5003591-431.02-00061392680 dated 11.02.2021 of the Ministry of Commerce.

Transactions with Related Parties

The Company enters into transactions with its subsidiaries for the purchase and sale of goods and services and these transactions are carried out in accordance with the arm's length principle. Buying and selling decisions are made by taking into account the volume of transactions and the continuity of the business and by reviewing the market prices, quality and delivery possibilities.

In 2021, the amount of goods and services we sold to our subsidiary Nuh Beton A.Ş. is TL 98,659,944.

In 2021, the amount of goods and services we sold to our subsidiary Nuh Yapı Ürünleri A.Ş. is TL 44,712,434.

These sales of goods and services are not common and continuous transfers of assets, services and liabilities which may be considered within the meaning of the Capital Markets Board Communiqué No. II-17.1. These transactions were carried out in accordance with the arm's length principle.

Determination and assessment of the board of directors on whether the company has insufficient capital reserves or whether the company is insolvent

The Company has sufficient capital reserves and it is solvent.

Measures to be taken to improve the financial structure of the Company

The Company's current working capital, financial structure and liquidity are considered to be adequate and do not require any measures to be taken. The financial structure is managed effectively by planning the cash inflows and cash needs.

Remarks on events of particular importance that occurred after the end of the fiscal year and that may affect the rights of shareholders, creditors and other related persons and organizations

None.

Amendments to the legislation which might significantly affect the Company's activities None.

If the share capital of a capital company has shares that reach the limits set by the legislation or if its shares fall below these limits, and the reason for it

There is no change in 2021 which reached or dropped below these limits..

Information on the shares of the Group companies in the capital of the parent company

The Group companies do not have any share in the capital of the parent company.

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(CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the General Assembly of Nuh Cimento Sanayi A.Ş.

A) Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

1) Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Nuh Çimento Sanayi A.Ş. ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of 31 December 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS").

2) Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards on auditing issued by Capital Markets Board and the Standards on Independent Auditing ("SIA") which is a part of Turkish Auditing Standards published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Independent Auditors ("Code of Ethics") published by the POA, together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Deloitte refers to one or more of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited, a UK private company limited by guarantee ("DFTL"), its network of member firms, and their related entities. DFTL and each of its member firms are legally separate and independent entities. DFTL (also referred to as "Deloitte Global") does not provide services to clients. Please see www.deloitte.com/about to learn more about our global network of member firms.

3) Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter

Revenue recognition

The Group management takes into account the conditions set out in TFRS 15 regarding the fulfilment of performance obligations and recognition of the transaction costs allocated to them as revenue, in particular whether the control of goods and services have passed to the customer.

Revenue is important in terms of the amount of the financial statements and the measurement of the Company's performance.

The Group recognizes revenue by analyzing whether the significant risks and rewards are transferred to the buyer according to the delivery terms of export sales.

In this context, revenue recognition has been determined as one of the key audit matters since determining whether the revenue recognition criteria are met as well as determining whether the revenue is recorded in the financial statements in the correct period requires significant judgment of management.

Disclosure of the Group's revenue recognition accounting policies balances are presented in Note 2 and Note

How the matter was addressed in the audit

We performed the following procedures in relation to the revenue recognition:

- · The design and implementation of the controls on the revenue process have been evaluated. The Group's sales and delivery procedures have been analyzed.
- Terms of trade and delivery with respect to contracts made with customers have been examined and the timing of revenue recognition in the financial statements for the different shipment arrangements has been assessed.
- · For substantive procedures, we focused on transactions where the goods billed but revenue has not been earned. Customers with the longest delivery period have been identified among the existing customers of the Group and a date range has been determined. Sales lists have been provided from the relevant departments. The control of the completeness and accuracy of these lists have been tested.

In addition, we assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in Note 20 under TFRS.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Group Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with TFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Responsibilities of independent auditors in an independent audit are as follows:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the standards on auditing issued by Capital Markets Board and SIA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the standards on auditing issued by Capital Markets Board and SIA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements,
 whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
 and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion
 (The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
 resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control).
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

5) Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (cont'd)

Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

B) Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

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In accordance with paragraph four of the Article 398 of the Turkish Commercial Code No. 6102 ("TCC"), the auditor's report on the system and the committee of early detection of risk has been submitted to the Board of Directors of the Company on 1 March 2022.

In accordance with paragraph four of the Article 402 of TCC, nothing has come to our attention that may cause us to believe that the Group's set of accounts and financial statements prepared for the period 1 January - 31 December 2021 does not comply with TCC and the provisions of the Company's articles of association in relation to financial reporting.

In accordance with paragraph four of the Article 402 of TCC, the Board of Directors provided us all the required information and documentation with respect to our audit.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ali Çiçekli.

DRT BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE SERBEST MUHASEBECİ MALİ MÜŞAVİRLİK A.Ş. Member of DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU LIMITED

Ali Ciçekli Partner

Istanbul, 1 March 2022

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AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

	Notes	Current Period 31 December 2021	Prior Period 31 December 2020
ASSETS			
Current Assets		1,648,247,014	959,007,964
Cash and Cash Equivalents	34	553,884,272	464,468,206
Financial Investments	29	7,767,675	4,306,566
Trade Receivables	6	424,520,781	309,937,222
Trade Receivables from Related Parties	5	17,800	73,813
Trade Receivables from Third Parties		424,502,981	309,863,409
Other Receivables	7	54,775,851	4,646,379
Other Receivables from Third Parties		54,775,851	4,646,379
Derivative Instruments	29	-	1,107,891
Inventories	9	434,301,351	145,089,396
Prepaid Expenses	10	109,183,396	12,598,373
Current Tax Assets	27	199,957	612,327
Other Current Assets	8	63,613,731	16,241,604
Non-Current Assets		1,824,989,003	1,559,113,608
Trade Receivables		9,224,625	-
Trade Receivables from Third Parties	6	9,224,625	-
Other Receivables		2,039,034	1,832,476
Other Receivables from Third Parties	7	2,039,034	1,832,476
Financial Investments	29	528,950,900	588,060,658
Investment Properties	11	193,887,280	198,829,747
Property, Plant and Equipment	12	804,057,072	682,194,295
Right of Use Assets	14	22,111,254	22,448,996
Intangible Assets		42,956,443	43,518,995
Goodwill	15	17,348,274	17,348,274
Other Intangible Assets	13	25,608,169	26,170,721
Prepaid Expenses	10	31,130,998	4,233,110
Deferred Tax Asset	27	186,196,931	14,828,161
Other Non-Current Assets	8	4,434,466	3,167,170
TOTAL ASSETS	=	3,473,236,017	2,518,121,572

AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

	Notes	Current Period 31 December 2021	Prior Period 31 December 2020
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current Liabilities		844,945,772	498,110,334
Short-Term Borrowings	29	248,000,000	155,513,285
Short-Term Portions of Long-Term Borrowings	29	159,639,079	26,942,843
Lease Liabilities	29	1,943,928	4,169,226
Trade Payables	6	269,988,577	221,230,155
Trade Payables to Third Parties		269,988,577	221,230,155
Payables Related to Employee Benefits	17	9,527,928	8,166,962
Other Payables	7	22,389,733	11,053,672
Other Payables to Third Parties		22,389,733	11,053,672
Deferred Income	10	61,355,041	22,023,791
Current Income Tax Liability	27	46,001,093	20,434,551
Short-Term Provisions		25,803,966	24,340,566
Short-Term Provisions for Employee Benefits	17	5,864,583	4,145,572
Other Short-Term Provisions	16	19,939,383	20,194,994
Other Short-Term Provisions	18	296,427	4,235,283
Non-Current Liabilities		456,440,210	221,125,586
Long-Term Liabilities	29	312,655,357	115,529,000
Lease Liabilities	29	23,044,387	18,558,230
Long-Term Provisions		75,241,310	55,736,322
Long-Term Provisions for Employee Benefits	17	68,273,836	51,090,986
Other Long-Term Provisions	16	6,967,474	4,645,336
Deferred Income		-	734,250
Deferred Tax Liability	27	45,499,156	30,567,784
EQUITY		2,171,850,035	1,798,885,652
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent		2,171,842,472	1,798,882,235
Paid-in Share Capital	19	150,213,600	150,213,600
Capital Adjustments Differences	19	39,338,145	39,338,145
Other Comprehensive Expenses that will not be			
Reclassified to Profit or Loss		90,796,422	134,943,401
- Gains from Investments to Equity-Based			
Financial Instruments		99,341,944	143,488,923
- Loss on remeasurement of defined benefit plans		(8,545,522)	(8,545,522)
Restricted Reserves Appropriated from Profit	19	467,909,963	339,342,867
Retained Earnings		781,156,726	564,794,480
Net Profit for the Period		642,427,616	570,249,742
Non-Controlling Interest		7,563	3,417
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	_	3,473,236,017	2,518,121,572

AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

		Current Period 1 January- 31 December	Prior Period 1 January- 31 December
	Note	2021	2020
PROFIT OR LOSS			
Revenue	20	2,493,229,032	1,706,337,086
Cost of Sales (-)	20	(1,794,543,838)	(1,140,742,402)
GROSS PROFIT		698,685,194	565,594,684
General Administrative Expenses (-)	21	(141,092,155)	(107,059,998)
Marketing Expenses (-)	21	(76,476,667)	(61,747,880)
Research and Development Expenses (-)	21	(15,691)	(7,062)
Other Income from Operating Activities	23	110,028,891	22,753,266
Other Expenses from Operating Activities (-)	23	(54,885,200)	(25,474,615)
OPERATING PROFIT	_	536,244,372	394,058,395
Income from Investing Activities	24	46,783,275	257,644,520
Expenses from Investing Activities (-)	24	(5,539,656)	(5,173,736)
Shares of Profit/Losses of Investments			
Valued by Equity Method	3	-	37,531
PROFIT BEFORE FINANCE INCOME / (EXPENSES)	-	577,487,991	646,566,710
Finance Income	25	263,945,713	150,812,708
Finance Expenses (-)	25	(193,380,722)	(132,561,710)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		648,052,982	664,817,708
Tax Expense		(5,621,220)	(94,568,299)
Current Tax Expense	27	(159,734,830)	(90,215,752)
Deferred Tax (Expense) / Income	27	154,113,610	(4,352,547)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	_ _	642,431,762	570,249,409
Profit for the Period Attributable to			
Non-Controlling Interests		4,146	(333)
Equity of the Parent Company		642,427,616	570,249,742
Earnings per share	28	4.28	3.80

AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

	Note	Current Period 1 January- 31 December 2021	Prior Period 1 January- 31 December 2020
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		642 421 762	570 240 400
	_	642,431,762	570,249,409
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (EXPENSES) / INCOME:		(44.146.070)	142 107 220
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		(44,146,979)	143,197,328
Loss on Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans of Investment in Associates Valued by Equity Method			(364,493)
Loss on Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans		_	(304,473)
of Investment in Associates Valued by Equity Method, Tax Effect		_	72,899
Earnings from Investments in Equity-Based			72,000
Financial Instruments	1	(46,470,767)	151,041,234
Earnings from Investments in Equity-Based		(, , , ,	, ,
Financial Instruments, Tax Effect	27	2,323,788	(7,552,311)
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		-	(2,679,228)
Foreign Currency Translation Difference		-	(2,679,228)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME / (EXPENSES)	-	(44,146,979)	140,518,100
	=		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		598,284,783	710,767,509
	=	0,0,201,700	710,707,005
Total Comprehensive Income Attributable To:		598,284,783	710,767,509
Non-Controlling Interests		4,146	(333)
Equity of the Parent Company		598,280,637	710,767,842

AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

		,	Accumuls Income or Expense	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses that will not be Reclassified Subsequently to Profit or Loss	ensive Reclassified 88	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses that will be Reclassified Subsequently to Profit or Loss	I	Retained Earnings	arnings			
	Paid -in Capital	Capital Adjustment Difference	Gain / (Loss) on Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	Gain / (Loss) Revaluation and Classification	Gains / (Losses) from Investments in Equity Financial Instruments	Foreign Currency Translation Differences	Restricted Reserves Appropriated from Profit	Prior Years' Losses	Net Profit for the Period	Total equity attributable to the parent	Non- controlling interests	Equity
Balances as of 1 January 2020	150,213,600	39,338,145	(9,447,375)	5,712		2,679,228	331,841,894	517,839,089	160,793,620	1,193,263,913	3,750	1,193,267,663
Transfers Total Comprehensive Income			- (291,595)		143,488,923	. (2,679,228)	7,500,973	153,292,647	(160,793,620) 570,249,742	710,767,842	(333)	710,767,509
Impact of changes in the scope of consolidation (Note 1) Dividends	1 1		1,193,448	(5,712)				(1,187,736) (105,149,520)		(105,149,520)		(105,149,520)
Balances as of 31 December 2020	150,213,600	39,338,145	(8,545,522)		143,488,923		339,342,867	564,794,480	570,249,742	1,798,882,235	3,417	1,798,885,652
Balances as of 1 January 2021	150,213,600	39,338,145	(8,545,522)	, 	143,488,923		339,342,867	564,794,480	570,249,742	1,798,882,235	3,417	1,798,885,652
Transfers Total Comprehensive Income Dividends					- (44,146,979)		128,567,096	441,682,646 - (225,320,400)	(570,249,742) 642,427,616 -	598,280,637 (225,320,400)	4,146	598,284,783 (225,320,400)
Balances as of 31 December 2021	150,213,600	39,338,145	(8,545,522)	, 	99,341,944		467,909,963	781,156,726	642,427,616	2,171,842,472	7,563	2,171,850,035

AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

	Note	Current Period 1 January- 31 December 2021	Prior Period 1 January- 31 December 2020
A. Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Profit for the Period Adjustments Related to Reconciliation of Net Profit for the Period		642,431,762	570,249,409
- Adjustments Related to Depreciation and Amortisation	11-12-13-14	91,544,083	82,683,307
- Adjustments Related to Impairment (Reversal)	6	5.062.700	2 002 556
- Adjustments Related to Impairment in Receivables - Adjustments Related to Inventory Impairment	9	5,962,709	3,882,556 2,461,056
Adjustments Related to Provisions			,,
- Adjustments Related to Legal Claims - Adjustments Related to (Reversal of) Provisions Allocated Within the	16	767,907	11,572,556
Framework of Sectoral Requirements	16	2,322,138	(1,909,272)
- Adjustments Related to Provision for Employee Benefits	17	23,098,760	8,001,261
Adjustments Related to Tax Expense	27	5,621,220	94,568,299
Adjustments Related to Unrealized Foreign Currency Translation Differences Adjustments Related to Tax (Income) / Expense		113,666,947	33,278,700
- Adjustments Related to Interest Income	25	(23,185,474)	(20,258,096)
- Adjustments Related to Interest Expense	25	26,285,194	34,956,990
Adjustments Related to Derivative Transactions	25	-	1,113,895
Gain on Disposal of Non-Current Assets			
- Adjustments Related to Gain on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	24 24	(4,894,865) (528,369)	(3,881,698) (2,562,194)
- Adjustments Related to Gain on Disposal of Investment Properties Adjustments Related to Gain From Disposal Of Non-Current Assets Held For Sale	24	(328,309)	(2,302,194)
Distribution To Shareholders	24	_	(22,805,823)
Adjustments Related to Gain From Disposal Of Associates or Changes in Shares	1	-	(198,790,614)
Adjustments Related to Associates' Profit Accounted According to Equity Method		-	(37,531)
Other	-	-	616,217
Changes in washing souited		883,092,012	593,139,018
Changes in working capital - Adjustments Related to Increase/Decrease in Inventories		(289,211,955)	19,260,265
- Adjustments Related to Increase/Decrease in Trade Receivables		(129,770,893)	(101,578,204)
- Adjustments Related to Increase/Decrease in Other Receivables			
from Operating Activities		(195,244,175)	(13,582,562)
- Adjustments Related to Increase/Decrease in Trade Payables		48,758,422	85,870,319
 Adjustments Related to Increase/Decrease in Other Payables from Operating Activities 		47,355,170	(1,085,289)
Net Cash Flows Generated from Operating Activities	-	364,978,581	582,023,547
Taxes Paid/Returns	27	(134,368,245)	(78,957,852)
Legal Claims Paid	16	(1,023,518)	(7,175,784)
Employee Termination Benefits Paid	17	(4,196,898)	(3,977,962)
	-	225,389,920	491,911,949
B. Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Cash Outflows from Purchases of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets	10-12-24	(233,865,570)	(88,700,403)
Cash Inflows from Sales of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets		5,298,011	4,537,250
Cash Inflows from Sales of Investment Properties	11-24	2,028,626	17,170,445
Cash Inflows From Sales of Non-Current Assets Held For Sale Other cash inflows/outflows		10,285,773	44,296,021 (125,099,230)
Outer Cash innows/outnows	- -	(216,253,160)	(147,795,917)
C. Cash Flows from Financing Activities	-		
Dividend Paid	19	(225,320,400)	(105,149,520)
Interest Paid Cash Inflows / (Outflows) from Borrowings, net	29	(16,729,357) 303,283,425	(30,084,472)
Cash Outflows from Repayment of Lease Liabilities	29	(4,139,836)	(67,905,334) (5,864,795)
Interest Received	25	23,185,474	20,258,096
	-	80,279,306	(188,746,025)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		00.416.655	455.050.005
BEFORE THE EFFECTS OF FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION DIFFERENCES (A+B+C)	=	89,416,066	155,370,007
D. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	34	464,468,206	309,098,199
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD (A+B+C+D)	34	553,884,272	464,468,206
	-		

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE GROUP 1.

Nuh Çimento Sanayi A.Ş. ("Nuh Çimento" or "the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") are joint stock and limited liability companies and their principal activities are production of various types of cement, lime, ready-mixed concrete, gas concrete, electricity generation, transportation, real estate and marketable securities management, import, export service and trade sectors.

The head office address of the Company is Hacı Akif Mah. D-100 Karayolu Cad. No:92 Körfez / Kocaeli.

The Company is registered with the Capital Markets Board ("CMB") and 16.18% of its shares are open to the public. It has been traded on Borsa Istanbul ("BIST") since 24 February 2000.

The details of the reporting according to the fields of activity and geographical sections related to the ongoing activities of the Group are included in the Note 4.

As of 31 December 2021 and 2020, the average number of personnel of the Group is categorized as follows:

	1 January-	1 January-
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Blue collar	932	890
White collar	316	315
	1,248	1,205

The main partner of the Group and the parties holding the main control are respectively; Nuh Ticaret Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. and Partas Tekstil İnşaat Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. are companies.

Shareholders	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Nuh Ticaret Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	44.13% 16.32%	44.13% 16.41%
Partaş Tekstil İnşaat Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. Listed	16.18%	16.32%
Other (*)	23.37%	23.14%
Total Shares	100%	100%

(*) Represents total of shares less than 5%.

Approval of Consolidated Financial Statements:

The consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors 1 March 2022. General Assembly has power to change the Group's consolidated financial statements.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE GROUP (cont'd)

Subsidiaries:

The details of the Company's subsidiaries and joint ventures are as follows:

Nuh Beton A.Ş. ("Nuh Beton")

Nuh Beton started to produce ready-mixed concrete in 1987 at the Bostancı facility as a separate entity of Nuh Çimento parallel to the developments in concrete industry, new facilities were established in Hereke, Büyükbakkalköy, İkitelli, Büyükçekmece and İzmit.

In order to get better organized in the rapid developing ready-mixed concrete sector, the facilities separated from Nuh Çimento and Nuh Beton A.Ş. (Nuh Beton) was established in 1995. Besides, approximately 87 thousand m² shopping center and hotel constructions on the land owned by Nuh Beton in Bostancı were finalized in and carried to financial statements as investment property.

Nuh Yapı Ürünleri A.Ş. ("Nuh Yapı")

A lime factory with a capacity of 160,000 m3/year within the body of Nuh Çimento in 1984, and a gas concrete brick plant with a capacity of 160,000 tons/year in 1996, became operational.

The legal establishment of Nuh Yapı was realized in 1995. In 1998, the Company started its operations with two facilities stated above and machine factory which was a part of Nuh Çimento and mainly serves the Nuh group companies in the production of equipment and projects for maintenance, repair and investments.

Nuh Yapı completed the construction of aerated concrete block production facility, in 2008 with an annual capacity of 400,000 m³, which was started in 2007. Besides, the limestone production facility whose investment started in 2007 was completed at the end of 2010 with an annual quicklime production capacity of 212,000 tons.

Nuh Gayrimenkul İnşaat A.Ş. (Nuh Gayrimenkul)

Nuh Gayrimenkul was established in 1997 for the purpose of ensuring efficient use of the real estate within the structure of the Group companies, of production and project preparation operations in the construction sector.

Çim-Nak Taşımacılık Limited Şirketi (Çim-Nak)

It was established in 1979 to provide maritime and land transportation services, mine ores management and sea transportation services.

Çim-Nak still continues its activities by providing services to its main partner, Nuh Çimento, for mine ore management and sea transportation.

Navig Holding Trade B.V. (Navig)

Navig was established in 1997 in Netherlands with the 100% participation of Nuh Çimento to assist the export-import operations of the Group's firms, finding long-term external credits for investments and making securities investments. The activities of the Company are not at a significant level for the Group.

Nuh Agro Tarım A.Ş. (Nuh Agro)

It was established in 2019 to operate in the medical, medicinal and aromatic plants sector. Its capital is TL 100,000. The Company has a total of 85% share in the subsidiary. The activities of the Company are not at a significant level for the Group.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE GROUP (cont'd) 1.

Joint ventures and associates

Ünye Çimento Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (Ünye Çimento)

The Group has held shares of Ünve Cimento, which is listed in BIST, since 1997 and the nominal share capital of Unive Cimento amounted to TL 123,586,411 and Nuh Beton and Nuh Gayrimenkul held 40.03% of its shares in total until 21 May 2020.

Ünye Çimento merged with Oyak Çimento Fabrikaları A.Ş. ("Oyak Çimento") through transfer at Borsa Istanbul on 21 May 2020. As a result of the merger, Ünye Çimento shares, which were accounted for by the equity method due to the Group's 40% ownership and significant impact, turned into Oyak Çimento shares. The share ratio of the Group in Oyak Çimento has been realized as 4.45%, and Unive Cimento shares, which were accounted for using the equity method in the prior periods, were classified in the financial investments account of the financial position statement as Oyak Çimento shares. As of 21 May 2020, Ünye Çimento shares have been accounted for in the financial statements with a value of TL 113,864,518 according to the equity method. The fair value of Oyak Cimento shares acquired by the Group as a result of the merger is TL 312,655,132 as of 21 May 2020. Since the Group does not have a significant impact on Oyak Cimento, TL 198,790,614, which is the difference between the value recognized according to the equity method amounting to TL 113,864,518, and the fair value at the transaction date amounting to TL 312,655,132, is recognized under the income from investing activities in the profit or loss statement in accordance with TAS 28.

The increase in value of 4.45% of Oyak Cimento shares owned by the Group as TL 99,341,944 between 21 May 2020 and 31 December 2021 has been accounted for under the earnings from investments in equity instruments in the statement of other comprehensive income. As of 31 December 2021, the value of Oyak Cimento in financial assets is TL 417,225,599.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2.

2.1 **Basis of Presentation**

Statement of Compliance with TFRS

The accompanying consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") in compliance with the pursuant to Article 5 of the communiqué numbered II-14.1 "Communiqué on the Principles of Financial Reporting In Capital Markets" ("the Communiqué") announced by the Capital Market Boards ("CMB") on 13 June 2013 which is published on Official Gazette numbered 28676.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with "Announcement on TFRS Taxonomy" published by POA on 15 April 2019 and with the "Examples of Financial Statements and the User Guide" issued by CMB.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

The Group maintains its accounting records and prepares its consolidated financial statements with the principles and requirements of the CMB, the Company and the Company's subsidiaries and associates operating in Turkey keep their legal records according to the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), tax legislation and the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Ministry of Finance ("Ministry of Finance") of Turkish Republic. Subsidiaries and associates operating in foreign countries prepare their statutory financial statements in accordance with the laws and regulations applicable in the countries in which they operate. The consolidated financial statements are prepared by reflecting the necessary adjustments and classifications to the statutory records in order to make an accurate presentation in accordance with TFRS. The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of historical cost, except for financial assets recognized at fair value and derivative financial instruments carried at fair value. In determining the historical cost, the fair value of the amount paid for the assets is generally taken as basis.

Going concern

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of going concern.

Currency Used

The individual financial statements of each Group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). The results and financial position of each entity are expressed in TL, which is the functional currency of the Company, and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

Adjustments of consolidated financial statements in hyperinflationary periods

Under the decision of CMB dated 17 March 2005 and numbered 11/367, Group has ended the implementation of adjustments of consolidated financial statements in hyperinflationary periods for companies operating in Turkey and preparing financial statements in accordance with Turkish Financial Reporting Standards since 1 January 2005. Since 1 January 2015, Standard numbered 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Ecconmies" ("TAS 29") has not been applied.

In the statement made by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") on 20 January 2022, since the cumulative change in the general purchasing power of the last three years according to the Consumer Price Index ("CPI") is 74.41%, it is stated that there is no need to make any adjustments in the financial statements for 2021 within the scope of TAS 29 Financial Reporting Standard in Hyperinflationary Economies. In the accompanying financial statements, no inflation adjustment has been made in accordance with TAS 29.

Comparative Information and Restatement of Prior Period Consolidated Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Group include comparative financial information to enable the determination of the financial position and performance trends. In order to comply with the presentation of the current period financial statements, comparative information is reclassified when necessary.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

Basis of Presentation (cont'd) 2.1

Periodicity

The Group's activities are increasing in spring and summer, when construction demand is rising and the construction industry is reviving.

Basis of consolidation

The details of the Company and its subsidiaries as of 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

			Share in	capital
Subsidiaries	Location	Currency	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Nuh Beton A.Ş.	Turkey	TL	100%	100%
Nuh Yapı Ürünleri A.Ş.	Turkey	TL	100%	100%
Çim-Nak Taşımacılık Limited Şirketi	Turkey	TL	99.99%	98%
Nuh Gayrimenkul İnşaat A.Ş.	Turkey	TL	100%	100%
Navig Holding Trade B.V.	Netherlands	Euro	100%	100%
Nuh Agro Tarım A.Ş.	Turkey	TL	85%	85%
Joint Ventures and Associates Accounted Under Equity Method				
Ünye Çimento Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (*)	Turkey	TL	-	-

(*) The disclosures regarding the transaction is explained in detail in Note 1.

All subsidiaries above are recognized or in these consolidated financial statements using the full consolidation method.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

Basis of Consolidation (cont'd)

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date of acquisition to the date of disposal.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Group.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable TASs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under TAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Accounting and Measurement*, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2. (cont'd)

2.1 **Basis of Presentation (cont'd)**

Basis of Consolidation (cont'd)

Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A partnership is a joint venture in which entities with joint control in an arrangement have rights to the net assets in the joint arrangement. Joint control is based on the control contract on an economic activity. This control is deemed to exist when the decisions of the relevant activities require the parties sharing the control to agree with the unanimity of votes.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates or joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with TFRS 5. Under the equity method, an investment in associate or a joint venture is initially recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or a joint venture. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or a joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or a joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or a joint venture), the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognized only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or a joint venture

Profits and losses resulting from transactions between one of the Group companies and an affiliate of the Group are eliminated in proportion to the Group's share in the relevant associate or joint venture.

2.2 **Change in Accounting Policies**

The Group has applied accounting standarts consistently with prior year. Significant changes in accounting policies are applied retrospectively and prior period financial statements are adjusted accordingly.

Change in Accounting Estimates and Errors 2.3

The Group has applied its accounting policies consistently with the prior year. Significant changes in the accounting policies and significant accounting errors are applied retrospectively and the financial statements of the previous period are restated. If changes in accounting policies are for only one period, changes are applied on the current year but if the changes affect the future periods, changes are applied both on the current period and future periods prospectively. The Group has not made any changes in the accounting policies in the current year, except for the effects of the changes in the new and revised standards explained in Note 2.4.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

2.4 New and Revised Turkish Accounting Standards

a) Amendments and interpretations effective as 2021

Amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2

The amendments in Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2 (Amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16) introduce a practical expedient for modifications required by the reform, clarify that hedge accounting is not discontinued solely because of the IBOR reform, and introduce disclosures that allow users to understand the nature and extent of risks arising from the IBOR reform to which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages those risks as well as the entity's progress in transitioning from IBORs to alternative benchmark rates, and how the entity is managing this transition.

The amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16 are all effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021. Early application is permitted.

The Group management assessed that the adoption of this amendment does not have any effect on the Group's financial statements.

b) New and revised TFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not yet adopted the following standards and amendments and interpretations to the existing standards:

TFRS 17	Insurance Contracts
Amendments to TAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-
	Current
Amendments to TFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework
Amendments to TAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before
	Intended Use
Amendments to TAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract
Annual Improvements to TFRS Standards	Amendments to TFRS 1, TFRS 9 and TAS 41
2018 - 2020	
Amendments to TFRS 4	Extension of the Temporary Exemption from
	Applying TFRS 9
Amendments to TFRS 16	COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions beyond 30
	June 2021
Amendments to TAS 1	Disclosure of Accounting Policies
Amendments to TAS 8	Definition Accounting Estimates
Amendments to TAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities
	arising from a Single Transaction

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2. (cont'd)

New and Revised Turkish Accounting Standards (cont'd) 2.4

TFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

TFRS 17 requires insurance liabilities to be measured at a current fulfillment value and provides a more uniform measurement and presentation approach for all insurance contracts. These requirements are designed to achieve the goal of a consistent, principle-based accounting for insurance contracts. TFRS 17 supersedes TFRS 4 Insurance Contracts as of 1 January 2023.

Amendments to TAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current

The amendments aim to promote consistency in applying the requirements by helping companies determine whether, in the statement of financial position, debt and other liabilities with an uncertain settlement date should be classified as current (due or potentially due to be settled within one year) or non-current.

Amendment defers the effective date by one year. Amendments to TAS 1 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and earlier application is permitted.

Amendments to TFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The amendments update an outdated reference to the Conceptual Framework in TFRS 3 without significantly changing the requirements in the standard.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Early application is permitted if an entity also applies all other updated references (published together with the updated *Conceptual Framework*) at the same time or earlier.

Amendments to TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use

The amendments prohibit deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and the cost of producing those items, in profit or loss.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Early application is permitted.

Amendments to TAS 37 Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts.

The amendments published today are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Early application is permitted.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

2.4 New and Revised Turkish Accounting Standards (cont'd)

Annual Improvements to TFRS Standards 2018-2020

Amendments to TFRS 1 First time adoption of Turkish Financial Reporting Standards

The amendment permits a subsidiary that applies paragraph D16(a) of TFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by its parent, based on the parent's date of transition to TFRSs.

Amendments to TFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes in assessing whether to derecognize a financial liability. An entity includes only fees paid or received between the entity (the borrower) and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the entity or the lender on the other's behalf.

Amendments to TAS 41 Agriculture

The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of TAS 41 for entities to exclude taxation cash flows when measuring the fair value of a biological asset using a present value technique. This will ensure consistency with the requirements in TFRS 13.

The amendments to TFRS 1, TFRS 9, and TAS 41 are all effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Early application is permitted.

Amendments to TFRS 4 Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying TFRS 9

The amendment changes the fixed expiry date for the temporary exemption in TFRS 4 Insurance Contracts from applying TFRS 9 Financial Instruments, so that entities would be required to apply TFRS 9 for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

Amendments to TFRS 16 COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") has published *COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendment to TFRS 16)* that extends, by one year, the June 2020 amendment that provides lessees with an exemption from assessing whether a COVID-19 related rent concession is a lease modification.

On issuance, the practical expedient was limited to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021. Since lessors continue to grant COVID-19 related rent concessions to lessees and since the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic are ongoing and significant, the POA decided to extend the time period over which the practical expedient is available for use.

The new amendment is effective for lessees for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021. Earlier application is permitted.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2. (cont'd)

New and Revised Turkish Accounting Standards (cont'd) 2.4

b) New and revised TFRSs in issue but not yet effective (cont'd)

Amendments to TAS 1 Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments require that an entity discloses its material accounting policies, instead of its significant accounting policies.

Amendments to TAS 1 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and earlier application is permitted.

Amendments to TAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates

With this amendment, the definition of "a change in accounting estimates" has been replaced with the definition of "an accounting estimate", sample and explanatory paragraphs regarding estimates have been added, and the differences between application of an estimate prospectively and correction of errors retrospectively have been clarified.

Amendments to TAS 8 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and earlier application is permitted.

Amendments to TAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single **Transaction**

The amendments clarify that the initial recognition exemption does not apply to transactions in which equal amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences arise on initial recognition.

Amendments to TAS 12 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and earlier application is permitted.

The possible effect of the standarts, amendments and improvements on the financial position and performance of the Company are being evaluated.

2.5 **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Related Parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the entity that is preparing its financial statements.

- a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Related Parties (devamı)

- (b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Revenue

Revenue is recognized in the consolidated financial statements at the transaction price. The transaction fee is the amount that the entity expects to receive in return for transferring the goods or services that it has committed to the customer, except for the amounts collected on behalf of third parties. When the control of the goods or services is transferred to the customers, the Group reflects the relevant amount as revenue in the consolidated financial statements.

In accordance with TFRS 15 Customer Contract Revenue Standard, effective from 1 January 2018, the Group recognizes revenue in the consolidated financial statements in the five-step model below.

- Identification of contracts with customers
- Identification of performance obligations in contracts
- Determining the transaction price in contracts
- Distribution of transaction fee to performance obligations
- Revenue recognition

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2. (cont'd)

2.5 **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

Revenue (cont'd)

The Group evaluates the cement and clinker it commits in each contract with the customers and determines each commitment to transfer the goods or services in question as a separate performance obligation. For each performance obligation, it is determined at the beginning of the contract that the performance obligation will be fulfilled in time or at a certain time. If the Group transfers the control of a good or service over time and thus fulfills the performance obligations related to the related sales over time, the Group measures the proceeds on the fulfillment of the performance obligations completely and takes the proceeds to the financial statements. The Company, as it fulfills or fulfills its performance obligation by transferring a committed product or service to its customer, records the transaction price corresponding to this performance obligation as revenue in its financial statements. The goods or services are transferred when the goods or services are received (as soon as it received) by the customers. The Group evaluates the transfer of control of the goods or services sold to the customer:

- ownership of the Group's right to collect goods or services,
- the ownership of the legal property of the customer,
- transfer of the possession of goods or services.
- the ownership of significant risks and rewards arising from the ownership of the goods or services,
- takes into account the conditions for the customer to accept the goods or services.

Rental income:

Rental income from investment properties is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs including some of the fixed and variable general production expenses are valued according to the method appropriate to the class of the inventories and mostly according to the weighted average cost method. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. When the net realizable value of inventory is less than cost, the inventory is written down to the net realizable value and the expense is included in statement of profit or loss in the period the write-down or loss occurred. When the circumstances that previously caused inventories to be written down below cost no longer exist or when there is clear evidence of an increase in net realizable value because of changed economic circumstances, the amount of the write-down is reversed. The reversal amount is limited to the amount of the original write-down.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is not depreciated and carried at cost less accumulated impairment.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Property, Plant and Equipment (cont'd)

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalized in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Except for land and construction in progress, depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets, other than freehold land and properties under construction, less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Computer software

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalized on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortized over their estimated useful lives.

Costs associated with developing or maintaining computer software programmes are recognized as an expense as incurred. Costs that are directly associated with the development of identifiable and unique software products controlled by the Group, and that will probably generate economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year, are recognized as intangible assets. Costs include the software development employee costs and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2. (cont'd)

2.5 **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

Intangible Assets (cont'd)

Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets Other Than Goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cashgenerating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred

Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Group's statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis.

The Group classifies its financial assets as (a) Business model used for managing financial assets, (b) financial assets subsequently measured at amortised cost, at fair value through other comprehensive income or at fair value through profit or loss based on the characteristics of contractual cash flows. The Company reclassifies all financial assets effected from the change in the business model it uses for the management of financial assets. The reclassification of financial assets is applied prospectively from the reclassification date. In such cases, no adjustment is made to gains, losses (including any gains or losses of impairment) or interest previously recognized in the financial statements.

Classification of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are measured subsequently at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2. (cont'd)

2.5 **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

Financial Instruments (cont'd)

Financial assets (cont'd)

Classification of financial assets (cont'd)

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are measured subsequently at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

By default, all other financial assets are measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

Despite the foregoing, the Group may make the following irrevocable election/designation at initial recognition of a financial asset; the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if certain criteria are met.

(i) Amortised cost and effective interest method

Interest income on financial assets carried at amortized cost is calculated using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. This income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset:

- (a) Credit-impaired financial assets when purchased or generated. For such financial assets, the Company applies the effective interest rate on the amortized cost of a financial asset based on the loan from the date of the recognition in the financial statements.
- (b) Non-financial assets that are impaired at the time of acquisition or generation but subsequently become a financial asset that has been impaired. For such financial assets, the Company applies the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the asset in the subsequent reporting periods.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for debt instruments measured subsequently at amortised cost and at FVTOCI.

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "finance income - interest income" line item (Note 25).

(ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss to the extent they are not part of a designated hedging relationship.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Financial Instruments (cont'd)

Financial assets (cont'd)

Classification of financial assets (cont'd)

(iii) Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI.

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the revaluation reserve. The cumulative gain or loss is not to be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, instead, it is transferred to retained earnings.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2. (cont'd)

2.5 **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

Financial Instruments (cont'd)

Financial assets (cont'd)

Foreign exchange gains and losses

The carrying amount of financial assets that are denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of each reporting period. Specifically,

- for financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss;
- for debt instruments measured at FVTOCI that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences on the amortised cost of the debt instrument are recognised in profit or loss. Other exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income;
- for financial assets measured at FVTPL that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss; and
- for equity instruments measured at FVTOCI, exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI, lease receivables, trade receivables and contract assets, as well as financial guarantee contracts. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group utilizes a simplified approach for trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables that does not have significant financing component and calculates the allowance for impairment against the lifetime ECL of the related financial assets.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Measurement and recognition of expected credit losses

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forwardlooking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Financial Instruments (cont'd)

Financial assets (cont'd)

Measurement and recognition of expected credit losses (cont'd)

The expected credit loss of financial assets is the present value of the difference between the Group's contractually realized cash flows and all the cash flows (all cash deficits) that the Group expects to receive, calculated over the initial effective interest rate (or credit-adjusted effective interest rate for credit-impaired financial assets when purchased or created).

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss. In addition, on derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss. In contrast, on derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred directly to retained earnings.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL on initial recognition. On initial recognition of liabilities other than those that are recognised at FVTPL, transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance thereof are also recognised in the fair value.

A financial liability is subsequently classified at amortized cost except:

(a) Financial liabilities at FVTPL: These liabilities including derivative instruments are subsequently measured at fair value.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2. (cont'd)

2.5 **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

Financial Instruments (cont'd)

Financial liabilities (cont'd)

- (b) Financial liabilities arising if the transfer of the financial asset does not meet the conditions of derecognition from the financial statements or if the ongoing relationship approach is applied: When the Group continues to present an asset based on the ongoing relationship approach, a liability in relation to this is also recognised in the financial statements. The transferred asset and the related liability are measured to reflect the rights and liabilities that the Company continues to hold. The transferred liability is measured in the same manner as the net book value of the transferred asset.
- (c) A contingent consideration recognized in the financial statements by the entity acquired in a business combination where TFRS 3 is applied: After initial recognition, the related contingent consideration is measured as at FVTPL.

The entity does not reclassify any financial liability.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Derivative financial instruments

The Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, including foreign exchange forward contracts, options and interest rate swaps. Further details of derivative financial instruments are disclosed in Note 29.

Derivatives are recognised initially at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each reporting date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability. Derivatives are not offset in the financial statements unless the Group has both legal right and intention to offset. A derivative is presented as a non-current asset or a non-current liability if the remaining maturity of the instrument is more than 12 months and it is not expected to be realised or settled within 12 months. Other derivatives are presented as current assets or current liabilities.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss in the consolidated [statement of profit or loss/statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income]. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit/loss on disposal.

Effect of Exchange Differences

Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

The individual financial statements of each Group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). The results and financial position of each entity are expressed in TL, which is the functional currency of the Company, and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than TL (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into TL at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

- Exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets where they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings;
- Exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur, which form part of the net investment in a foreign operation, and which are recognized in the foreign currency translation reserve and recognized in profit or loss on disposal of the net investment.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2. (cont'd)

2.5 **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

Effect of Exchange Differences (cont'd)

Financial Statements of Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associates Operating in Foreign Countries

Assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations, are presented in TL considering exchange rates valid at the balance sheet date. Income and expenses are translated by using the average rate calculated for the year when the transaction occurred, unless significant fluctuation has happened in exchange rates. In case of any significant fluctuation in exchange rates, the transaction is translated by using the exchange rate at the transaction date. The translation difference is accounted under comprehensive income as a component of equity.

Earnings per Share

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net consolidated profit for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding.

Companies in Turkey can increase their capital through "bonus shares" that they distribute to their shareholders from retained earnings. Such "bonus share" distributions are treated as issued shares in earnings per share calculations. Accordingly, the weighted average number of shares used in these calculations has been calculated by taking into account the retrospective effects of the aforementioned share distributions.

Events After the Reporting Period

Events after the reporting period are those events that occur between the balance sheet date and the date when the financial statements are authorized for issue, even if they occur after an announcement related with the profit for the year or public disclosure of other selected financial information.

The Group adjusts the amounts recognized in its financial statements if adjusting events occur after the balance sheet date.

Provisions, Contingent Assets and Liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Reporting of Financial Information by Segments

Operating segments of the Group; based on the activities for which revenue is obtained and separate financial information is available. In accordance to that, the financial information of companies producing and trading cement, concrete and building materials are shown in the "Construction and building materials" and the financial information of the companies producing and selling electric energy are shown under "Energy". In addition to these two areas of activity, construction and construction materials have been shown in the activity group because the assets of Nuh Group companies, which are engaged in construction transportation and services, do not exceed 10% of the total assets of all operating segments of their assets.

Investment Properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, including property under construction for such purposes. Investment properties are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The carrying amount includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met; and excludes the costs of day to day servicing of an investment property. Depreciation is provided on investment property on a straight line basis. The depreciation period for investment property is 35-50 years.

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognized.

Taxation

Turkish Tax Legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiary to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the balance sheet date.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2. (cont'd)

2.5 **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

Taxation (cont'd)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases which are used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax are recognized as in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized or directly in equity.

Employee Benefits

Termination and retirement benefits:

Under Turkish law and union agreements, lump sum payments are made to employees retiring or involuntarily leaving the Group. Such payments are considered as being part of defined retirement benefit plan as per Turkish Accounting Standard No. 19 (revised) Employee Benefits ("TAS 19").

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Employee Benefits (cont'd)

Termination and retirement benefits (cont'd):

The retirement benefit obligation recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation. The actuarial gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Provision for seniority incentive bonus

In accordance with the employee benefit named "Seniority Incentive Premiums" provided by the Group to their employees having certain working seniority in order to enhance their loyalty to the jobs and employers; the benefits are provided as follows; employees with 5 year work experience are paid for their 30 days wage, those with 10 year work experience are paid for their 45 days of their gross wage, those with 20 year work experience are paid for their 70 days wage, those with 25 or 30 year work experience are paid for their 75 days wage, for each level of payment with their actual working wage in the month they complete the respective seniority level in the mentioned range.

To calculate the provision for seniority incentive payments, the Group has considered the duration passed for each employee as of the balance sheet date since their job entrance dates and booked a liability for the discounted amount of the future payments as of the statement of financial position.

Profit-sharing and bonus plans

The Group recognizes a liability and an expense for bonuses and profit-sharing, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognizes a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

Statement of Cash Flows

In statement of cash flows, cash flows are classified according to operating, investing and financing activities.

Share Capital and Dividends

Common shares are classified as equity. Dividends on common shares are recognized in equity in the period in which they are approved and declared.

2.6 Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

Critical judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2.5, management has made the following judgments that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements (apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with below):

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2. (cont'd)

2.6 Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions (cont'd)

Critical judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies (cont'd)

Deferred Tax

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities for temporary timing differences arising from the differences between the tax base legal financial statements and the financial statements prepared in accordance with TFRS. Currently, there are deferred tax assets resulting from operating loss carryforwards and deductible temporary differences, all of which could reduce taxable income in the future. Based on available evidence, both positive and negative, it is determined whether it is probable that all or a portion of the deferred tax assets will be realized. The main factors which are considered include future earnings potential; cumulative losses in recent years; history of loss carry-forwards and other tax assets expiring; the carry-forward period associated with the deferred tax assets; future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences; tax-planning strategies that would, if necessary, be implemented, and the nature of the income that can be used to realize the deferred tax asset. In light of the evidence obtained, the Group believes that taxable profit will be avaliable sufficient to utilize these deferred tax assets, therefore all of the deferred tax assets are recognized.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

Estimated impairment of goodwill

The Group performs impairment testing annually to assess whether any impairment provision is required for goodwill in accordance with accounting policy stated in Note 2.5. The recoverable amounts of cashgenerating units are determined based on value in use calculations. The assumptions used by the Group during the impairment test of the goodwill are explained in Note 15.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group reviews the estimated useful lives of its property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. The Group takes into consideration the intended use of the property, plant and equipment, the advancement in technology related to the particular type of property, plant and equipment as well as other factors that may require management to extend or shorten the useful lives and the assets' related depreciation.

Legal provisions

While allocating provisions for the lawsuits, the possibilities of losing the lawsuits and liabilities that will arise in case of a loss have been evaluated by the Group management by taking the legal counsel and expert opinions of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Group Management determines the lawsuit provisions based on the best estimates.

Employee termination benefits and seniority incentive bonus

Employee termination benefits and seniority incentive bonus are determined with actuarial assumptions (discount rate, future salary increase and turnover rates) (Note 17).

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

2.7 Significant changes regarding the current period

The necessary actions have been taken by the Group management to minimize the possible effects of COVID-19, which affects the whole world, on the Group's activities and financial position. The production activities of the Group continued uninterruptedly during the period of curfews.

While preparing the consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2021, the Group has evaluated the possible effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on the financial statements and reviewed the estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. In this context, the Group has evaluated possible impairment on the trade receivables, inventories, property, plant and equipment, goodwill and investment properties included in its consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2020, and no impairment has been identified.

3. INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES

Associates

Ünye Çimento, whose shares are traded on the BIST, has been merged with Oyak Çimento Fabrikaları A.Ş. ("Oyak Çimento") as a transfer and the merger transaction was realized on Borsa İstanbul on 21 May 2020.

The explanation regarding the realized transaction is explained in detail in Note 1.

4. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group has implemented TFRS 8 as of 1 January 2009 and determined operating segments based on internal management of reports used by governing body by the competent authority to make decisions about the Group's operations.

The revenue of the Group's reportable operating segments is mainly due to cement sales in foreign and domestic markets.

Information on the operating segments based on the Group's internal reporting is as follows:

Accounting Period Ended on 31 December 2021	Construction and construction materials	Energy	Consolidation adjustments	Total
Third party sales Cross-departmental sales	2,480,037,014 199,587,297	13,192,018	(199,587,297)	2,493,229,032
Net sales	2,679,624,311	13,192,018	(199,587,297)	2,493,229,032
Cost of sales	(1,991,937,920)	(2,193,215)	199,587,297	(1,794,543,838)
Gross Profit	687,686,391	10,998,803		698,685,194
Total assets Total liabilities	3,405,111,457 1,301,385,982	68,124,560	-	3,473,236,017 1,301,385,982

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

SEGMENT REPORTING (cont'd) 4.

Accounting Period Ended on 31 December 2020	Construction and construction materials	Energy	Consolidation adjustments	Total
Third party sales	1,690,676,443	15,660,643	(140 426 104)	1,706,337,086
Cross-departmental sales	148,436,104		(148,436,104)	
Net sales	1,839,112,547	15,660,643	(148,436,104)	1,706,337,086
Cost of sales	(1,286,918,264)	(2,260,242)	148,436,104	(1,140,742,402)
Gross Profit	552,194,283	13,400,401	-	565,594,684
Total assets	2,447,488,203	70,633,369	-	2,518,121,572
Total liabilities	719,235,920	-	-	719,235,920

5. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Company, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note.

Trade receivables from related parties arise mainly from sale transactions of cement and construction supplies of the Company and its subsidiaries.

	31 Decemb	31 December 2021	
	Current		
	Trade		
	Receivables	Sales	
Çimpaş Çimento İnşaat Mlz. Paz. A.Ş. (1) Nuh Çimento Eğitim ve Sağlık Vakfı (2) (*)	17,800	50,470 106,269	
	17,800	156,739	

(*) Amounts consist of concrete sales that the Group has made to Nuh Çimento Eğitim ve Sağlık Vakfı.

	31 Decemb	31 December 2020	
	Current	_	
	Trade		
	Receivables	Sales	
Nuh Çimento Eğitim ve Sağlık Vakfı (2) (*)	12,229	20,542	
Çimpaş Çimento İnşaat Mlz. Paz. A.Ş. (1)	61,584	80,310	
	73,813	100,852	

- (1) Financial investments of the Company
- Foundation which was established by the Company with the decision of Council of Ministers (2)

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

5. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (cont'd)

Compensation of key management personnel:

Key management personnel consists of members of Board of Directors and Executive Board members. The compensation of key management personnel includes salaries, bonus, health insurance, communication and transportation. The remuneration of key management personnel during the year were as follows:

	1 January-	1 January-
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Salaries and other short-term benefits	16,162,204	13,317,471

6. TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

a) Trade Receivables:

As of reporting date, details of the Group's trade receivables are as follows:

	31 December	31 December
Short-term trade receivables	2021	2020
Trade receivables	348,445,779	219,710,141
Notes receivable	167,226,685	174,755,823
Trade receivables from related parties (Note: 5)	17,800	73,813
Discount of notes receivables (-)	(3,092,995)	(1,896,726)
Provision for doubtful receivables (-)	(88,076,488)	(82,705,829)
Trade receivables from third parties	(83,984,936)	(78,753,516)
Expected credit losses (-) effect of TFRS 9	(4,091,552)	(3,952,313)
	424,520,781	309,937,222
Long-term trade receivables	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Long term trade receivables		2020
Notes receivable	9,224,625 9,224,625	
	- , ,020	

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. They are generally due for settlement within 36 days and therefore are all classified as current. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method (31 December 2020: 35 days).

As of 31 December 2021, trade receivables of TL 88,076,488 (31 December 2020: TL 82,705,829) were impaired and provided for. Significant part of the individually impaired receivables consist of wholesalers, which are in unexpectedly difficult economic situations and litigation process against the Group and provisions by applying TFRS 9 within the scope of the Group's general policy which include varying dates depending on the delays.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (cont'd) 6.

a) Trade Receivables (cont'd):

Movements on the Group provision for doubtful trade receivables are as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
Movement of provision for doubtful trade receivables	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Opening balance	82,705,829	80,478,876
Collections or reversal of provision (Note: 21)	(592,050)	(1,655,603)
Charge for the period (Note: 21)	5,823,470	3,111,842
Changes in TFRS 9 charge for the period (Note: 21)	139,239	770,714
Closing balance	88,076,488	82,705,829

As of 31 December 2021, there are no guarantees received from customers for doubtful trade receivables (31 December 2020: None).

The aging of trade receivables are as follows:

	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Neither past due, nor doubtful receivables	392,829,509	249,088,608
Past due but not impaired receivables	31,691,272	60,848,614
Receivables that are impaired and for which provision is made	88,076,488	82,705,829
	512,597,269	392,643,051

As of 31 December 2021, trade receivables amounting to TL 31,691,272 (31 December 2020: TL 60,848,614) are overdue but are not considered as doubtful receivables due to the ability to collect. Within the scope of the Company's general policy under the scope of TFRS 9 application, a provision is made for varying rates based on delays. The maturity analysis of these receivables is as follows:

	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
1 - 3 months 3 - 6 months 6 - 9 months Over 9 months	24,051,034 1,787,006 4,401,221 1,452,011	51,101,092 6,761,737 2,245,102 740,683
	31,691,272	60,848,614

The Group held guarantee letter amounting to TL 26,611,390 for the trade receivables that are past due and not impaired (31 December 2020: TL 25,585,450).

The Group always measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date.

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions of the Group management.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

6. TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (cont'd)

b) Trade Payables:

The Group's trade payables are as follows as of the balance sheet date:

	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Trade payables Notes payable	268,528,158 1,460,419	217,641,423 3,588,732
	269,988,577	221,230,155

The average maturity of credit sales of goods is 25 days. (31 December 2020: 35 days).

Explanation about the nature and level of risks related to trade receivables and payables are disclosed in Note 30.

7. OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

a) Other Receivables

Short-term other receivables	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Other short-term receivables (*)	53,967,078	4,719,407
Due from personnel	1,221,458	953,572
Deposits and quarantees given	1,086,193	284,037
Provision for doubtful receivables (-)	(1,498,878)	(1,310,637)
	54,775,851	4,646,379

(*) The portion amounting to TL 52,228,010 consists of receivables from the tax office.

Provision expenses related to other doubtful receivables are recognized under other expenses.

Long-term other receivables	2021	2020
Deposits and quarantees given	2,039,034	1,832,476
	2,039,034	1,832,476
b) Other Payables		
Short-term other payables	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Taxes and dues payable Deposits and quarantees taken Other miscellaneous payables	14,205,111 7,557,470 627,152	6,396,031 4,283,060 374,581
	22.389.733	11.053.672

31 December

31 December

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

OTHER CURRENT AND NON-CURRENT ASSETS 8.

Other current assets	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Deferred VAT Personnel advances	63,280,143 333,588	15,968,089 273,515
	63,613,731	16,241,604
Other non-current assets	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Deductible VAT in future years	4,434,466	3,167,170
	4,434,466	3,167,170
INVENTORIES		
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Raw materials Work in process Finished goods Trade goods Allowance for impairment on inventory (-)	343,350,965 72,419,329 22,941,110 91,001 (4,501,054)	109,440,985 24,073,646 15,979,139 96,680 (4,501,054)
	434,301,351	145,089,396

The Group determines inventories whose net realizable value is below the cost of each year, and a provision amounting to TL 4,501,054 has been reserved for inventory impairment (31 December 2020: TL 4,501,054). As of 31 December 2021, the total amount of inventories shown at net realizable value is TL 434,301,351 (31 December 2020: TL 145,089,396).

The movement table of the Group's provision for inventory impairment as of 31 December 2021 is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
Movements of provision for inventory impairment	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Opening balance	4,501,054	2,039,998
Charge for the period	-	2,461,056
Closing balance	4,501,054	4,501,054

9.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

10. PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEFERRED INCOME

Chart town many id average	31 December 2021	31 December
Short-term prepaid expenses		2020
Order advances given for inventory purchase	80,986,792	8,414,714
Prepaid expenses	28,196,604	4,183,659
	109,183,396	12,598,373
	31 December	31 December
Long-term prepaid expenses	2021	2020
Order advances given for fixed asset purchase	30,716,175	4,114,313
Prepaid expenses	414,823	118,797
	31,130,998	4,233,110
	31 December	31 December
Short-term deferred income	2021	2020
Order advances received	61,355,041	22,023,791
	61,355,041	22,023,791

11. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Cost Value	Land	Buildings	Advances given	Total
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Disposals	37,283,679	172,926,690 (1,500,257)	9,938,073	220,148,442 (1,500,257)
Closing balance as of 31 December 2021	37,283,679	171,426,433	9,938,073	218,648,185
			Advances	
Accumulated Depreciation	Land	Buildings	given	Total
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021		(21,318,695)	-	(21,318,695)
Charge of the year		(3,442,210)	<u>-</u>	(3,442,210)
Closing balance as of 31 December 2021	-	(24,760,905)	-	(24,760,905)
Carrying value as of 31 December 2021	37,283,679	146,665,528	9,938,073	193,887,280

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (cont'd) 11.

Cont Wales	r 1	D .11.	Advances	T 4 1
Cost Value	Land	Buildings	given	Total
Opening balance as of 1 January 2020	36,454,524	187,534,941	9,938,073	233,927,538
Disposal	-	(14,608,251)	-	(14,608,251)
Transfers	829,155			829,155
Closing balance as of 31 December 2020	37,283,679	172,926,690	9,938,073	220,148,442
			Advances	
Accumulated Amortization	Land	Buildings	Advances given	Total
Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January 2020	Land	Buildings (18,131,150)		Total (18,131,150)
			given	
Opening balance as of 1 January 2020		(18,131,150)	given	(18,131,150)

All depreciation expenses are included in expenses from investment activities (31 December 2020: included in expenses from investment activities).

Investment properties consist of shopping mall and the hotel block and the lands which are held for investment purposes by the Group. The Group evaluates any indicator of reduction in value of its investment properties. If there is such an indicator exist, the Group compares the fair value and carrying value of the asset and records the impairment in value.

As of 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group management has determined the fair value of the market, hotel blocks, land and lands included in the investment properties, in line with the decision taken. As of 31 December 2021 and 2020, the fair value of the Group's land and buildings which is classified as investment property has been determined by an independent valuers not related to the Group which is ACE Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş. The fair value of the owned market and hotel blocks has been determined using the discounted cash flow method. In the valuation study, the capitalization rate is 8% and the nominal discount rate is 21% (31 December 2020: capitalization rate is 9% and nominal discount rate is 12%).

As of 31 December 2021, The Group's rent revenue obtained by investment of real estate properties amounting to TL 39,384,575 (31 December 2020: TL 26,662,401). The Group paid property tax for investment of real estate properties amounting to TL 2,097,446 (31 December 2020: TL 1,986,191) (Note: 24).

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

11. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (cont'd)

Details of the Group's investment properties and information about the fair value hierarchy as of 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

		Fair val	ue as at reporting p	period
	31 December	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	2021	TL	TL	TL
Hotel and Shopping Mall	662,925,000	-	-	662,925,000
Buildings	22,431,998	-	22,431,998	-
Lands	291,880,507	-	291,880,507	-
	31 December	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	2020	TL	TL	TL
Hotel and Shopping Mall	419,150,000	-	-	419,150,000
Buildings	35,270,000	-	35,270,000	-
Lands	306,783,208	-	306,783,208	-

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 12.

		Land		Plant, Machinery	Motor	Furniture and	Furniture and Other Tangible	Leasehold	Construction in	
	Land	Improvements	Buildings	and Equipment	Vehicles	Fixture	Fixed Assets	improvements	progress	Total
Cost Value										
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	60,674,349	124,011,993	182,363,396	1,043,823,380	108,718,962	57,888,433	498,334	13,513,948	2,594,057	1,594,086,852
Additions	2,771,080	10,049,307	1,141,918	68,274,970	65,505,429	5,786,347	•	61,611	52,789,934	206,380,596
Disposals	•	(902,372)	(11,951)	(6,886,076)	(4,246,519)	(264,454)	•	(714,619)	(2,100)	(13,028,091)
Transfers	•	683,488	1,402,719	22,600,373	427,876	'	•	384,059	(25,498,515)	'
Closing balance as of 31 December 2021	63,445,429	133,842,416	184,896,082	1,127,812,647	170,405,748	63,410,326	498,334	13,244,999	29,883,376	1,787,439,357
Accumulated Depreciation										
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	•	(67,490,427)	(96,999,123)	(615,479,051)	(78,295,111)	(47,283,643)	(498,334)	(5,846,868)		(911,892,557)
Charge of the year	•	(7,281,439)	(4,124,975)	(54,519,605)	(13,123,643)	(3,155,232)	•	(1,909,778)	•	(84,114,673)
Disposals	•	865,634	8,510	6,833,717	4,109,522	236,117	•	571,444	•	12,624,945
Closing balance as of 31 December 2021		(73,906,232)	(101,115,588)	(663,164,939)	(87,309,232)	(50,202,758)	(498,334)	(7,185,202)	' 	(983,382,285)
Carrying value as of 31 December 2021	63,445,429	59,936,184	83,780,494	464,647,708	83,096,516	13,207,568	'	6,059,797	29,883,376	804,057,072

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (cont'd) 12.

	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Plant, Machinery and Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Furniture and Fixture	Furniture and Other Tangible Fixture Fixed Assets	Leasehold improvements	Construction in progress	Total
Cost Value	000		0.00		1000	1 ()	7 60 00	0		000
Opening balance as of 1 January 2020 Additions	61,092,035	2,460,432 2,460,432	182,926,948	9 /0,520,532	7 986 829	53,740,555	498,334	8,450,010 4 999 317	19,8 /0,561	1,524,692,197
Disposals		(3,338,556)	(4,171,442)	(3,998,630)	(4,033,725)	(1,211,905)	1	(1,102,509)		(17,856,767)
Non-current assets transferred to investment properties (Note: 11)	(829,155)	1	1	•	•	1	•	1	•	(829,155)
Transfers	•	1,667,962	2,956,498	21,081,722	394,791	47,290	•	1,167,130	(27,430,290)	(114,897)
Closing balance as of 31 December 2020	60,674,349	124,011,993	182,363,396	1,043,823,380	108,718,962	57,888,433	498,334	13,513,948	2,594,057	1,594,086,852
Accumulated Depreciation										
Opening balance as of 1 January 2020	•	(63,873,932)	(93,975,034)	(571,852,258)	(71,659,088)	(45,764,499)	(498,334)	(5,414,101)	•	(853,037,246)
Charge of the year	•	(6,955,051)	(7,195,531)	(46,969,872)	(10,669,748)	(2,731,049)	•	(1,535,275)	•	(76,056,526)
Disposals	1	3,338,556	4,171,442	3,343,079	4,033,725	1,211,905	•	1,102,508	•	17,201,215
Closing balance as of 31 December 2020		(67,490,427)	(96,999,123)	(615,479,051)	(78,295,111)	(47,283,643)	(498,334)	(5,846,868)		(911,892,557)
Carrying value as of 31 December 2020	60,674,349	56,521,566	85,364,273	428,344,329	30,423,851	10,604,790	 	7,667,080	2,594,057	682,194,295

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (cont'd)

The useful lives for property, plant and equipment is as follows:

	<u>Useful lifes</u>
Land improvements	15-50 years
Buildings	25-50 years
Plant, machinery and equipment	5-25 years
Motor vehicles	4-15 years
Furniture and fixture	3-25 years
Other tangible fixed assets	3-10 years
Leasehold improvements	5-10 years

Depreciation expense of TL 80,232,841 (31 December 2020: TL 73,871,785) has been charged in cost of goods sold, TL 134,929 (31 December 2020: TL 76,256) in marketing expenses, and TL 3,746,903 (31 December 2020: TL 2,108,485) in general administrative expenses.

As of 31 December 2021, insurance coverage of the Group's assets is TL 8,271,412,630 (31 December 2020: TL 4,714,270,476).

Other intengible

Mortgages Given

As of 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group has no pledge/mortgage positions.

13. **INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

		Other intangible	
Cost Value	Rights	assets	Total
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	43,232,610	212,155	43,444,765
Additions	883,112	<u>-</u>	883,112
Closing balance as of 31 December 2021	44,115,722	212,155	44,327,877
Accumulated Amortization			
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	(17,087,029)	(187,015)	(17,274,044)
Charge of the year	(1,445,171)	(493)	(1,445,664)
Closing balance as of 31 December 2021	(18,532,200)	(187,508)	(18,719,708)
Carrying value as of 31 December 2021	25,583,522	24,647	25,608,169
		Other intangible	
Cost Value	Rights	assets	Total
Opening balance as of 1 January 2020	42,810,712	212,155	43,022,867
Additions	504,929	-	504,929
Disposals	(197,928)	-	(197,928)
Transfers	114,897	-	114,897
Closing balance as of 31 December 2020	43,232,610 -	212,155	43,444,765
Accumulated Amortization			
Opening balance as of 1 January 2020	(15,915,970)	(184,788)	(16,100,758)
Charge of the year	(1,368,987)	(2,227)	(1,371,214)
Disposals	197,928	-	197,928
Closing balance as of 31 December 2020	(17,087,029)	(187,015)	(17,274,044)
Carrying value as of 31 December 2020	26,145,581	25,140	26,170,721

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

13. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (cont'd)

Amortization expense of TL 1,378,948 (31 December 2020: TL 1,331,826) has been charged in cost of goods sold, TL 2,319 (31 December 2020: TL 1,374) in marketing and sales expenses, and TL 64,397 (31 December 2020: TL 38,013) in general administrative expenses.

The useful lives for intangible assets are as follows:

Useful lifesRights4-20 yearsOther intangible assets1-10 years

14 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

The Group's right-of-use asset movements as of the reporting period are as follows:

		Port area and			
Cost Value	Land	pier usage	Vehicles	Buildings	Total
		_			_
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	17,700	22,207,045	4,104,725	593,666	26,923,136
Additions regarding operational leases	-	815,680	875,284	512,830	2,203,794
Closing balance as of 31 December 2021	17,700	23,022,725	4,980,009	1,106,496	29,126,930
		Port area and			
Accumulated Amortization	Land	pier usage	Vehicles	Buildings	Total
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	(17,700)	(3,116,609)	(1,179,804)	(160,027)	(4,474,140)
Amortization for the period	-	(1,552,555)	(682,926)	(306,055)	(2,541,536)
Closing balance as of 31 December 2021	(17,700)	(4,669,164)	(1,862,730)	(466,082)	(7,015,676)
Carrying value as of 31 December 2021		18,353,561	3,117,279	640,414	22,111,254
				_	
		Port area and			
Cost Value	Land	pier usage	Vehicles	Buildings	Total
Opening balance as of 1 January 2020	17,700	20,851,020	4,104,725	593,666	25,567,111
Additions regarding operational leases	17,700	1,356,025	4,104,723	393,000	1,356,025
Closing balance as of 31 December 2020	17,700	22,207,045	4,104,725	593,666	26,923,136
Closing barance as of 31 December 2020	17,700	22,207,043	4,104,723	393,000	20,923,130
		Port area and			
Accumulated Amortization	Land	pier usage	Vehicles	Buildings	Total
Opening balance as of 1 January 2020	(17,700)	(1,377,870)	(893,036)	(117,512)	(2,406,118)
Amortization for the period	<u>-</u>	(1,738,739)	(286,768)	(42,515)	(2,068,022)
Closing balance as of 31 December 2020	(17,700)	(3,116,609)	(1,179,804)	(160,027)	(4,474,140)
Carrying value as of 31 December 2020		19,090,436	2,924,921	433,639	22,448,996

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (cont'd) 14

Items of right-of-use assets recognized in profit or loss are as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2021	2020
Amortization of assets to operating lease (Note: 21)	(2,541,536)	(2,068,022)
Interest expense from lease transactions (Note: 25)	(4,196,901)	(3,410,129)
Currency difference expenses from lease transactions (Note: 25)	(92,504)	(120,575)

The Group rents land and vehicles for the use of the harbor and pier, concrete batching plant installation. Lease contracts are usually made for fixed periods of 1 to 3 years for concrete batching plants and vehicles, and 18 to 50 years for port and pier use, and may have extension options. Lease terms can be individually negotiated and include a wide variety of different terms and conditions. Lease agreements are subject to contracts, but leased assets cannot be used as a guarantee for borrowing purposes.

In addition, car lease agreements with a usage permit between 2020 and 2022 and borrowing rate discounted with the rate in the initial calculation and measured at their present value, have been accounted for in the consolidated statement of financial position in line with the above explanations.

15. **GOODWILL**

Cost value	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Cost value at the beginning of the period Closing value	24,910,842 24,910,842	24,910,842 24,910,842
Accumulated impairment	-	
Balance at the beginning of the period Closing balance	(7,562,568) (7,562,568)	(7,562,568) (7,562,568)
Carrying amount	_	
Beginning of the Period End of the Period	17,348,274 17,348,274	17,348,274 17,348,274

As of 31 December 2021 and 2020, no impairment has been determined for the goodwill accounted for within the scope of the purchase of Kudret Enerji shares, according to the valuations made by independent valuation experts using the discounted cash flow method.

In accordance with the valuations performed by the independent valuation specialists using the discounted cash flows method as of 31 December 2021, the Group was identified USD 15 million (31 December 2020: USD 17 million) net equity value. The USD-based weighted average cost of capital was calculated as 11.69% for 2021 and after (31 December 2020: 10.84%) and the unit electricity sale prices were held fixed for a 10-year purchase guarantee period and were presumed to increase at the rate of annual average consumer inflation as of the subsequent periods. The estimated electricity production throughout the period was assumed to be 33,000 kWh (31 December 2020: 36,000 kWh).

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

16. PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

a) Provisions

	31 December	31 December
Short-term other provisions	2021	2020
Legal claims and termination provisions	19,939,383	20,194,994
	19,939,383	20,194,994

As of 31 December 2021, TL 21,811,293 for open lawsuits and proceeded against the Company and its subsidiaries (31 December 2020: TL 20,194,994). Lawsuits against the Group generally consist of employee lawsuits.

As of 31 December 2021, total litigation provision amounted to TL 19,939,383 is recognized for the ongoing lawsuits filed against the Parent Company and subsidiaries in the accompanying consolidated financial statements as a result of the evaluation made by the Group management (31 December 2020: TL 20,194,994). The Company management don't expect any cash outflow regarding rest of the cases.

As of 31 December 2021 and 2020, movements of provision for legal claims and termination provisions are as follows:

T	1 January-	1 January-
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Opening balance	20,194,994	15,798,222
Payments and provisions released	(1,023,518)	(7,175,784)
Provisions for the period (Note: 21)	767,907	11,572,556
Closing balance	19,939,383	20,194,994
	31 December	31 December
Long-term other provisions	2021	2020
Land restoration provision	6,967,474	4,645,336
	6,967,474	4,645,336

The Company owns mines in which the ownership belongs to the Company and holds the Company owns mines and land usage rights of mines owned by Treasury of Turkey as of 31 December 2021. To comply with the Communiqué of Ministry of Environment named as "Mining Operations and Recovery of Damaged Land" (Communiqué) which became effective after being published in the Official Gazette on 14 December 2007 and was amended on 23 January 2012, the Company has booked a provision amounting to TL 6,967,474 (31 December 2020: TL 4,645,336) for restoration costs regarding the laying of top soil and re-vegetation of the land in the areas that are reorganized in the mine lands in use, as of 31 December 2021, all the usable areas of the land with mining license. In accordance with the Communiqué, the land shall be restored in two years' period after the termination of the mining operations. After the completion of such activities, the license holder is permitted to leave the land in the following five years period.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

16. PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

a) Provisions (cont'd)

As of 31 December 2021 and 2020, movements for land restoration are as follows:

	1 January-	1 January-
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Opening balance Charge for the period	4,645,336 2,322,138	6,554,608 (1,909,272)
Closing balance	6,967,474	4,645,336

The change in the provision for land restoration provision is recognized under cost of goods sold.

b) Contingent Assets and Liabilities

As of 31 December 2021, total amount of checks and notes endorsed to third parties is TL 3,325,353 (31 December 2020: TL 4,558,304).

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

16. PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

b) Contingent Assets and Liabilities (cont'd)

The Group's guarantees/pledge/mortgage (GPM) are as follows:

31 December 2021	TL Equivalent	TL	US Dollars	Euro
A. Total amount of the GPM's				
given for its own legal entity				
-Guarantee	23,380,590	21,433,965	150,000	-
-Pledge	-	-	-	-
-Mortgage	-	-	-	-
B. GPM's given on behalf of fully				
consolidated companies				
-Guarantee	15,575,425	12,404,048	-	216,000
-Pledge	-	-	-	-
-Mortgage	-	-	-	-
C. GPM's are given on behalf of the third parties' debt for continuation of their economic activities				
-Guarantee	_	_	_	_
-Pledge	_	_	_	_
-Mortgage	_	_	_	_
D. Total amount of other GPM's i. Given on behalf of majority shareholder				
-Guarantee	-	-	-	-
-Pledge	-	-	-	-
-Mortgage	-	-	_	-
ii. Given on behalf of other group companies which are not in the scope of B and C				
-Guarantee	-	-	-	-
-Pledge	-	-	-	-
-Mortgage	-	-	-	-
iii. Given on behalf of third parties which are not in the scope of C				
-Guarantee	-	-	-	-
-Pledge	-	-	-	-
-Mortgage	-	-	-	-
Total	38,956,015	33,838,013	150,000	216,000
	, , -	, ,	- 7	.,

As of 31 December 2021, the rate of total amount of other "GPM"s to total equity of the Group is 2%.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd) **16.**

b) Contingent Assets and Liabilities (cont'd)

31 December 2020	TL Equivalent	TL	US Dollars	Euro
A. Total amount of the GPM's				
given for its own legal entity				
-Guarantee	22,758,652	21,657,577	150,000	-
-Pledge	-	-	-	-
-Mortgage	-	-	-	-
B. GPM's given on behalf of fully				
consolidated companies				
-Guarantee	11,350,933	9,405,227	-	216,000
-Pledge	-	-	-	-
-Mortgage	-	-	-	-
C. GPM's are given on behalf of the third parties' debt for continuation of their economic activities				
continuation of their economic activities				
-Guarantee	_	_	_	_
-Pledge	_	_	_	_
-Mortgage	_	_	_	_
D. Total amount of other GPM's				
i. Given on behalf of majority shareholder				
i. Given on behan of majority shareholder				
-Guarantee	_	_	_	_
-Pledge	-	-	_	-
-Mortgage	_	-	_	_
ii. Given on behalf of other group companies which are not				
in the scope of B and C				
•				
-Guarantee	-	-	-	-
-Pledge	-	-	-	-
-Mortgage	-	-	-	-
iii. Given on behalf of third parties				
which are not in the scope of C				
-Guarantee	-	-	-	-
-Pledge	-	-	-	-
-Mortgage	-	-	-	-
Total	34,109,585	31,062,804	150,000	216,000
	2 1,102,000	2 -, 3 0 -, 5 0 1	,	,,,,,,,,

As of 31 December 2020, the rate of total amount of other "GPM"s to total equity of the Group is 2%.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

17. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Payables related to employee benefits

	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Social security premiums payable Due to personnel	5,027,630 4,500,298	4,296,227 3,870,735
	9,527,928	8,166,962
Short-term provision for employee benefits		
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Provision for seniority incentive bonus Unused vacation pay liability	1,333,757 4,530,826	656,145 3,489,427
	5,864,583	4,145,572
As of 31 December 2021 and 2020, movements of unused	1 January- 31 December 2021	1 January- 31 December 2020
Opening balance Charge for the period	3,489,427 1,041,399	4,028,147 (538,720)
Closing balance	4,530,826	3,489,427
Long-term provision for employee benefits		
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Provision for employee termination benefits Provision for seniority incentive bonus	58,553,981 9,719,855	41,918,160 9,172,826
	68,273,836	51,090,986

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (cont'd)

Long-term provision for employee benefits (cont'd)

Seniority incentive bonus:

17.

Some subsidiaries of the Group pays additional employee benefits to their employees above certain seniority limits as "Seniority Incentive Premiums". These incentive provision is reserved for to promote loyalty to the Company and its subsidiaries. The benefits are provided as follows; employees with 5 year work experience are paid for their 30 days wage, those with 10 year work experience are paid for their 45 days of their gross wage, those with 20 year work experience are paid for their 70 days wage, those with 25 or 30 year work experience are paid for their 75 days wage, for each level of payment with their actual working wage in the month they complete the respective seniority level in the mentioned range.

To calculate the provision for seniority incentive payments, the Group has considered the each employees years of service as of the balance sheet date since their job entrance dates and booked a provision for the discounted amount of the future payments as of the reporting date.

As of 31 December 2021 and 2020, movements of seniority incentive bonus is as follows:

	1 January-	1 January-
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Opening balance	9,828,971	11,694,866
Provisions for the period	2,088,529	(1,444,127)
Payments	(863,888)	(421,768)
Closing balance	11,053,612	9,828,971

Provision for employee termination benefits:

Under Turkish Labor Law, the Group is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed certain years of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or achieves the retirement age (58 for women and 60 for men).

The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of TL 8,284.51 for each period of service as of 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: TL 7,117,17).

Retirement pay liability is not subject to any kind of funding legally. Provision for retirement pay liability is calculated by estimating the present value of probable liability amount arising due to retirement of employees. TAS 19 Employee Benefits stipulates the development of Group's liabilities by using actuarial valuation methods under defined benefit plans. In this direction, actuarial assumptions used in calculation of total liabilities are described as follows:

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (cont'd)

17.

Long-term provision for employment termination benefits (cont'd)

<u>Provision for employee termination benefits (cont'd):</u>

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase parallel with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. Consequently, in the accompanying financial statements as of 31 December 2021, the provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of the employees. The provisions at the respective balance sheet dates have been calculated with the assumption of 4.45% real discount rate (31 December 2020: 4.01%) calculated by using 16.8% annual inflation rate and 22.00% discount rate. Estimated amount of retirement pay not paid due to voluntary leaves is also taken into consideration as 5.72% for employees with 0-15 years of service, and 0% for those with 15 or more years of service (31 December 2020: 7.35% for 0-15 years; 0% for 15 and more years). Ceiling amount of TL 10,848.59 which is in effect since 1 January 2022 is used in the calculation of Group's provision for retirement pay liability (1 January 2021: TL 7,638.96).

Significant assumptions used in the calculation of employee termination benefit is likely to leave the job depends on the discount rate and demand.

- If the discount rate had been 1% higher (lower), provision for employee termination benefits would decrease / (increase) by TL 4,925,786 / TL (3,372,200).
- If the inflation rate had been 1% lower / (higher) while all other variables were held constant, provision for employee termination benefits would increase / (decrease) by TL 719,714 / TL (516,460).

	1 January- 31 December 2021	1 January- 31 December 2020
Ossains helsens		
Opening balance	41,918,160	35,490,246
Service cost	18,288,242	8,690,320
Interest cost	1,680,590	1,293,788
Termination benefits paid	(3,333,010)	(3,556,194)
Closing balance	58,553,982	41,918,160

18. OTHER LIABILITIES

Other short term liabilities	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Expense accruals Other liabilities	279,367 17,060	4,177,118 58,165
	296,427	4,235,283

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

SHARE CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS 19.

a) Share Capital

As of 31 December 2021 and 2020, the share capital held of the Company is as follows:

Shareholders	Share rate (%)	31 December 2021	Share rate (%)	31 December 2020
Nuh Ticaret Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	44.13	66,283,864	44.13	66,283,864
Partaş Tekstil İnşaat Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	16.32	24,515,195	16.41	24,643,128
Other (*)	36.55	59,414,541	36.46	59,286,608
	_	150,213,600	•	150,213,600
Capital inflation diffrences (**)		39,338,145		39,338,145
	- -	189,551,745		189,551,745

^(*) Represents total of shareholdings less than 5%.

(**) Adjustment to share capital represents the restatement effect of cash and cash equivalent contributions to share capital measured in accordance with the CMB Financial Reporting Standards. Adjustment to share capital has no use other than being transferred to paid-in share capital.

The Company is subject to the capital system. The Company's issued capital assigned to 150.213.600 shares with nominal value of 1 TL each, amounting to TL 150.213.600.

The capital adjustment differences may be used in free capital increase or loss deduction. Furthermore, the inflation adjustment differences arising from legal reserves bearing no annotation to disable profit distribution may be used in profit distribution.

b) Restricted Reserves Appropriated from Profit

	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Legal reserves	467,909,963	339,342,867
	467,909,963	339,342,867

According to Turkish Commercial Code, the Company reserves 5% of the historical statutory profit as first legal reserve, until the total reserve reaches 20% of the historical paid in share capital. The other legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 10% per annum of all cash dividend distributions after the payment of dividends to the shareholders at a rate of 5%. According to the Turkish Commercial Code, if the general legal reserve does not exceed half of the share capital or the issued capital, it can be used only to close the losses, to continue the business when business is not going well or to take measures to mitigate the results.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

SHARE CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS (cont'd)

b) Restricted Reserves Appropriated from Profit (cont'd)

Dividend Distribution:

19.

Listed companies distribute dividends according to the Communique numbered II-19.1 and published on 1 February 2014 in the Official Gazette.

Shareholders distribute their profits within the framework of the profit distribution policies to be determined by their general assemblies and in accordance with the provisions of the relevant legislation, by the decision of the general assembly. Within the scope of the communiqué, a minimum distribution rate has not been determined. Companies pay dividends as specified in their articles of association or profit distribution policies.

The Company's weighted average of shares did not change compared to the previous year, and earnings per share were realized as TL 4.28 (31 December 2020: TL 3.80).

Since March 2021, the Group has paid dividend to shareholders amounting to TL 225,320,400 (May 2020: TL 105,149,520) TL 1.50 per share (May 2020: TL 0.70).

Funds Subject to Profit Distribution:

As of the reporting period, the Group's total items that may be subject to profit distribution in the statutory records is TL 646,074,071 including the retained earnings amounting to TL 156,418,759 and the net profit for the period amounting to TL 489,655,942.

Accumulated losses of companies including previous year's earnings, related premiums, legal reserves, share capital inflation adjustments are taken into account as deduction in calculation of current year distributable net income. In order to distribute dividends to the holders of dividend shares, privileged shareholders, to the members of the board of directors or to the employees, there has to be a provision in the articles of association. If there is no specific rate in terms of dividend distribution in the articles of association, dividends to be distributed to those cannot exceed one-fourth of dividends distributed to shareholders with the exception of privileged situations.

c) Foreign currency translation differences

As of 31 December 2021 and 2020 foreign currency translation differences are related to the Company's share in the foreign currency translation differences of the associates accounted under equity method.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

REVENUE AND COST OF SALES

20.

	1 January - 31 December 2021	1 January - 31 December 2020
Foreign sales Domestic sales Domestic energy sales Other sales Sale returns (-) Sale discounts (-) Total Revenue	1,557,705,462 965,895,352 13,192,018 2,473,229 (343,728) (45,693,301) 2,493,229,032	1,104,587,377 610,386,397 15,660,643 4,125,596 (53,746) (28,369,181) 1,706,337,086
	1 January- 31 December 2021	1 January- 31 December 2020
Cost of goods sold Cost of merchandise sold Cost of service provided Amortization and depreciation expenses (Note: 12 and 13) Other sales expenses	(1,618,817,608) (34,506,775) (57,710,071) (81,611,789) (1,897,595)	(992,435,499) (35,316,921) (35,687,004) (75,203,611) (2,099,367)
	(1,794,543,838)	(1,140,742,402)

21. GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, MARKETING EXPENSES, RESEARCH AND **DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES**

	1 January-	1 January-
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
General administrative expenses	(141,092,155)	(107,059,998)
Marketing expenses	(76,476,667)	(61,747,880)
Research and development expenses	(15,691)	(7,062)
	(217,584,513)	(168,814,940)

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

21. GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, MARKETING EXPENSES, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES (cont'd)

a) Details of General Administrative Exper	ises
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w, Demin of General Flamming and to Emperior	1 January- 31 December 2021	1 January- 31 December 2020
D 1	(69,086,016)	(44,978,971)
Personnel expenses Outsourced benefits	(16,351,173)	(10,227,252)
Premium expenses	(13,440,372)	(7,117,191)
Taxes, duties and fees	(12,386,315)	(10,585,846)
Depreciation and amortization expenses (Note: 12 ve 13)	(3,811,300)	(2,146,498)
Rent expenses	(3,182,998)	(2,871,068)
Amortization expenses on right-of-use assets (Note: 14)	(2,541,536)	(2,068,022)
Steam expenses	(2,346,985)	(1,060,738)
Maintenance and repairment expenses	(1,657,952)	(1,639,494)
Office expenses	(1,107,425)	(950,006)
Insurance expenses	(782,882)	(741,261)
Doubtful trade receivables expenses (Note: 6)	(5,370,659)	(2,226,953)
Electricity expenses	(324,208)	(247,296)
Fuel expenses	(108,231)	(91,607)
Changes in litigation provision (Note: 15)	(767,907)	(11,572,556)
Other expenses	(7,826,196)	(8,535,239)
	(141,092,155)	(107,059,998)
b) Details of Marketing Expenses		
	1 January-	1 January-
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Exportation expenses	(51,927,310)	(41,909,756)
Personnel expenses	(13,787,593)	(11,371,337)
Premium expenses	(2,863,115)	(2,033,713)
Outsourced benefits	(2,861,659)	(2,051,108)
Rent expenses	(635,263)	(468,369)
Taxes, duties and fees	(631,852)	(334,471)
Maintenance and repairment expenses	(621,862)	(502,604)
Transportation expenses	(350,473)	(293,397)
Depreciation and amortization expenses (Note: 12 ve 13)	(137,248)	(77,631)
Other expenses	(2,660,292)	(2,705,494)
	(76,476,667)	(61,747,880)

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

22. **EXPENSES BY NATURE**

	1 January-	1 January-
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Cost of goods sold	(1,618,817,608)	(1,005,696,918)
Cost of merchandise sold	(34,506,775)	(35,316,921)
Service cost provided	(57,710,071)	(35,687,004)
Depreciation and amortization expenses (Note: 12, 13)	(85,560,337)	(77,427,740)
Personnel expenses	(82,873,609)	(53,176,417)
Exportation expenses	(51,927,310)	(41,909,756)
Outsourced benefits	(19,212,832)	(11,908,917)
Taxes, duties and fees	(13,018,167)	(10,860,072)
Premium expenses	(16,303,487)	(8,784,595)
Changes in litigation provision (Note: 15)	(767,907)	(11,572,556)
Amortization expenses on right-of-use assets (Note: 14)	(2,541,536)	(2,068,022)
Steam expenses	(2,346,985)	(1,060,738)
Maintenance and repairment expenses	(2,279,814)	(2,051,570)
Rent expenses	(3,818,261)	(3,255,075)
Doubtful trade receivable expenses (Note: 6)	(5,370,659)	(2,226,953)
Office expenses	(1,107,425)	(950,006)
Insurance expenses	(782,882)	(741,261)
Transportation expenses	(350,473)	(240,550)
Electricity expenses	(324,208)	(247,296)
Fuel expenses	(108,231)	(91,607)
Other expenses	(12,399,774)	(4,283,368)
	(2,012,128,351)	(1,309,557,342)

Fees for services received from an independent audit firm

Based on the Board Decision of the Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority "POA" published in the Official Gazette, the fees related to the services received by the Group from the independent auditor/independent audit firm as of the reporting period are as follows:

	1 January-	1 January-
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
	-	
Independent audit fee for the reporting period	420,000	325,000
Fee for other assurance services	-	35,500
	420,000	360,500

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

23. OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

The details of other income from operating activities for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	1 January - 31 December 2021	1 January - 31 December 2020
FX gains from trade receivables and payables	88,777,749	12,372,566
Scrap sales income	6,594,112	3,308,381
Insurance income	3,171,295	2,436,834
Interest income	471,337	2,108,975
Compensation and fine income	11,750	2,326,999
Other income	11,002,648	199,511
	110,028,891	22,753,266

The details of other expense from operating activities for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	1 January - 31 December 2021	1 January- 31 December 2020
FX losses from trade receivables and payables	(33,891,371)	(11,142,165)
Donations and grants (*)	(11,089,974)	(8,733,522)
Accident and damage expenses	(6,152,064)	(2,001,182)
Rediscount expenses	(1,667,606)	(1,639,626)
Other expenses	(2,084,185)	(1,958,120)
	(54,885,200)	(25,474,615)

^(*) It consists of donations made to the Eğitim ve Sağlık Vakfı, which was established as publicly beneficial foundation by the decision of the Council of Ministers, and other public benefits.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 24.

The details of other income from investing activities for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	1 January- 31 December 2021	1 January- 31 December 2020
Rent income (*)	39,384,575	26,662,401
Profit on sales of property, plant and equipment		
and intangible assets	4,894,865	3,881,698
Profit on sale of non-current assets held for sale (****)	-	22,805,823
Profit on sale of investment property	528,369	2,562,194
Translation differences on investments accounted		
for using the equity method (***)	-	2,912,400
Fair value income on investments accounted		
for using the equity method (**)	-	198,790,614
Joint venture sales profit	-	29,390
Other	1,975,466	-
	46,783,275	257,644,520

^(*) Includes the rent income from investment properties.

(****) Doğalgaz Kombim Çevrim Enerji Santrali classified for sale was sold on 25 December 2020 for a price of TL 44,296,021.

The details of expense from investing activities for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	1 January - 31 December 2021	1 January - 31 December 2020
Depreciation expenses from investment property (Note: 11) Real estate tax for investment property	(3,442,210) (2,097,446)	(3,187,545) (1,986,191)
	(5,539,656)	(5,173,736)

^(**) The explanation about the transaction is explained in detail in Note 1.

^(***) The effect of Unye Cimento's accumulated other comprehensive income and expenses (foreign currency translation differences) to be reclassified in profit or loss has been accounted for in the income from investing activities account.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

25. FINANCE INCOME AND EXPENSES

The details of income from finance activities for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	1 January - 31 December 2021	1 January- 31 December 2020
Foreign exchange gains Interest income Income from financial investments	240,760,239 23,185,474	130,164,974 20,258,096 389,638
	263,945,713	150,812,708

The details of expense from finance activities for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	1 January - 31 December 2021	1 January- 31 December 2020
Foreign exchange losses	(167,003,024)	(96,370,250)
Interest expenses	(22,088,293)	(31,546,861)
Interest expense of lease liabilities (Note: 14)	(4,196,901)	(3,410,129)
Exchange losses of lease liabilities (Note: 14)	(92,504)	(120,575)
Expense from derivative instruments (Note: 29)	-	(1,113,895)
	(193,380,722)	(132,561,710)

26. NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

On 24 April 2019, the Company's Board of Directors has decided to sell the Doğalgaz Kombim Çevrim Enerji Santrali, which is in the assets of the Company and whose licences of 119.98 Wne have been revoked, as where it is located and as it is (as where it is, and as it is and dismantling, packing, transportation, insurance and other expenses shall be borne by the buyers). In line with the decision taken, the Company management has recognized the related assets in the consolidated financial statements from property, plant and equipment to non-current assets held for sale.

Details regarding the disposal group classified as held for sale as of 31 December 2021 are given below:

Doğalgaz Kombim Çevrim Enerji Santrali, classified for sale, was sold on 25 December 2020 for a price of TL 44,296,021.

27. INCOME TAXES (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES)

Corporate Tax

The Group, its subsidiary established in Turkey and other countries, associates and joint ventures are subject to the tax legistation and practices in the countries which they are operating.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

INCOME TAXES (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (cont'd)

Corporate Tax (cont'd)

27.

In Turkey, the orporate tax rate is 20%. However, within the scope of the Law No. 7316 on the "Law on the Collection of Public Claims and Amendments to Some Laws" published in the Official Gazette dated 22 April 2021, this rate will be applied as 25% for the corporate earnings of the corporations for the 2021 taxation period, and as 23% for the corporate earnings of the 2022 taxation period (31 December 2020 22%), starting from the declarations that must be submitted as of 1 July 2021.

This rate is applicable to the tax base derived upon exemptions and deductions stated in the tax legislation and by addition of disallowable expenses to the commercial revenues of the companies with respect to the tax legislation. Corporate tax is required to be filed by the twenty-fifth day of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and taxes must be paid in one instalment by the end of the fourth month.

Companies calculate a temporary tax of 25% on their quarterly financial profits and declare until the 14th day of the second month following that period and pay it until the seventeenth day. The paid temporary tax within the year is deducted from the corporate tax to be calculated over the corporate tax declaration to be given the following year. If there is a temporary tax remaining despite the offset. this amount may be refunded in cash or deducted from any other financial debt against the state.

Corporate tax losses can be carried forward for a maximum period of 5 years following the year in which the losses were incurred. The tax authorities can inspect tax returns and the related accounting records for a retrospective maximum period of five years.

15% withholding applies to dividends distributed by resident real persons, those who are not liable to income and corporation tax, non-resident real persons, non-resident corporations and non-resident corporations exempted from income and corporation tax.

Dividend distribution by resident corporations to resident corporations is not subject to a withholding tax. Furthermore, in the event the profit is not distributed or included in capital, no withholding tax shall be applicable.

Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiaries to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, tax liabilities, as reflected in these consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis. As of 31 December 2021, current income tax payables have been offset against the prepaid taxes in entity basis but such offset amounts have been classified in gross basis in the consolidated financial statements. Prepaid taxes and corporate tax provision have been demonstrated as follows:

Investment Incentives

The revoked phrase "only attributable to "2006, 2007 and 2008" stated in Provisional Article 69 of Income Tax Law No:193 with the effect of Article 5 of Law No:6009 after having published in the Official Gazette No: 27659 as at 1 August 2010 and the Constitutional Court's issued resolution no: 2009/144 published in the Official Gazette as at 8 January 2010 has been revised. The revised regulation allows companies to continue to benefit from the exception of undeductible and carry forward investment incentive due to insufficient earnings irrespective of having any time constraints. However, deductible amount for investment incentive exception used in the determination of tax base cannot exceed 25% of the related period's income. In addition, companies that opt to use the investment incentive exemption are allowed to apply (22%) of income tax, instead of 30% under the related revised regulation.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

27. INCOME TAXES (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (cont'd)

Investment Incentives (cont'd)

The additional paragraph to Provisional Article 69 included in accordance with Law No:6009, which is related to the 25% threshold and requires the incentive amount that will be subject to investment incentive exemption in determining tax base cannot exceed 25% of the respective income, has been revoked based on the ground that it is contrary to the Constitution upon the Constitutional Court's resolution No: E. 2010/93 K. 2012/20 ("stay of execution") issued on 9 February 2012 and published in the Official Gazette No: 28208 on 18 February 2012. The related Constitutional Court's decision was published in the official Gazette No: 28719 as at 26 July 2013.

	31 December	31 December
Current tax liability	2021	2020
Current corporate tax provision	143,338,567	95,722,640
Less: prepaid taxes and funds	(97,537,431)	(75,288,089)
	45,801,136	20,434,551

As of 31 December 2021 and 2020, the distribution of consolidated tax expense is as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2021	2020
Corporate tax (-)	(143,338,567)	(95,722,640)
Deferred tax income / (expense)	154,113,610	(4,352,547)
Adjustments made with respect to prior period taxes	-	5,506,888
Tax expenses incurred within the scope of tax incentives	(16,396,263)	-
	(5,621,220)	(94,568,299)

Tax recognized directly in equity

	1 January - 31 December 2021		
	Before tax	Tax expense/	Net of tax
	amount	income	amount
Portion of other comprehensive income from			
investments valued by equity method	(46,470,767)	2,323,788	(44,146,979)
Changes in foreign currency translation differences	-	-	-
Actuarial gain from retirement plans	-	-	-
Gain from Investments in Financial Instruments			
based on Equity	(46,470,767)	2,323,788	(44,146,979)
Other comprehensive income for the period	(46,470,767)	2,323,788	(44,146,979)

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

27. INCOME TAXES (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (cont'd)

Tax recognized directly in equity (cont'd)

	1 January - 31 December 2020		
	Before tax	Tax expense/	Net of tax
	amount	income	amount
Portion of other comprehensive income from			
investments valued by equity method	(3,043,721)	72,899	140,518,100
Changes in foreign currency translation differences	(2,679,228)	-	(2,679,228)
Actuarial gain from retirement plans	(364,493)	72,899	(291,595)
Gain from Investments in Financial Instruments			
based on Equity	151,041,234	(7,552,311)	143,488,923
Other comprehensive income for the period	(3,043,721)	72,899	140,518,100
	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Deferred Tax:

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between its financial statements as reported for TFRS purposes and its statutory tax financial statements. These differences usually result in the recognition of revenue and expenses in different reporting periods for TFRS and tax purposes and they are given below.

The tax rate used in the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities is 23% over the temporary timing differences expected to reverse in 2022 (2020: 22%), and 20% over the temporary timing differences expected to reverse after 2022 (2020: 22%).

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

27. INCOME TAXES (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (cont'd)

Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiary to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis. Deferred tax assets, liabilities, income and expenses and temporary differences that form the basis of deferred tax calculations are as follows:

	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Temporary diffrences from property, plant and equipment		
and intangible assets (*)	122,505,344	(27,609,311)
Provision for employment termination benefits	11,710,796	8,383,632
Seniority incentive bonus	2,250,735	1,965,794
Unused vacation liability	1,001,665	697,885
Provision for land restoration provision	1,393,495	929,067
Provision for doubtful receivables (including TFRS 9 impact)	7,236,325	5,728,402
Provision for legal claims	4,190,108	4,038,999
Temporary diffrences from inventories	1,168,154	900,211
Impairment for subsidiaries	-	486,752
Temporary diffrences from derivative instruments	-	(221,578)
Expected credit losses from demand and time deposits - TFRS 9	209,883	330,305
Borrowings from right-of-use assets and lease transactions	575,412	790,463
Temporary diffrences from investment property	1,010,189	1,079,252
Financial asset value increases	(10,636,040)	(12,959,828)
Other	(1,918,291)	(279,668)
	140,697,775	(15,739,623)
Deferred tax assets	186,196,931	14,828,161
Deferred tax liabilities	(45,499,156)	(30,567,784)
Deferred tax liabilities, net	140,697,775	(15,739,623)

^(*) The Company revalued its immovables and other property, plant and equipment subject to depreciation in its financial statements prepared in accordance with the Tax Procedure Law (TPL), and as a result of this transaction, a value increase fund amounting to TL 819,813,226 was recognized. This transaction has been corrected in the financial statements prepared in accordance with Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS), and as a result, deferred tax assets amounting to TL 155,645,348 have been recognized.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

INCOME TAXES (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (cont'd) 27.

Deferred tax (cont'd):

Movement of deferred tax (assets) / liabilities as of 31 December 2021 is as follows:

,		
Movement of deferred tax liabilities:	1 January- 31 December 2021	
Opening balance as of 1 January	(15,739,623)	(3,834,765)
Charged to statement of income	154,113,610	(4,352,547)
Charged to equity	2,323,788	(7,552,311)
Closing balance	140,697,775	(15,739,623)
Total charge for the year can be reconciled to the accounting	profit as follows:	
	1 January-	1 January-
Income tax reconcilation:	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Income before tax from operating activities	648,052,982	664,817,708
Effective income tax rate	25%	22%
Expected taxation expenses	(162,013,246)	(146,259,896)
Tax effect of:		
- Undeductible expenses	(11,798,189)	(4,788,656)
- Withholding tax on dividends	-	-
- Discount and donations	6,023,933	2,248,364
Reduced tax effect within the scope of the incentiveFair valuation of financial investment	10,449,302	-
different tax rate effect	-	38,304,101
- The effect of the investment valued by using equity		
method in shares of profit/loss	-	8,257
- Translation difference effect	-	640,728
- Adjustment related to prior period's tax	-	5,506,888
- Tax expenses incurred within the scope of tax incentives	16,396,263	-
- Effects of tax rate change on		4,173,279
deferred tax amount	-	4,173,279
- Effect of inflation valuation on tax records of property,	155,622,598	-

(20,301,881)

(5,621,220)

5,598,636

(94,568,299)

plant and equipment - Tax effect of other adjustments

Tax provision expense recognised in profit or loss

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

28. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share are calculated by dividing net profit by the weighted average number of shares that have been outstanding during the year.

Companies can increase their capital by distributing shares ("Bonus Shares") from accumulated profits and reassessment funds to current shareholders based on the number of shareholders' shares. When calculating earnings per share, the issuance of bonus shares is considered to be the same as shares issued. Therefore, the weighted average number of shares, which is used when calculating the earning per share, is gained by retrospectively counting the issuance of bonus shares.

Earnings per share are determined by dividing net income of the shareholders by the weighted average number of shares that have been outstanding during the related year.

	1 January-	1 January-
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Profit for the period	642,431,762	570,249,409
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	150,213,600	150,213,600
(TL 1 nominal value per share		
earnings per share)	4.28	3.80

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial Investments

	Short	-term	Long-	-term
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss				
a) Eurobonds	-	-	111,589,096	124,223,091
b) Non-listed company shares	-	-	136,205	136,205
Financial assets at fair value				
through other comprehensive income				
b) Listed company shares	-	-	417,225,599	463,701,362
Financial assets at				
amortized cost				
d) Term deposits with a maturity of more than 3 months	7,767,675	4,306,566	-	-
	7,767,675	4,306,566	528,950,900	588,060,658
a) Eurobonds:				
		31 Dece	mber 2021	
	Nominal	Carrying		Droft / (Logg)
	Value	Value	Change	Profit / (Loss)
Eurobonds	115,850,257	111,589,096	(4,261,161)	930,026
	115,850,257	111,589,096	(4,261,161)	930,026
		31 Dece	mber 2020	
	Nominal	Carrying		
	Value	Value	Change	Profit / (Loss)
Eurobonds	123,293,065	124,223,091	930,026	930,026
	123,293,065	124,223,091	930,026	930,026

As of 31 December 2021, the Company's financial investments, whose fair value changes are reflected in profit or loss, consist of funds issued by the Private Sector and traded in the international market.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

Financial Liabilities (cont'd)

b) Non-listed company shares:

Associates	Participation rate (%)	31 December 2021	Participation rate (%)	31 December 2020
Cementos Esfera S.A.	10	2,433,760	10	2,433,760
Çimpaş Çimento ve İnşaat Mlz. Paz. A.Ş. (*)	12.07	90,900	12.07	90,900
Kosbaş Kocaeli Serbest Bölgesi (*)	<1	37,500	<1	37,500
Antalya Güç Birliği (*)	<1	7,805	<1	7,805
		2,569,965		2,569,965
Impairment provision - Cementos Esfera S.A.		(2,433,760)		(2,433,760)
		136,205		136,205

(*) As of 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020, Çimpaş Çimento ve İnşaat Mlz. Paz. A.Ş., Cementos Esfera SA, Antalya Güç Birliği and Kosbaş Kocaeli Serbest Bölgesi, which are the Company's assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, do not significantly affect the consolidated financial statements and it is not possible to calculate the fair values of these investments in a reasonable manner, these financial non-current assets are carried at their cost in the consolidated statement of financial position.

c) Listed company shares:

Shares	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Oyak Çimento Fabrikaları A.Ş. (*)	417,225,599	463,701,362
	417,225,599	463,701,362

^(*) The explanation about the transaction is explained in detail in Note 1.

d) Time deposits with a maturity of more than 3 months:

The Group also has time deposits with a maturity of more than 3 months at an interest rate of 1.00% amounting to USD 568,549, equivalent to TL 7,767,675. Related amount is shown under short-term financial investments (31 December 2020: TL 4,306,566).

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

Financial Liabilities

	31 December	31 December
	2021	2020
Short-term bank borrowings	248,000,000	155,513,285
Short-term portions of long-term borrowings	159,639,079	26,942,843
Short-term portions of long-term		
lease liabilities	1,943,928	4,169,226
Total short-term borrowings	409,583,007	186,625,354
Long-term bank borrowings	312,655,357	115,529,000
Long-term lease liabilities	23,044,387	18,558,230
Total financial borrowings	745,282,751	320,712,584

As of 31 December 2021 and 2020, details of the short and long-term borrowings which are Group used are stated below:

		31 Decem	ber 2021
Currency	Interest Rate (%)	Current	Non-Current
Euro	2.65	147,347,179	-
USD	2.75 - 2.85	859,294	194,662,500
TL	8.50 - 15.50	259,432,606	117,992,857
		407,639,079	312,655,357
		31 Decem	ber 2020
Currency	Interest Rate (%)	Current	Non-Current
Euro	2.25 - 2.65	52,555,120	90,079,000
TL	6.95 - 8.50	129,901,008	25,450,000
		182,456,128	115,529,000

Maturity of borrowings are stated below:

	31	December 202	1	31	December 202	0
	Bank	Lease	Total	Bank	Lease	Total
	Borrowings	Liabilities	Borrowings	Borrowings	Liabilities	Borrowings
To be paid within 1 year	400,181,936	1,943,928	402,125,864	182,456,128	4,169,226	186,625,354
To be paid between 1-2 years	294,662,500	1,871,949	296,534,449	90,079,000	375,817	90,454,817
To be paid between 2-3 years	-	2,092,201	2,092,201	-	443,050	443,050
To be paid between 3-4 years	25,450,000	1,060,668	26,510,668	-	522,312	522,312
To be paid between 4-5 years	-	1,153,416	1,153,416	25,450,000	615,754	26,065,754
To be paid between 5+ years	-	16,866,153	16,866,153	-	16,601,297	16,601,297
	720,294,436	24,988,315	745,282,751	297,985,128	22,727,456	320,712,584

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

Financial Liabilities (cont'd)

The reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities and leasing transactions is as follows:

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

			N	Ion-cash change	es	
	1 January 2021	Financing cash- flows	Interest accrual adjustment	Foreign currency movement	New lease	31 December 2021
Bank loans	297,985,128	303,283,425	5,358,936	113,666,947	-	720,294,436
Lease liabilities	22,727,456	(4,139,836)	4,196,901	-	2,203,794	24,988,315
	320,712,584	299,143,589	9,555,837	113,666,947	2,203,794	745,282,751
				Non-cash	n changes	
	1 January 2020	Financing cash- flows	Interest accrual adjustment	Foreign currency movement	New lease liabilities	31 December 2020
Bank loans	331,149,373	(67,905,334)	1,462,389	33,278,700	-	297,985,128
Lease liabilities	23,826,097	(5,864,795)	3,410,129	-	1,356,025	22,727,456
	354,975,470	(73,770,129)	4,872,518	33,278,700	1,356,025	320,712,584

Derivative Transactions

Currency derivative transactions:

_	31 Decem	nber 2021	31 Dece	mber 2020
_	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
Foreign currency forward contracts		<u>-</u>	1,107,891	
Short-term Long-term	-	-	1,107,891	-
			1,107,891	

The Group uses foreign exchange derivatives to hedge its future significant transactions and cash flows from financial risk. The Group is a party to various foreign currency forwards transactions and options depending on the management of exchange rate fluctuations. The derivative instruments purchased are mainly denominated in foreign currencies in which the Group operates.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

Derivative Transactions (cont'd)

As of 31 December 2021, the Group does not have a cross exchange contract (31 December 2020: Market value is estimated to be approximately TL 21,786,375, profit is TL 1,113,895).

The Group's main financial instruments consist of bank loans, cash and short-term deposits. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the Group's operations. The Group also has other financial instruments, such as trade payables and trade receivables, arising directly from its operations.

30. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Capital risk management

The Group tries to ensure continuance of its operations in the capital management on one hand and maximize its profit through the optimization of the debt and equity balance on the other hand.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes the borrowings, cash and cash equivalents, comprising issued capital, reserves and equity items including the previous year earnings as specified in Note 29.

The Group determines the amount of share capital in proportion to the risk level. The equity structure of the Group is arranged in accordance with the economic outlook and the risk attributes of assets.

The Group monitors capital management by using the debt/equity ratio. This ratio is calculated by dividing the debt, net, by the total share capital. The net debt is calculated by deducting the value of cash and cash equivalents from the total debt. The total share capital is the sum of all equity items stated in the statement of financial position.

During 2021, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2020, was to maintain the gearing ratio which is calculated by financial liabilities minus cash and cash equivalents and short-term financial liabilities. The gearing ratios at 31 December 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2021	2020
Financial Liabilities (Note: 29)	745,282,751	320,712,584
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents and		
Short-Term Financial Investments (Note: 34)	(561,651,947)	(468,774,772)
Net Debt	183,630,804	(148,062,188)
Total Equity	2,171,850,035	1,798,885,652
Total Capital	2,355,480,839	1,650,823,464
Gearing Ratio	8%	%0

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd) **30.**

b) Financial Risk Factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures.

Risk management is carried out under policies approved by the board of directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

b.1) Credit risk management

In order to minimise credit risk, the Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Group monitors the credibility of the parties with whom they perform transactions and also takes into account the credit rating of the related instruments when making the investment preference. The credit rating information is supplied by independent rating agencies where available and, if not available, the Group uses other publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously updated and the aggregate value of transactions with related parties concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

Before accepting any new customer, credit limits by customer are determined and defined after the assessment of the potential customer's credit quality.

Credit approvals and other monitoring procedures are also in place to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. The Group's trade receivables cover a large number of customers within the majority and the construction sector. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable and, where appropriate, credit guarantee insurance cover is purchased. Additionally, the Group management evaluates the trade payables and financial assets on a customer and asset basis at the end of the period and ensures that the required provisions for the noncollectible amounts are reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

30. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

b) Financial Risk Factors (cont'd)

b.1) Credit risk management (cont'd)

Overview of the Group's exposure to credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. As of 31 December 2021, the maximum risks that the Group may be exposed to as a result of the failure of the counterparties to fulfill their obligations arise from the following factors:

- the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position; and
- the maximum amount the entity would have to pay if the financial guarantee is called upon, irrespective of the likelihood of the guarantee being exercised.

In order to minimize the credit risk, the Group has performed credit ratings considering the default risks of the counterparties and categorized the related parties. The Group's current credit risk rating methodology includes the following categories:

Category	Description	Basis for recognizing expected
		credit losses
Performing	The counterparty has a low risk of	12-month ECL
	default and does not have any past-due	
	amounts	
Doubtful	Amount is >30 days past due or there	Lifetime ECL – not credit –
	has been a significant increase in credit	impaired
	risk since initial recognition.	
In default	Amount is >90 days past due or there is	Lifetime ECL – credit –
	evidence indicating the asset is credit-	impaired
	impaired	
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the	Amount is written off
	debtor is in severe financial difficulty	
	and the Group has no realistic prospect	
	of recovery	

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd) 30.

b) Financial Risk Factors (cont'd)

b.1) Credit risk management (cont'd)

Investments 536,718,575 536,718,575 Financial Checks with a maturity of less than three months 96,588,895 96,588,895 Related Party Third Party 56,814,885 56,814,885 1,498,878 (1,498,878)Other Receivables Receivables Third Party 433,727,606 321,816,589 402,036,334 31,691,272 31,691,272 26,611,390 83,984,936 (83,984,936) Trade Receivables 17,800 17,800 Related Party Secured portion of minimum credit risk via guarantee or etc. (**) A. Net book value of not due or not impaired financial assets Minimum credit risk exposure at the balance sheet date (*) B. Net book value of assets that are due but not impaired D. Off balance sheet items bearing credit risk - Secured net value via guarantee or etc. - Secured net value via guarantee or etc. Secured net value via guarantee or etc. on financial instrument categories C. Net book value of impaired assets - Overdue (gross book value) - Overdue (gross book value) Credit risk exposure based · Not due (gross book value) **31 December 2021** - Impairment (-) - Impairment (-)

465,034,475

Bank Deposits

465,034,475

^(*) The factors that increase the credit reliability, such as guarantees received are not considered in the determination of the balance.

^(**) Guarantees consist of guarantee letters, guarantee notes and mortgages obtained from the customers.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL)) AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd) 30.

b) Financial Risk Factors (cont'd)

b.1) Credit risk management (cont'd)

Credit risk exposure based		Receivables	bles				
on financial instrument categories	Trade Receivables	ivables	Other Receivables	ivables			
					Checks with a maturity of less	Financial	
31 December 2020	Related Party	Third Party	Related Party	Third Party	Third Party than three months	Investments	Bank Deposits
Minimum credit risk exposure at the balance sheet date (*)	73,813	309,863,409	1	6,478,855	1,860,457	592,367,224	466,874,175
- Secured portion of minimum credit risk via guarantee or etc. $(**)$	1	194,050,878	1	1	•	1	•
A. Net book value of not due or not impaired financial assets	73,813	249,014,795	ı	6,478,855	1,860,457	592,367,224	466,874,175
B. Net book value of assets that are due but not impaired	ı	60,848,614	•	1	ı	1	ı
- Overdue (gross book value)	•	60,848,614	•	1	•	1	•
- Secured net value via guarantee or etc.	1	25,585,450	ı	ı	1	ı	ı
C. Net book value of impaired assets	•	•	1	1	•	•	
- Overdue (gross book value)	1	78,753,516	1	1,310,637	•	1	•
- Impairment (-)	1	(78,753,516)	1	(1,310,637)	1	l	1
- Secured net value via guarantee or etc.	•	1	1	ı	•	1	1
- Not due (gross book value)	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ļ	ı
- Impairment (-)	1	1	1	1	•	1	1
- Secured net value via guarantee or etc.	•	1	1	1	•	1	1
D. Off balance sheet items bearing credit risk	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

^(*) The factors that increase the credit reliability, such as guarantees received are not considered in the determination of the balance.

^(**) Guarantees consist of guarantee letters, guarantee notes and mortgages obtained from the customers.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd) **30.**

b) Financial Risk Factors (cont'd)

b.1) Credit risk management (cont'd)

Ownership of financial assets involves the risk that counterparties may be unable to meet the terms of their agreements. The Group seeks to mitigate credit risk by conducting transactions only with creditworthy parties and, where possible, by obtaining adequate collateral. The credit risks that the Group is exposed to and the credit ratings of its customers are constantly monitored. Credit risk is controlled through limits set for customers and reviewed and approved annually by senior management.

Trade receivables cover a large number of customers in the construction industry and geographically dispersed. Credit assessments are made on the customers' trade receivable balances, and receivables are insured when deemed necessary.

Aging analysis of the receivables which are overdue but not impaired is as follows:

	Trade Receivables			
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020		
Until 1-90 days	24,051,034	51,101,092		
Until 3-6 months	1,787,006	6,761,737		
Until 6-9 months	4,401,221	2,245,102		
Until 9-12 months	880,942	449,376		
More than 1 year past due	571,069	291,307		
Total overdue receivables	31,691,272	60,848,614		
Secure portion with guarantee letter	(26,611,390)	(25,585,450)		
	5,079,882	35,263,164		

b.2) Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. As of reporting date, the Group has no unused borrowings to decrease liquidty risk level.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables below have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. When the receivables or payables are not fixed, the amount disclosed is determined using the interest rate derived from the yield curves at the report date.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

30. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

b.2) Liquidity risk management (cont'd)

31 December 2021

		Cash outflows according to agreements	Less than 3	Between 3-12	Between 1-5
Due dates on agreement	Carrying Value	(I+II+III)	months (I)	months (II)	years (III)
Non-derivative					
financial instruments					
Bank loans	720,294,436	759,521,691	3,004,601	417,221,872	339,295,218
Lease liabilities	24,988,315	56,020,138	1,577,412	4,570,183	49,872,543
Trade payables	269,988,577	269,988,577	269,988,577	-	-
Other payables	22,389,733	22,389,733	22,389,733	-	-
Payables related to					
employee benefits	9,527,928	9,527,928	9,527,928		
Total liabilities	1,047,188,989	1,117,448,067	306,488,251	421,792,055	389,167,761
Due dates on agreement					
Derivative financial					
assets					
Derivative cash inflows		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		
	 =		<u> </u>		
31 December 2020					
		Cash outflows			
		according to			
_		agreements	Less than 3	Between 3-12	Between 1-5
Due dates on agreement	Carrying Value	(I+II+III)	months (I)	months (II)	years (III)
Non-derivative					
financial instruments					
Bank loans	297,985,128	364,825,982	27,850,290	214,392,265	122,583,427
Lease liabilities	22,727,456	26,137,585	6,287,827	9,461,447	10,388,311
Trade payables	221,230,155	221,230,155	221,230,155	-	-
Other payables	11,053,672	11,053,672	11,053,672	-	-

Due dates on agreement

Derivative financial liabilties

Payables due to personnel

Total liabilities

 Derivative cash inflows
 1,107,891
 1,107,891
 1,107,891

 1,107,891
 1,107,891
 1,107,891

8,166,962

631,414,356

8,166,962 274,588,906

223,853,712

132,971,738

8,166,962

561,163,373

b.3) Market risk management

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates.

Market risk exposures are supplemented by sensitivity analysis.

There is no change compared to the previous year in Group's exposure to the market risks and the methods that the Group's measurement and management of these market risks.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd) **30.**

b.3) Market risk management (cont'd)

b.3.1) Foreign currency risk management

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies result in foreign currency risk.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary / non-monetary assets and monetary / non-monetary liabilities at the reporting period are as follows:

		December 2021		
	TL Equvalents			_
	(Fuctional	HCD II		CDD
	currency)	US Dollars	Euro	GBP
1. Trade receivables	114,587,470	8,827,731	1,743	_
2a. Monetary Financial Assets	342,507,202	23,050,239	2,949,922	3,500
2b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	111,589,097	8,598,659	-	_
4. CURRENT ASSETS	568,683,769	40,476,629	2,951,665	3,500
6a. Monetary Financial Assets	14,102,561	527,760	494,034	_
8. NON CURRENT ASSETS	14,102,561	527,760	494,034	-
9. TOTAL ASSETS	582,786,330	41,004,389	3,445,699	3,500
10. Trade Payables	(34,560,320)	(2,010,226)	(577,063)	_
11. Financial Liabilities	(148,160,252)	(62,653)	(10,035,701)	-
12a. Monetary Other Liabilities	(6,852,109)	(527,490)	(450)	-
13. CURRENT LIABILITIES	(189,572,681)	(2,600,369)	(10,613,214)	-
15. Financial Liabilities	(194,662,500)	(15,000,000)	-	-
16b. Monetary Other Liabilities	(30,617,596)	(2,181,343)	(157,279)	_
17. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	(225,280,096)	(17,181,343)	(157,279)	-
18. TOTAL LIABILITIES	(414,852,777)	(19,781,712)	(10,770,493)	-
20. Net foreign currency asset / (liability) position (9+18)	167,933,553	21,222,677	(7,324,794)	3,500
21. Net foreign currency asset / (liability) position of monetary items	1/5 022 552	21 222 (55	(5.224.504)	2.500
(1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	167,933,553	21,222,677	(7,324,794)	3,500
23. Import	603,321,458	64,995,997	2,765,460	-
24. Export	1,491,060,613	168,276,943	351,633	-

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

30. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

b.3) Market risk management (cont'd)

b.3.1) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

		31 December	r 2020	
	TL Equvalents (Fuctional			
	currency)	US Dollars	Euro	GBP
1. Trade receivables	39,141,853	4,769,662	458,503	-
2a. Monetary Financial Assets	383,194,860	49,686,043	2,047,054	3,500
2b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	120,884,073	16,468,098	-	-
4. Current Assets	543,220,786	70,923,803	2,505,557	3,500
6a. Monetary Financial Assets	9,191,761	797,199	370,777	-
8. NON CURRENT ASSETS	9,191,761	797,199	370,777	-
9. TOTAL ASSETS	552,412,547	71,721,002	2,876,334	3,500
10. Trade Payables	(36,699,409)	(4,314,722)	(558,087)	-
11. Financial Liabilities	(52,555,115)	-	(5,834,336)	-
12a. Monetary Other Liabilities	(3,751,305)	(510,490)	(450)	-
13. CURRENT LIABILITIES	(93,005,829)	(4,825,212)	(6,392,873)	-
15. Financial Liabilities	(90,079,000)	-	(10,000,000)	-
16b. Monetary Other Liabilities	(2,530,052)	(310,429)	(27,903)	
17. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	(92,609,052)	(310,429)	(10,027,903)	-
18. TOTAL LIABILITIES	(185,614,881)	(5,135,641)	(16,420,776)	-
20. Net foreign currency asset / (liability) position (9+18)	366,797,666	66,585,361	(13,544,442)	3,500
21. Net foreign currency asset / (liability) position of monetary items				
(1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	366,797,666	66,585,361	(13,544,442)	3,500
23. Import	210,412,467	24,196,456	5,110,432	-
24. Export	1,076,895,873	143,491,909	8,979,865	-

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd) **30.**

b.3) Market risk management (cont'd)

b.3.1) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to US Dollar and EURO.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 20% increase and decrease in US Dollar and EURO against TL. 20% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 20% change in foreign currency rates. A positive value below indicates an increase in profit or equity.

Due to the short and long-term loans being held in foreign currency, the payments to be made in foreign currency cause foreign currency risk in cases where the exchange rates rise against Turkish Lira. In addition, foreign exchange rate risk arising from exchange rate changes is exposed to the translation of foreign currency denominated assets or liabilities to Turkish Lira due to the Group's business activities with foreign companies. Exchange rate risk is monitored and limited by analyzing the foreign exchange position. The Group follows a policy to diversify the foreign exchange basket as much as possible in order to manage the risk of exchange arising from future transactions and losses and assets and liabilities

	31 December 2021		31 December 2020		
	Profit /	Loss	Profit / Loss		
	Value increase in foreign currency	Value decrease in foreign currency	Value increase in foreign currency	Value decrease in foreign currency	
In case 20% appreciation of USD against TL					
1 - USD net asset / liability 2- Amount hedged USD risk (-)	55,083,458	(55,083,458)	97,753,968	(97,753,968)	
3- USD net effect (1 +2)	55,083,458	(55,083,458)	97,753,968	(97,753,968)	
In case 20% appreciation of Euro against TL					
4 - Euro net asset / liability	(21,508,965)	21,508,965	(24,401,396)	24,401,396	
5- Amount hedged Euro risk (-) 6- Euro net effect (4 +5)	(21,508,965)	21,508,965	(24,401,396)	24,401,396	
In case 20% appreciation of other currencies against TL					
7 - Other currencies net asset / liability	12,217	(12,217)	6,960	(6,960)	
8- Amount hedged other currencies risk (-) 9- Other currencies net effect (7 +8)	12,217	(12,217)	6,960	(6,960)	
TOTAL (3 + 6 +9)	33,586,710	(33,586,710)	73,359,532	(73,359,532)	

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

30. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

b.3) Market risk management (cont'd)

b.3.1) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

Foreign exchange forward contracts

It is the policy of the Group to enter into foreign exchange forward contracts to manage the foreign currency risk associated with anticipated sales and purchase transactions out to 12 months.

The Group's policy has been reviewed and, due to the fluctuation in US Dollars, it was decided to hedge up for foreign currency forward risk arising on translation of the foreign operation. The Group utilises a rollover hedging strategy, using contracts with terms of up to 12 months.

The following tables detail the foreign currency forward contracts outstanding at the end of the reporting period, as well as information regarding their related hedged items. Foreign currency forward contract assets and liabilities are presented in the line 'Derivative financial instruments' (shown as liabilities) within the statement of financial position (Note: 29).

Hedging instruments	Averag	ge rate	Nominal Foreign o		Nominal Turkis		Fair value ineffective por to hedge a	tion according
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Cash Flow Hedges								
Purchase of US Dollars Less than 3 months	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Between 3-6 months	-	7.1107	-	500,000	-	3,555,375	-	183,906
Between 6-12 months	-	7.2924	-	2,500,000	-	18,231,000	-	923,985
Over 12 months	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		•	-	3,000,000		21,786,375	-	1,107,891

b.3.2) Interest rate risk management

The Group's borrowing at fixed and floating interest rates exposes the Group to interest rate risk. In the creation of the optimal hedging strategy, it is aimed to review the position of the balance sheet and to keep the interest expenditures under control at different interest rates.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd) **30.**

b.3) Market risk management (cont'd)

b.3.2) Interest rate risk management (con'd)

Interest rate sensitivity

Details of the Group's interest rates of financial assets and liabilities are stated below:

	Interest Rate Position Table			
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020		
Financial Instruments				
with fixed interest rate	1,076,897,716	761,658,796		
Time Deposits (TL)	62,824,346	88,410,129		
Time Deposits (Foreign Currency)	293,778,934	375,263,539		
Total Time Deposits (Note: 34)	356,603,280	463,673,668		
Financial Liabilities (TL)	377,425,463	134,462,953		
Financial Liabilities (Foreign Currency)	342,868,973	163,522,175		
Lease Liabilities (TL)	24,815,772	21,251,571		
Lease Liabilities (Foreign Currency)	172,543	1,475,885		
Variable Rate Instruments				
Financial Liabilities	-	-		
Total Financial Liabilities (Note: 29)	745,282,751	320,712,584		

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES)

	Financial assets at amortized cost FVTPL	FVTOCI	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Carrying value	Note
553,884,272	1		ı	553,884,272	ώ
433,745,406	ı	•	ı	433,745,406	9
119,356,771	136,205	417,225,599	ı	536,718,575	29-34
56,814,885	1	1	1	56,814,885	7
•	ı	•	745,282,751	745,282,751	29-34
•	ı		269,988,577	269,988,577	9
ı	•		22,389,733	22,389,733	7
•	ı	ı	9,527,928	9,527,928	17

The carrying values of financial assets and liabilities approximate their fair values.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL)) AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES) (cont'd) 31.

alue Note	,206 34	,222 6	,224 29-34	,891 29	,855 7	584		,672		,962 17
Carrying value	464,468,	309,937,	592,367,224	1,107,891	6,478,855		220,712,334			8,166,962
Financial liabilities at amortized cost	1	ı	ı	ı	•	320 717 584	221,722	11,053,672		8,166,962
FVTOCI	,		463,701,362	•	•	1		1		1
FVTPL	1	ı	136,205	1,107,891	•	•	1	1		1
Financial assets at amortized cost	464,468,206	309,937,222	128,529,657	1	6,478,855		•			
31 December 2020	Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents	Trade receivables	Financial investments	Derivative instruments	Other receivables	Financial Habilities Rank Loans	Trade navables	Other payables	Payables related to	employee benefits

The carrying values of financial assets and liabilities approximate their fair values.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES) (cont'd)

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined and grouped as follows:

- The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices;
- The fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value based on valuation techniques:

Some of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined:

<u>Financial Liabilities</u>	Fair v	alue	Fair value	Valuation
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020	level	technique
Foreign currency forward transactions	-	1,107,891	Level 2	Market value

The reconciliation of financial liabilities which valued at level 2 are stated as follows:

Financial liability recognized at fair value through profit or loss Derivative Financial Instruments Derivative Financial Instruments Opening balance, 1 January Total gain -The period profit / (loss) as reflected in the profit (Note: 25) Closing balance, 31 December Financial liability recognized at fair value through profit or loss Derivative Financial Instruments Derivative Financial Instruments 1 Instruments (1,113,895)		31 December 2021	31 December 2020
through profit or loss Derivative Financial Instruments Opening balance, 1 January Total gain -The period profit / (loss) as reflected in the profit (Note: 25) through profit or loss through profit or loss through profit or loss through profit or loss through profit or loss through profit or loss through profit or loss through profit or loss (1,113,895)		Financial liability	Financial liability
Derivative Financial Instruments Opening balance, 1 January Total gain -The period profit / (loss) as reflected in the profit (Note: 25) Derivative Financial Instruments 2,221,786 (1,113,895)		recognized at fair value	recognized at fair value
Opening balance, 1 January - 2,221,786 Total gain -The period profit / (loss) as reflected in the profit (Note: 25) Instruments - 2,221,786 - (1,113,895)		through profit or loss	through profit or loss
Opening balance, 1 January - 2,221,786 Total gain -The period profit / (loss) as reflected in the profit (Note: 25) - (1,113,895)			
Total gain -The period profit / (loss) as reflected in the profit (Note: 25) - (1,113,895)	On anima halaman 1 Ianuaran		2 221 796
as reflected in the profit (Note: 25)		-	2,221,780
Closing balance, 31 December - 1,107,891	* * *	-	(1,113,895)
	Closing balance, 31 December		1,107,891

32. DISCLOSURE OF OTHER MATTERS THAT MAY AFFECT CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SIGNIFICANTLY OR IS NECESSARY FOR CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO BE CLEAR, INTERPRETABLE AND COMPREHENSIBLE

None.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

33. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

According to the Tax Procedure Law No. 7352 and the Law on the Amendment of the Corporate Tax Law published in the Official Gazette dated 29 January 2022 and numbered 31734, the application of inflation adjustment in the TPL financial statements was postponed to 31 December 2023.

In addition, with the temporary article 14 added to the Corporate Tax Law with the 2nd article of the same Law, an exemption is provided for the profits obtained from the translation of foreign currency and gold accounts of institutions into Turkish Lira deposit and participation accounts.

According to the regulation, institutions must convert their foreign currencies in their balance sheets as at 31 December 2021 into Turkish Lira until the submission date of the fourth temporary tax period (25 February 2022) and in case the Turkish Lira asset thus obtained are evaluated in the Turkish Lira deposit and participation accounts within the time and manner stipulated in the Provisional Articlethe foreign exchange gains related to the accounts translated into Turkish Lira and the interest and profit shares and other gains obtained at the end of the maturity period, including those arising from the period-end valuation of the said accounts, will be exempt from corporate tax, until submission of the portion of the exchange gains arising from the period-end valuation of foreign currencies corresponding to the period between 1 October 2021 and 31 December 2021 and the submission of the declaration for the fourth temporary tax period of 2021 (25 February 2022). This issue is considered as non-adjusting events according to TAS 10 "Events After the Reporting Period" in the accompanying financial statements. Within the scope of this regulation, the Company has provided a tax advantage of TL 11,405,635 and has not reflected this amount in its accompanying financial statements.

DISCLOSURES OF STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 34.

	31 December	31 December
	2021	2020
Cash on hand	28,577	40,140
Cash at banks	457,266,800	462,567,609
Demand deposits	108,431,195	3,200,507
Time deposits	348,835,605	459,367,102
Cheques and notes received	96,588,895	1,860,457
Cash and Cash Equivalents as shown in cash flows	553,884,272	464,468,206
Less: Time deposits over 3 months maturity	7,767,675	4,306,566
Cash and Cash Equivalents	561,651,947	468,774,772

The credit risk, foreign currency and sensitivity risks of financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in Note 30.

As of 31 December 2021 and 2020, maturities of the Group's time deposits which are less than 3 months are stated below;

Currency	Interest rate (%)	31 December 2021
TL	14.75 - 23.00	62,824,346
US Dollars	0.15 - 1.75	286,011,259

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

34. DISCLOSURES OF STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (cont'd)

Currency	Interest rate (%)	31 December 2020
TL	16.25 - 17.85	84,103,563
US Dollars	0.25 - 3.4	358,507,688
Euro	0.05	16,755,851

As of 31 December 2021, the maturities of time deposits vary between 3 and 90 days (31 December 2020 - 4 to 34 days). Interest rates on time deposits are fixed.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMPLIANCE REPORT (URF)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMPLIANCE REPORT (URF)	V .	B (1 H H E 1		
1.1. SIMPLIFIED EXERCISE OF SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS	Yes	Partially No Exempte	dirrelevan	t Explanation
1.1.2 - Information and explanations which might affect the exercise of shareholding				
rights are made available to the investors on the corporate website of the corporation in an up-to-date manner.	X			
1.2. THE RIGHT TO OBTAIN INFORMATION ABOUT THE COMPANY'S AFFAIRS	AND	TO INSPECT THE CO	MPANY BO	OOKS
4.0.4. The Commonwealth of the section of the secti	Χ			
1.3. GENERAL ASSEMBLY				
1.3.2 - The Company ensured that the agenda of the General Assembly was clearly stated and each proposal was given under a separate heading.	Х			
1.3.7 - The persons with privileged access to shareholding information have informed				No such transaction was reported.
the board of directors of the transactions carried out by them on their own behalf within the scope of the area of activity of the corporation, in order for the same to be included in the account that information is given the read in the account to the corporation.			X	
in the agenda to ensure that information is given thereon in the general assembly. 1.3.8 - With regard to the matters of particular importance on the agenda, the board				
members, other relevant persons, officials responsible for preparation of financial statements, and auditors were present at the General Assembly meeting.	X			
1.3.10 - In the General Assembly, the amounts of all donations and charities and their				Donations and charities have been included in the
beneficiaries are included in a separate item on the agenda.				agenda of the General Assembly as a separate item.
soliolidatios dio modessa in a soparato territori dio agonas.		X		Information document for the ordinary general shareholders' meeting held in 2021 includes the total
				amount of donations and details of the highest
4.044 The Occasion Assessable assessment of the Life Control of th				donations.
1.3.11 - The General Assembly meeting was held publicly, including the beneficiaries	Χ			
and media, without the right to speak. 1.4. VOTING RIGHT				
1.4.1 - There are no restrictions or practices that make it difficult for shareholders to				
exercise their voting rights.	Χ			
1.4.2 - The Company has no share with privileged voting right.	Х			
1.4.3 - The Company did not exercise its voting rights in the General Assembly of any				Nuh Çimento has no cross-shareholding relationship
corporation with which it is in a cross-shareholding relationship which also brings with			Χ	with another company which also brings with it a
it a control relationship.				control relationship
1.5. MINORITY RIGHTS				,
1.5.1 - The Company showed utmost care to allow the exercise of minority rights.	Χ			
1.5.2 - Minority rights are also granted to holders of less than one-twentieth of the				The shareholders who hold less than one-twentieth of
share capital, and the scope of minority rights is expanded by the articles of association.		X		the share capital are not granted minority rights, and they are provided with the rights enumerated in general regulations in the legislation. No request was received from the investors to the contrary.
1.6. DIVIDEND RIGHT				received from the livestors to the contrary.
1.6.1 - The dividend distribution policy approved by the General Assembly was made				
public on the corporate website of the corporation.	X			
1.6.2 - The dividend distribution policy contains such minimum information in sufficient				
clarity to allow shareholders to predict the procedures and principles of distribution of				
the profit to be earned by the corporation in the future periods.				
1.6.3 - The reasons for not distributing dividends and how the undistributed profit was			Х	Dividends have been distributed.
used are stated in the relevant agenda item.			^	
1.6.4 - The board of directors reviewed whether the dividend distribution policy				
observes the balance between the interests of shareholders and the interests of the	X			
corporation.				
1.7. SHARE TRANSFER	v			
1.7.1 - There is no limitation which makes it difficult to transfer the shares.	Х			
2.1. CORPORATE WEBSITE				
2.1.1 - The Company's corporate website contains all the elements set out in the	X			
corporate governance principle no. 2.1.1. 2.1.2- Shareholding structure (names, privileges and share number and percentage of	:			
those natural person shareholders holding more than 5% of the issued capital) is updated on the corporate website at least every 6 months.	X			
2.1.4 - Information on the Company's corporate website has also been prepared in				The website was prepared in accordance with the
foreign languages selected according to needs so as to provide the exact same		v		issues specified in the Corporate Governance
content as the Turkish version.		X		Principles. A large part of the website was arranged in
				a way that foreign investors can use.
2.2. ANNUAL REPORT				
2.2.1 - The board of directors ensures that the annual report reflects the company's	Χ			
activities fully and accurately.				
2.2.2 - The annual report contains all the elements set out in the principle no. 2.2.2.	X			

	Yes Pa	artially	No	Exempted Irrelevant	Explanation
3.1. THE COMPANY'S POLICY ON BENEFICIARIES				•	•
3.1.1 - Rights of beneficiaries are protected within the framework of relevant regulations, contracts and good faith rules.	X				
3.1.3 - Policies and procedures on the rights of beneficiaries are published on the company's corporate website.			X		There is no policy or procedure on this subject published on the corporate website.
3.1.4 - Necessary mechanisms have been established for stakeholders to report transactions that are contrary to the legislation and ethically inappropriate.	Χ				
3.1.5 - The Company handles conflicts of interest between beneficiaries in a balanced manner.	Χ				
3.2. SUPPORTING STAKEHOLDERS' PARTICIPATION IN COMPANY MANAGEM	MENT				
3.2.1 - Participation of employees in management was regulated by the articles of association or internal regulations.		Х			Participation of employees in management is not regulated by the articles of association or internal regulations.
3.2.2 - Methods such as surveys/consultations were applied to obtain the opinions of stakeholders on important decisions that have consequences for them.	f X				
3.3. THE COMPANY'S HUMAN RESOURCES POLICY					
3.3.1 - The Company adopted an employment policy ensuring equal opportunity and succession planning for all key manager positions.	t	X			There is no written succession plan.
3.3.2 - Criteria for personnel recruitment is determined in writing.	Χ				
3.3.3 - The Company has a Human Resources Development Policy, and in this context, training is organized for employees.	Χ				
3.3.4 - Meetings were held, aimed at informing the employees of the Company's financial standing, remuneration, career planning, training and health.		X			Informative meetings are held and trainings are carried out on health, training and occupational health and safety.
3.3.5 - Decisions which might affect employees were reported to them and to employee representatives. Opinions of the relevant labor unions were also obtained on these matters.	X				
3.3.6 - Job descriptions and performance criteria were prepared in detail for all employees and communicated to them, and is used in the decisions on remuneration.	. X				
3.3.7 - Measures were taken, such as procedures, training, awareness-raising, targets, monitoring, and complaint mechanisms aimed at preventing discrimination between employees and protecting them from internal physical, mental or emotional mistreatment.	X				
3.3.8 - The Company supports freedom of association and effective recognition of the right to collective bargaining agreements.	X				
3.3.9 - A safe working environment is ensured for employees. 3.4. RELATIONS WITH CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS	Х				
3.4.1 - The Company measured customer satisfaction and carried on business with an approach based on unconditional customer satisfaction.	Х				
3.4.2 - When a delay occurs in processing the requests of customers in relation to the goods and services purchased by them, they are notified of this circumstance.	X				
3.4.3 - The Company is committed to quality standards in relation to goods and					
services. 3.4.4 - The Company has controls in place aimed at protecting the confidentiality of	Х				
sensitive information of customers and suppliers falling within the scope of trade secrets.	Χ				
3.5. ETHICAL RULES AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY					
3.5.1 - The Board of Directors determined the Ethical Conduct Rules and published them on the Company's corporate website.		Χ			Ethical Codes of Conduct has been determined and published on the website.
3.5.2 - The corporation is committed to the issue of social responsibility. Measures aimed at prevention of corruption and bribery were taken.	Х				
4.1. FUNCTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS					
4.1.1 - The board of directors ensures that strategies and risks do not threaten the					
company's long-term interests and that an effective risk management is implemented.	Χ				
4.1.2 - Meeting agendas and minutes reveal the fact that the board of directors approved the company's strategic targets by discussing them, determined the	Х				
resources needed, and that the management's performance has been audited.	^				

	Yes Part	ially No Exempted Irrelevan	t Explanation
4.2. OPERATING PRINCIPLES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS			
4.2.1 - The board of directors documented its activities and submitted them for the information of shareholders.	Χ		
4.2.2 - Duties and authorities of board members are specified in the annual report.	Χ		
4.2.3 - The board of directors constituted an internal control system which is	Χ		
appropriate for the company's scale and the complexity of its activities. 4.2.4 - Information on the functioning and effectiveness of the internal control system is	:		-
provided in the annual report.	Х		
4.2.5 - Duties of the chairman of the board of directors and chief executive officer (general manager) are separated from each other and defined.	Х	(The positions of chairman of the board of directors and chief executive officer are held by different individuals. But this is not specified in the articles of association.
4.2.7- The board of directors worked in close cooperation with the investor relations department and the corporate governance committee in eliminating disputes between the company and shareholders, in communicating with shareholders, and in ensuring the effective operation of the investor relations department and the corporate governance committee.	X		
4.2.8 - The Company has taken out a directors and officers liability insurance for losses that may be incurred by the Company due to the negligence of the members of the Board of Directors during the execution of their duties, with an amount exceeding 25% of the share capital.	v		
4.3. STRUCTURE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS			No toward and time frame, has been not few ashies in a st
4.3.9- The Company has set a target of 25 percent women in the board of directors and prepared a policy to achieve this purpose. Structure of the board of directors is reviewed annually and the nomination process is carried out in accordance with this policy.		X	No target and timeframe has been set for achieving at least 25% women membership in the Board of Directors, and no policy has been prepared to achieve this target. The Board of Directors includes one woman member.
4.3.10 - At least one member of the audit committee has 5 years of experience in	Х		
audit/accounting and finance. 4.4. FORM OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS			
4.4.1 - All the board members physically attended most of the meetings of the board of	Y		
directors.			It is essential that information and documents related
4.4.2 - The board of directors identified a minimum time period in order that the information and documents in relation to issues on the agenda can be sent to all members before the meeting.	Х	(to the matters to be discussed at the board meetings are sent to all members before the meeting. However, there is no internal regulation for the minimum period.
4.4.3 - Opinions of those members who could not attend the meeting but submitted their opinions to the board of directors in writing were submitted for the information of other members.	Х		
4.4.4 - Each member has one voting right in the board of directors.	Х		AH (1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
4.4.5 - The method of holding meetings of the board of directors was laid out in writing through internal regulations.	Х	(All the board members are informed of the method of holding meetings of the board of directors, at the beginning of the year. However, there is no written internal regulation for this specific issue.
4.4.6 - Minutes of meetings of the board of directors reveal that all items on the agenda were discussed, and minutes are prepared in a way that will contain dissenting opinions as well.	X		
4.4.7 - Engagement of board members in other duties outside the Company is limited. The offices held by board members outside the company were submitted for the information of shareholders at the general assembly meeting.		Х	Board Members may hold other offices out of the company. This issue was not bound by specific rules or limited.
4.5. COMMITTEES FORMED WITHIN THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS 4.5.5 - Each board member holds office in only one committee.			Due to the structure of the Board of Directors and the
,		Х	obligations imposed by the CMB Legislation, Board Members serve on more than one committee.
4.5.6 - The committees invited to the meetings those persons they deemed necessary in order to obtain their opinions, and they obtained their opinion.	X		
4.5.7 - Information on the independence of the person/organization from which the committee received consultancy services is provided in the annual report.		Х	No consultancy service was received.
4.5.8 - A report was drawn up and submitted to board members on the outcomes of	Х		
meetings of the committees. 4.6. FINANCIAL RIGHTS GRANTED TO BOARD MEMBERS AND EXECUTIVE MA			
4.6.1 - The board of directors carried out a board of directors performance evaluation in			No special performance evaluation has been made at
order to assess whether it had fulfilled its responsibilities effectively.		X	Board of Directors level.
4.6.4 - The Company did not make available any loan, lend money, extend the due date or improve the conditions of any money which was lent, or make available any loan through third parties under the title of a personal loan, or provide security such as	X		
surety-ships, in favor of any of the board members or its administrative managers.			
4.6.5 - Remunerations paid to board members and administrative managers are specified in the annual report on an individual basis.		x	In accordance with the Law No. 6698 on the Protection of Personal Data, remuneration paid to the members of the Board of Directors and executives is disclosed as a total amount, not on individual basis.
			total amount, not on individual pasis.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INFORMATION FORM (CGIF)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE INFORMATION FORM (CGIF)	
1. SHAREHOLDERS	
1.1. Simplified Exercise of Shareholder Rights	None
Number of investor conferences and meetings held by the company throughout the year 1.2. The Right to Obtain Information about the Company's Affairs and to Inspect the Company's Affairs and to Inspect the Company's Affairs and the Company's Affairs and the Company's Affairs and the Company's Affairs and the Company's Affairs and the Company's Affairs and the Company's Affairs and the Company's Affairs and the Company's Affairs and the Company throughout the Year 1.2. The Right to Obtain Information about the Company's Affairs and the Company throughout the Year 1.2. The Right to Obtain Information about the Company's Affairs and the Company throughout the Year 1.2. The Right to Obtain Information about the Company's Affairs and the Company throughout the Year 1.2. The Right to Obtain Information about the Company's Affairs and the Company throughout the Year 1.2. The Right to Obtain Information about the Company's Affairs and the Company through the Co	
Number of requests for a private auditor	ne company books
Number of requests for a private auditor accepted during the general assembly meeting	<u>-</u>
1.3. General Assembly	
Politically DDD and a second boundly before the configuration and all all all all all and a second a second and a second and a second and a second and a second a	Luc II
1.3.1 (a-d) was announced	https://www.kap.org.tr/tr/Bildirim/914637
Whether the documents in relation to the general assembly meeting are presented in	Faciliah varaion was not presented
English simultaneously with their Turkish version	English version was not presented.
Links to the PDP announcements in relation to those transactions where there is no	
approval of majority of independent members or unanimity of those who attended,	There is no such transaction.
under the Principle no. 1.3.9	
Links to the PDP announcements related to the relevant party transactions carried out	There is no such transaction.
under Article 9 of the Corporate Governance Communiqué no. (II-17.1) Links to the PDP announcements related to the common and continuous transactions	
carried out under Article 10 of the Corporate Governance Communiqué no. (II-17.1)	There is no such transaction.
The name of the section on the Company's corporate website where the policy on	Pursuant to Article 26 of our Articles of Association, 5% of the amount remaining after the first
donations and aid is found	dividend is set aside as a donation to the Nuh Cimento Education and Health Foundation, of
	which our company is the founder, to be paid in a manner and at a time to be determined by
	the Board of Directors.
Link to the PDP announcement containing the minutes of the general assembly where	https://www.kap.org.tr/tr/Bildirim/920668
the policy on donations and charities was adopted	
Number of the article in the articles of association setting forth the attendance of	Article 15
beneficiaries to the general assembly	The Constal Assembly meeting was held nublishy including the honoficiaries and media
Information on those beneficiaries who attended the general assembly	The General Assembly meeting was held publicly, including the beneficiaries and media, without the right to speak.
1.4. Voting Rights	will out the right to speak.
Whether or not there is any privilege on voting rights	No
If there is any privilege on the voting rights, holders of preference shares and their voting	110
percentage	•
Shareholding percentage of the largest shareholder	44.13%
1.5. Minority Rights	
Whether or not the scope of minority rights was extended in the company's articles of	No
association (in terms of content or percentage)	110
If the scope of minority rights was extended in terms of content and percentage, please	-
specify the number of the relevant article of the articles of association.	
1.6. Right to Dividend The name of the section on the corporate website where the dividend distribution policy	www.nuhaimanta.com.tr/ailea.com/lan.com/lan/
is found	www.nuhcimento.com.tr/sikca-sorulan-sorular/
In case the board of directors makes a proposal to the general assembly not to distribute	
dividends, the text of the minutes in relation to the general assembly agenda item	-
specifying the reasons for this and the method of using the profit not distributed	
In case the board of directors makes a proposal to the general assembly not to distribute	
dividends, link to the PDP announcement containing the relevant minutes of the general	-
assembly	
General Assembly Meetings	25.02.2024
Date of the General Assembly Meeting Number of additional requests for explanation sent to the company in relation to the	25.03.2021
agenda of the general assembly	0
Percentage of attendance of shareholders to the general assembly	63.17%
Percentage of shares represented by acting as principal	0.004%
Percentage of shares represented by proxy	63.17%
Name of the section on the company's corporate website, where the minutes of the	
general assembly meetings are found together with the affirmative and dissenting votes	https://www.nuhcimento.com.tr/sirket-bilgileri/
indicated in relation to each agenda item	
Name of the section on the company's corporate website where all the questions asked	https://www.nuhcimento.com.tr/sirket-bilgileri/
at the general assembly meeting and the answers given to them are found	
The number of the article or paragraph of the minutes of the general assembly meeting	None.
concerning related parties	
Number of persons notifying the board of directors who are entitled to privileged access to shareholding information (list of insiders)	65
	https://www.kap.org.tr/tr/Bildirim/920668
The general accounty had be published on the	7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7

2. PUBLIC DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY	
2.1. Corporate Website	
Names of the sections on the corporate website where the information required by the corporate governance principle no. 2.1.1 is found	There is an "Investor Relations" section on our website, which contains the information specified in the Corporate Governance Principles of CMB.
The section on the corporate website, where the list of those natural person shareholders directly or indirectly holding more than 5% of the shares is found	There are no real person shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares.
Languages in which the corporate website is prepared	Turkish and English
2.2. Activity Report	
Page numbers or section names in the annual report where the information speci	fied in the corporate governance principle no. 2.2.2.
a) Page numbers or section names containing the offices held by the members of the	<u> </u>
board of directors and executives outside the company and the declarations of independence of the members	The Board of Directors and Committees / Structure and Formation of the Board of Director
b) Page numbers or section names containing the information on the committees formed within the Board of Directors	The Board of Directors and Committees / Structure and Formation of the Board of Director
c) Page number or name of the section containing the information on the number of meetings of the board of directors held within the year, and the attendance of members at the meetings	The Board of Directors and Committees / Operating Principles of the Board of Directors
c) Page number or name of the section of the information on amendments to the legislation which might significantly affect the Company's activities	Miscellaneous
d) Page number or name of the section of the information on significant lawsuits filed against the Company and the possible consequences thereof	The Company's Activities and Important Developments Concerning the Activities
e) Page number or name of the section of the information on conflicts of interest	
between the Company and the organizations from which it receives services, such as investment consultancy and rating services, and on measures taken to prevent such conflicts of interest	Investment consultancy and rating service was not received.
f) Page number or name of the section of the information on the cross-shareholdings where the percentage of direct participation in the capital exceeds 5%	There is no cross-shareholding relationship.
g) Page number or name of the section of the information on corporate social responsibility activities in relation to benefits and occupational training of employees and other company activities bearing social and environmental consequences	The Company's Activities and Important Developments Concerning the Activities
3. BENEFICIARIES	
3.1. Company Policy on Beneficiaries	
The name of the section on the corporate website where the compensation policy is found	None.
Number of judicial decisions finalized against the Company due to the breach of rights of employees	10
Title of the official responsible for the reporting mechanism	Audit Committee and Audit Presidency
Information on access to the Company's reporting mechanism	https://www.nuhcimento.com.tr/iletisim/
3.2. Supporting Beneficiaries to Join in Company Management	
Name of the section on the corporate website where internal regulations on the participation of employees in management bodies are found	None.
Management bodies where employees are represented	Blue collar employees are subject to Collective Labor Agreement, and there is no management body where other employees of us are represented.
3.3. The Company's Human Resources Policy	
Role of the board of directors in development of a succession plan for key manager positions	None.
Name of the section on the corporate website where the human resources policy containing the criteria for equal opportunities and personnel recruitment is found, or a	None.
summary of the relevant articles of the policy	
Whether there is an employee stock ownership plan The name of the section on the corporate website containing the human resources	No stock ownership plan exists.
policy on measures to prevent discrimination and ill-treatment or a summary of the relevant articles of the policy	None.
Number of judicial decisions finalized against the company due to liability for occupational accidents	1
3.5. Ethical Rules and Social Responsibility	
The name of the section on the corporate website where the ethical rules policy is found	None.
Name of the section on the corporate website where the corporate social responsibility	
Trains of the coolien on the corporate website where the corporate social responsibility	The Common de Asticities and Inspertent Developments Commoning the Asticities
report is found If there is no corporate social responsibility report, measures taken on environmental, social and corporate governance issues	The Company's Activities and Important Developments Concerning the Activities

4.2. Operating Prin	nciples of the E	Board of Directo	rs				
Date of the last per					None.		
Whether independe	ent experts were	used in the perf	ormance evaluatior	of the board of	No		
directors Whether or not all b	noard members	were released			Yes		
Names of the board members who were authorized through division of duties and the						a made among the Deeple M	
scope of the mention					No delegation of authority wa	is made among the Board ivi	empers.
Number of reports so or to other relevant		e internal control	department to the	audit committee	None.		
Name of the section		er in the annual r	eport containing the	e assessment	D' 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	D 1 (D: 1	
related to effectiven	ess of the inter	nal control syster			Risks and Assessment of the	Board of Directors	
Name of the Chairn Name of the chief e					Tevfik Bilgin Kamil Gökhan Bozkurt (CEO	\ /	Managan
Link to the PDP anr					Kamii Goknan Bozkurt (CEO) / Halim Tekkeşin (General	wanager)
directors and chief	executive office	r/general manag	er being the same	person	-		
Link to the PDP anr be incurred by the O Directors during the share capital. Name of the sectior	Company due to execution of th	the negligence eir duties, with a	of the members of the amount exceeding	the Board of g 25% of the		n out. There is no KAP (Publ	ic Disclosure Platform) notification
policy aimed at incr					No policies exist.		
Number and percer					One woman - 7%		
The Composition of	ot the Board of	Directors					
Name and Surname of the Board Member	Executive Status	Independent Membership Status	Date of First Election to the Board of Directors	Link to the PDF Announcement of Declaration Independence		Whether He/She Is Still Independent	Whether the Member Has At Least 5 Years' Experience in Audit, Accounting and/or Finance
To dia Dilata	Non-Executive		07.02.0042				V
Tevfik Bilgin		independent member	27.03.2013		-	-	Yes
	Non-Executive						
Fikret Eskiyapan		independent member	26.03.1994		-	-	-
	Non-Executive						
Mehmet		independent	28.03.1991		-	-	-
Eskiyapan	Non-Executive	member Not an					
Nurcan Yurtbilir	Non Excount	independent member	30.03.2017		-	-	-
0. // 11.11.	Non-Executive		07.00.0040				
Sinan Yurtbilir		independent member	27.03.2013		-	-	-
	Non-Executive						
Ahmet Faik Paralı		independent	28.04.2014		-	-	-
	Non-Executive	member Not an					
Muharrem	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	independent	24.03.2010		-	-	-
Eskiyapan	Non-Executive	member Not an					
Rahmi Çuhacı	NOII-LXCCUIIVE	independent member	26.03.2008		-	-	-
	Non-Executive		00.00.00.4=				
Yılmaz Küçükçalık		independent member	30.03.2017		-	-	-
ιταγαιτγαιτι	Non-Executive	e Independent		Published in the			
Vahdettin Ertaş		member	29.03.2018	Annual Report	Evaluated	No	Yes
	Non-Executive	e Independent		2021 Published in the			
İsmail Köksal	- TOTI-LAGGUERE	member	28.03.2019	Annual Report	Evaluated	No	Yes
	Non Fue	ladenend/		2021			
Aclan Acar	NON-EXECUTIVE	Independent member	25.03.2021	Published in the Annual Report	Evaluated	No	Yes
				2021		· ·	
Tevfik Kınık	Non-Executive	Independent member	25.03.2021	Published in the Annual Report	Evaluated	No	Yes
				2021 Published in the			
Elif Bilgehan	Non-Executive	ingenengent					

4. BOARD OF DIRECTORS-II 4.4. Form of Meetings of the Board of Director	tore					
Number of board meetings held physically duri		20				
Average attendance rate at board meetings	ing the reporting period	83%				
Whether an electronic portal is used to facilitat	e the works of the board of directors	Yes				
How many days prior to the meeting the inform						
the members, pursuant to the operating principles of the board of directors		1 -10 Days	1 -10 Days			
The name of the section on the corporate webs		No such regulation has been m	and a			
internal regulations governing the conduct of b		No such regulation has been m	laue.			
The upper limit set in the policy limiting the me	mbers from taking other duties outside	No such limit has been set.				
the company		No such inflictions been set.				
4.5. Committees Formed Within the Board of						
Page numbers or section names of the annual	report where information on board	The Board of Directors and Cor	mmittees / Structure and Fo	ormation of the Board of Directors		
committees is presented	e : : 1		/=!! !! ! . /=			
Link to the PDP announcement where the oper	rating principles of the committees were	https://www.kap.org.tr/ti	r/Bildirim/944493			
announced Committees of the Board of Directors-I						
	Name of the Committee Indicated	Full Name of Committee	Committee Chairman			
Names of the Committees of the Board of Directors	Name of the Committee Indicated as "Other" in the First Column	Full Name of Committee Members	Committee Chairman Status	Board Membership Status		
Corporate Governance Committee	as Other in the First Column	Vahdettin ERTAS	Yes	Board Membership Status Board Member		
Corporate Governance Committee	-	İsmail KÖKSAL	No	Board Member		
Corporate Governance Committee	_ -	Aclan ACAR	No	Board Member		
Corporate Governance Committee	-	Mehmet ESKİYAPAN	No	Board Member		
Corporate Governance Committee	<u>-</u>	Sinan YURTBİLİR	No	Board Member		
Corporate Governance Committee	-	Rahmi CUHACI	No	Board Member		
Corporate Governance Committee	-	Serap AKTAŞ	No	Not a Board Member		
Nomination Committee	-	Vahdettin ERTAŞ	Yes	Board Member		
Nomination Committee	-	İsmail KÖKSAL	No	Board Member		
Nomination Committee	-	Fikret ESKİYAPAN	No	Board Member		
Nomination Committee	-	Mehmet ESKİYAPAN	No	Board Member		
Nomination Committee	-	Sinan YURTBİLİR	No	Board Member		
Audit Committee	-	Vahdettin ERTAŞ	Yes	Board Member		
Audit Committee	-	İsmail KÖKSAL	No	Board Member		
Audit Committee	-	Elif Bilgehan MÜFTÜOĞLU	No	Board Member		
Audit Committee	-	Aclan ACAR	No	Board Member		
Audit Committee	-	Tevfik KINIK	No	Board Member		
The Early Detection of Risk Committee	-	Vahdettin ERTAŞ	Yes	Board Member		
The Early Detection of Risk Committee	-	İsmail KÖKSAL	No	Board Member		
The Early Detection of Risk Committee	-	Tevfik KINIK	No	Board Member		
The Early Detection of Risk Committee	-	Ahmet Faik PARALI	No	Board Member		
The Early Detection of Risk Committee	-	Muharrem ESKİYAPAN	No	Board Member		
4. BOARD OF DIRECTORS-III						
4.5. Committees Formed Within the Board of	of Directors-II					
Specify the section of the annual report or corp	orate website where information on the	The Poord of Directors and C	committees / Ctrusture and	Formation of the Board of Director		
activities of the audit committee is given (page	number or section name)	The Board of Directors and C	ommittees / Structure and	Formation of the Board of Director		
Specify the section of the annual report or corp						
activities of the corporate governance committee	ee is given (page number or section	The Board of Directors and C	committees / Structure and	Formation of the Board of Director		
name)						
Specify the section of the annual report or corp		The Board of Directors and C	committees / Structure and	Formation of the Board of Director		
activities of the nomination committee is given		200.0 0. 200.0.0 0				
Specify the section of the annual report or corp		TI D (D) 10		- " (" D (D) (
activities of the Early Detection of Risk Commi	ttee is given (page number or section	The Board of Directors and C	ommittees / Structure and	Formation of the Board of Director		
name)	arata wahaita whara information on the	Activities of the Demuneration	a Committee are corried as	t by the Corporate Governance		
Specify the section of the annual report or corp			n Committee are carried ou	it by the Corporate Governance		
activities of the Remuneration Committee is giv 4.6. Financial Rights Granted to Board Mem		Committee.				
Page numbers or section names of the annual						
operational and financial performance targets a		Financial Situation				
not	ma whomer they have been admeved of	i mandai Oitaation				
Name of the section of the corporate website of	containing the remuneration policy for					
executive and non-executive members	and in terror and in policy for	None.				
Page number or section name of the annual rep	port where the remunerations given and					
all other benefits granted to board members ar specified		Specified in the Footnote no.	5 to financial statements o	n Related Party Explanations.		

specified

Committees of the Board of Directors-II				
Names of the Committees of the Board of Directors	Name of the Committee Indicated as "Other" in the First Column	Percentage of Non-Executive Directors	Percentage of Independent Members of the Committee	Number of Physical Meetings Held by the Committee
Corporate Governance Committee	-	86%	43%	2
Nomination Committee	-	100%	40%	-
Audit Committee	-	100%	100%	5
The Early Detection of Risk Committee	-	100%	60%	6

	NUH ÇİMENTO SANAYİ A Dividend Distribution Statemen	3						
1	1 PAID-UP / ISSUED CAPITAL							
2	General Legal Reserve (According to Legal Records)	150.213.600.00 169.946.741.56						
_	- Primary Reserve		30.042.720.00					
	- Secondary Reserve		139.904.021.56					
If distribution	n of profit involves any privilege pursuant to the articles of associa	tion information on the	N/A					
mentioned p			1477					
		According to CMB	According to Legal Records (LR)					
3	Profit for the Period	648.052.982.00	489.655.942.04					
4	Taxes (-)	5.621.220.00	116.901.058.39					
5	Net Profit for the Period (=)	642.431.762.00	372.754.883.65					
6	Accumulated Losses From Previous Years (-)	-	-					
7	General Legal Reserve (-)		-					
8	NET DISTRIBUTABLE PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	642.431.762.00	372.754.883.65					
9	Donations Made Within the Year (+)	10.524.337.06	-					
10	Net Distributable Profit for the Period Inclusive of Donations	652.956.099.06	372.754.883.65					
11	First Dividend Distribution to Shareholders	193.888.121.83	193.888.121.83					
	- Cash	193.888.121.83	193.888.121.83					
	- Free	-	-					
	- Total	193.888.121.83	193.888.121.83					
12	Dividend Distributed to Holders of Preference Shares	-	-					
13	Other Dividends Distributed	-	-					
	- To Board Members - Employees	-	-					
	-To Persons Other Than Shareholders	-	-					
14	Dividend Distributed to Holders of Dividend Right Certificates	-	-					
15	Second Dividend Distribution to Shareholders	129.071.118.17	129.071.118.17					
16	General Legal Reserve	31.544.856.00	31.544.856.00					
17	Statutory Reserves	-	-					
18	Special Reserves	-	-					
19	EXTRAORDINARY RESERVES	287.927.666.00	18.250.787.65					
20	Other Resources Prescribed to Be Distributed	-	-					

Note: The difference between the profit for the period according to statutory records and the profit for the period according to CMB will be transferred to extraordinary reserves.

DIVIDEND RATES TABLE								
		TOTAL DISTRIBU	ITED DIVIDEND	TOTAL DISTRIBUTED DIVIDEND / NET DISTRIBUTABLE PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	DIVIDEND PER SI NOMINAL VALI			
	GROUP	CASH (TL)	FREE OF CHARGE (TL)	RATE (%)	AMOUNT (TL)	RATE (%)		
NET	(*)	290.663.316		45.24	1.9350	193.5000		
NEI	Total	290.663.316		45.24	1.9350	193.5000		

^{*} In case dividend is distributed to the persons within the scope of Article 94/6-b-i and (ii) of the Income Tax Law (to full-fledged taxpayer real persons, limited taxpayer real persons and limited taxpayer entities except those entitled to dividend through a workplace or permanent representative in Türkiye), a withholding tax of 10% on the gross amount shall be applied (double taxation avoidance agreements should be taken into consideration separately). For legal person shareholders, the dividend per share with a nominal value of TL 1 is TL 2.15.

CONTACT INFORMATION FOR REPORT RELATED QUESTIONS

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